

RNN's and BMI's: linking network dynamics to behavior

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CoMPLEX
University College London

Niv Lab

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learning

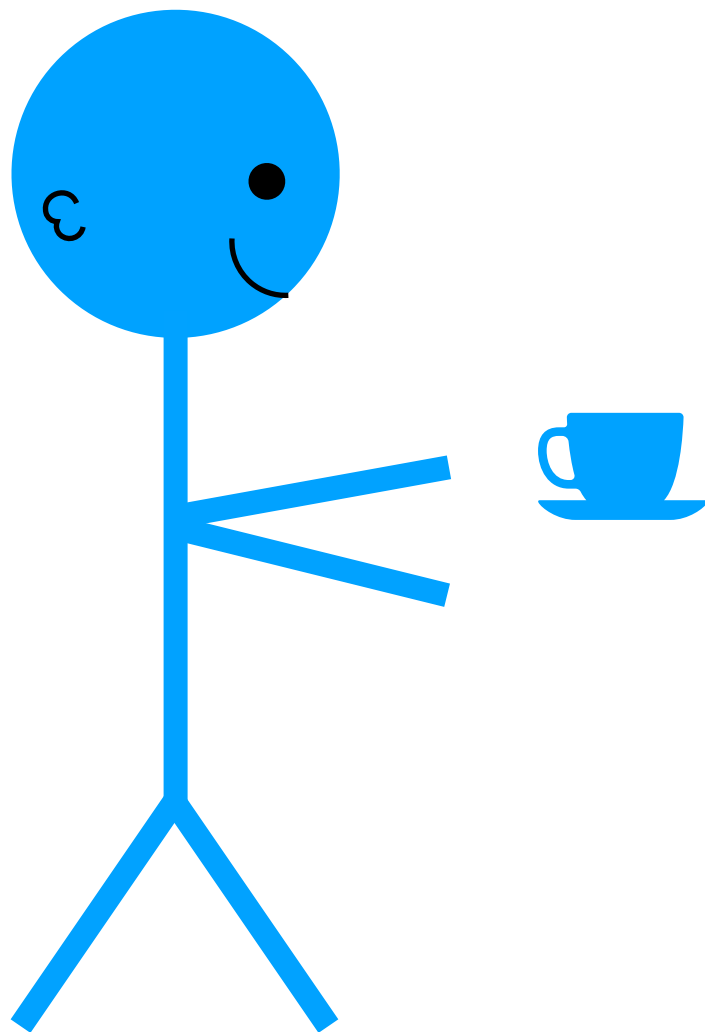
How do brains learn?

motor learning

How do brains learn
to produce goal-directed
movements?

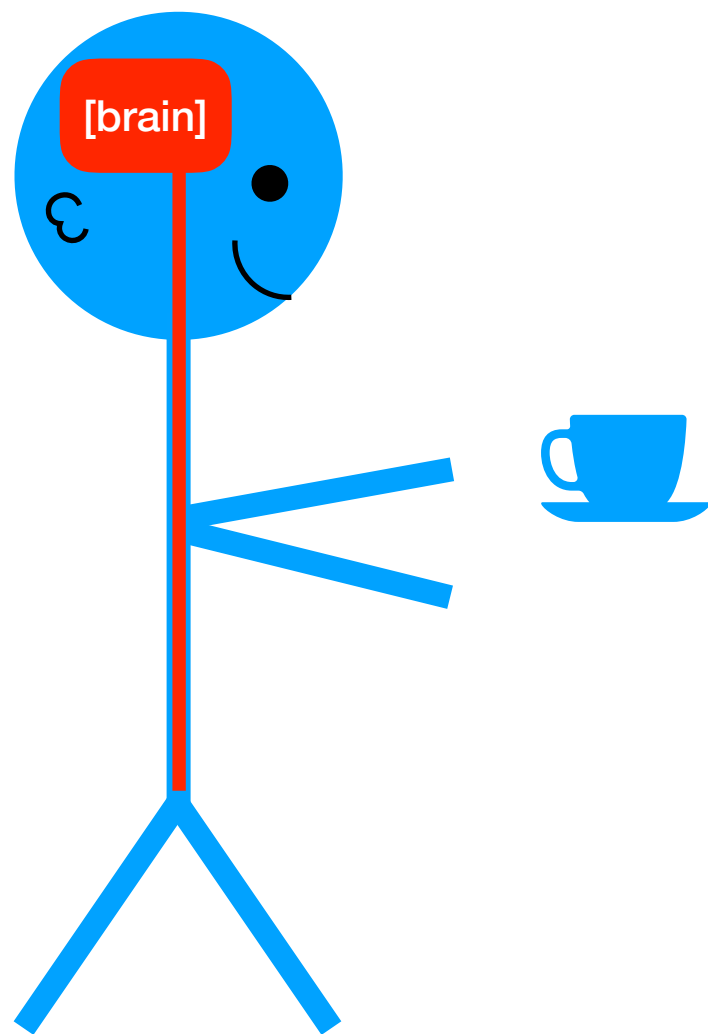
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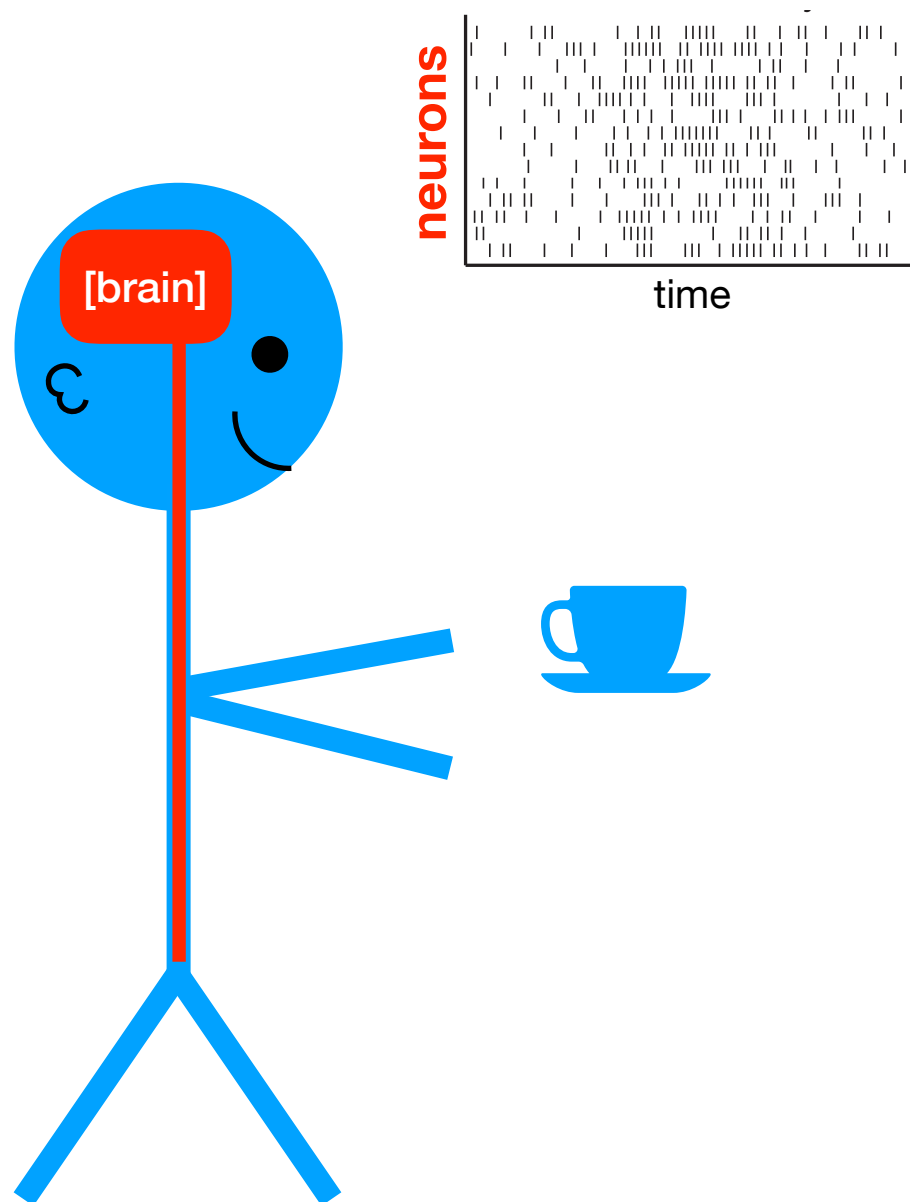
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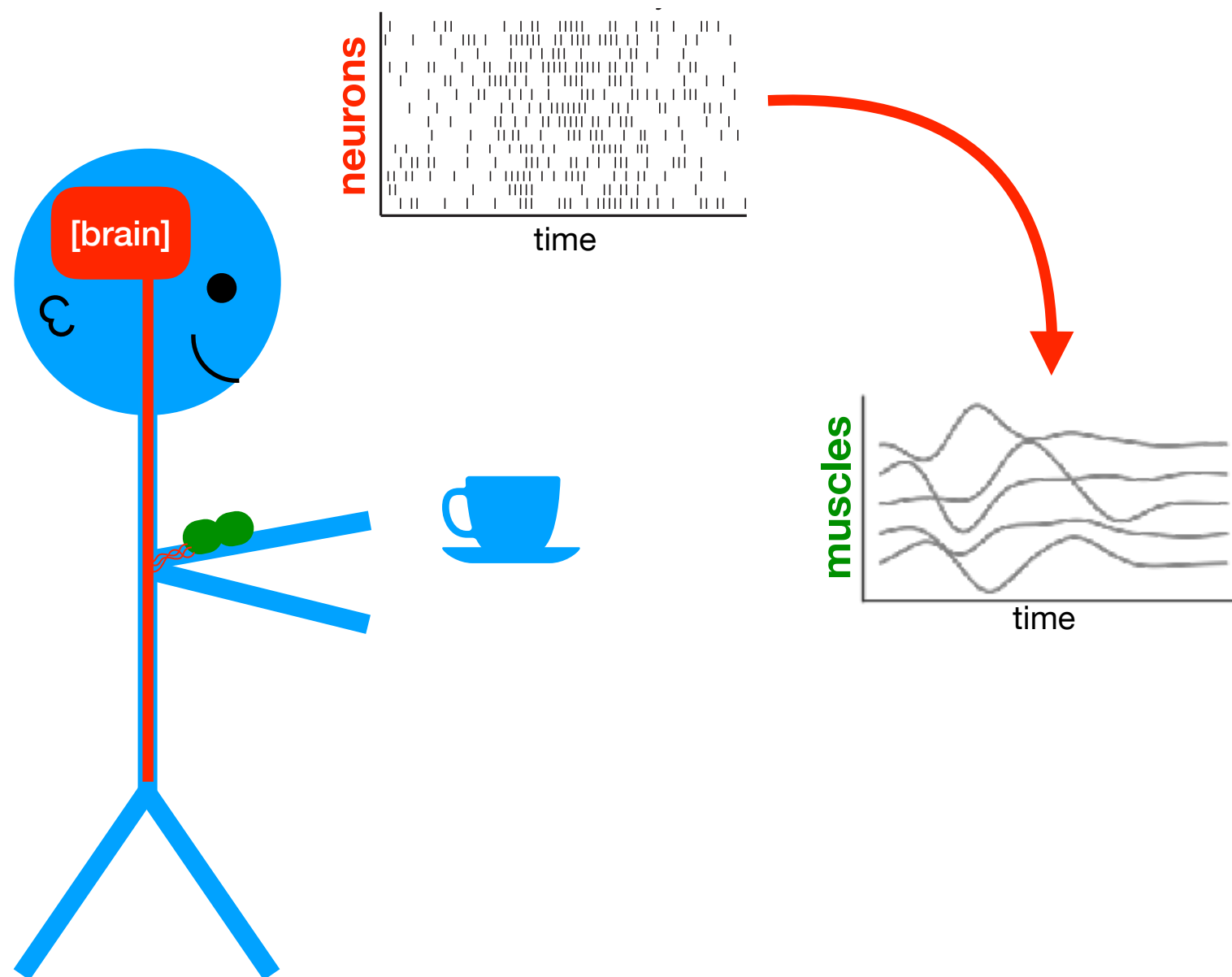
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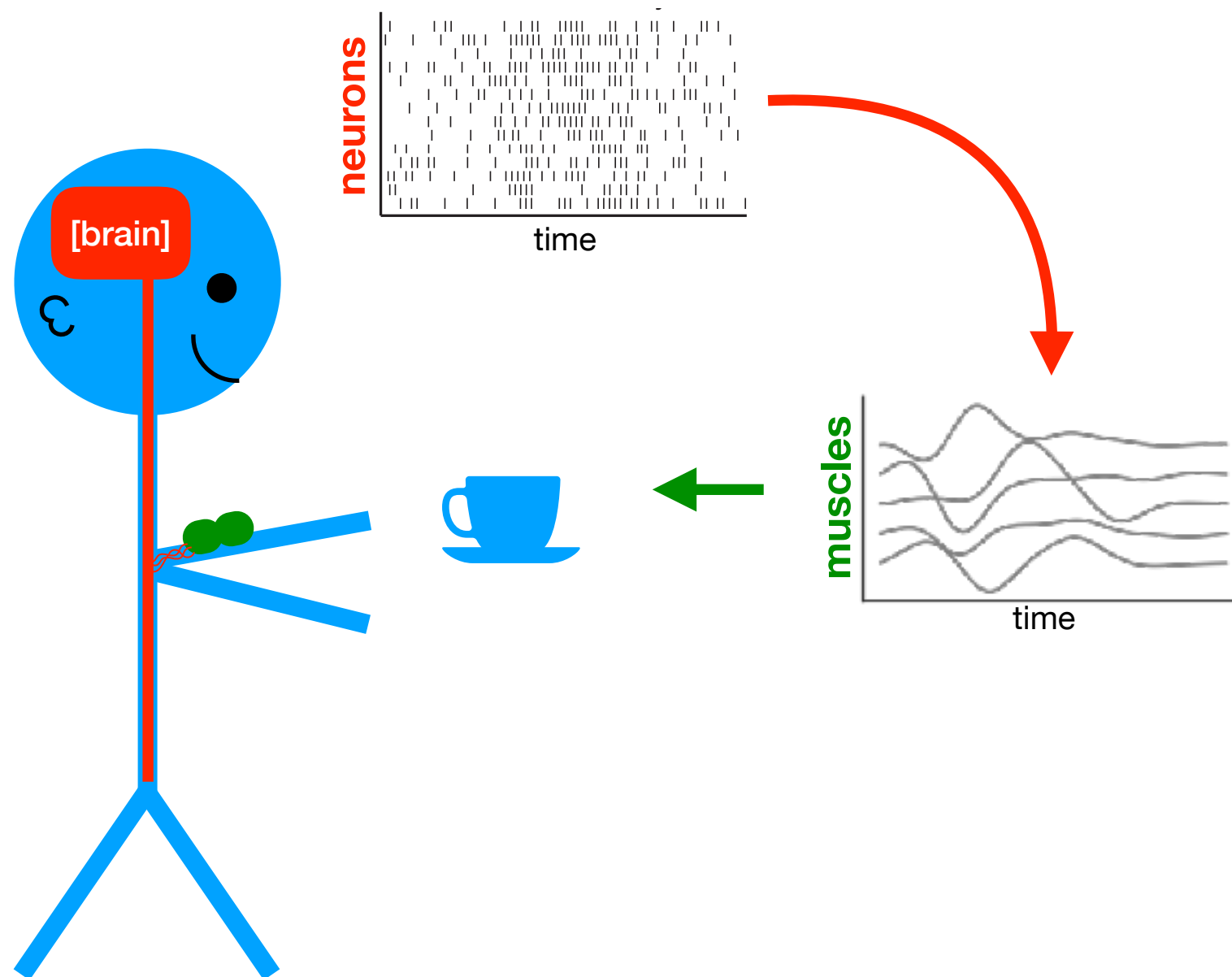
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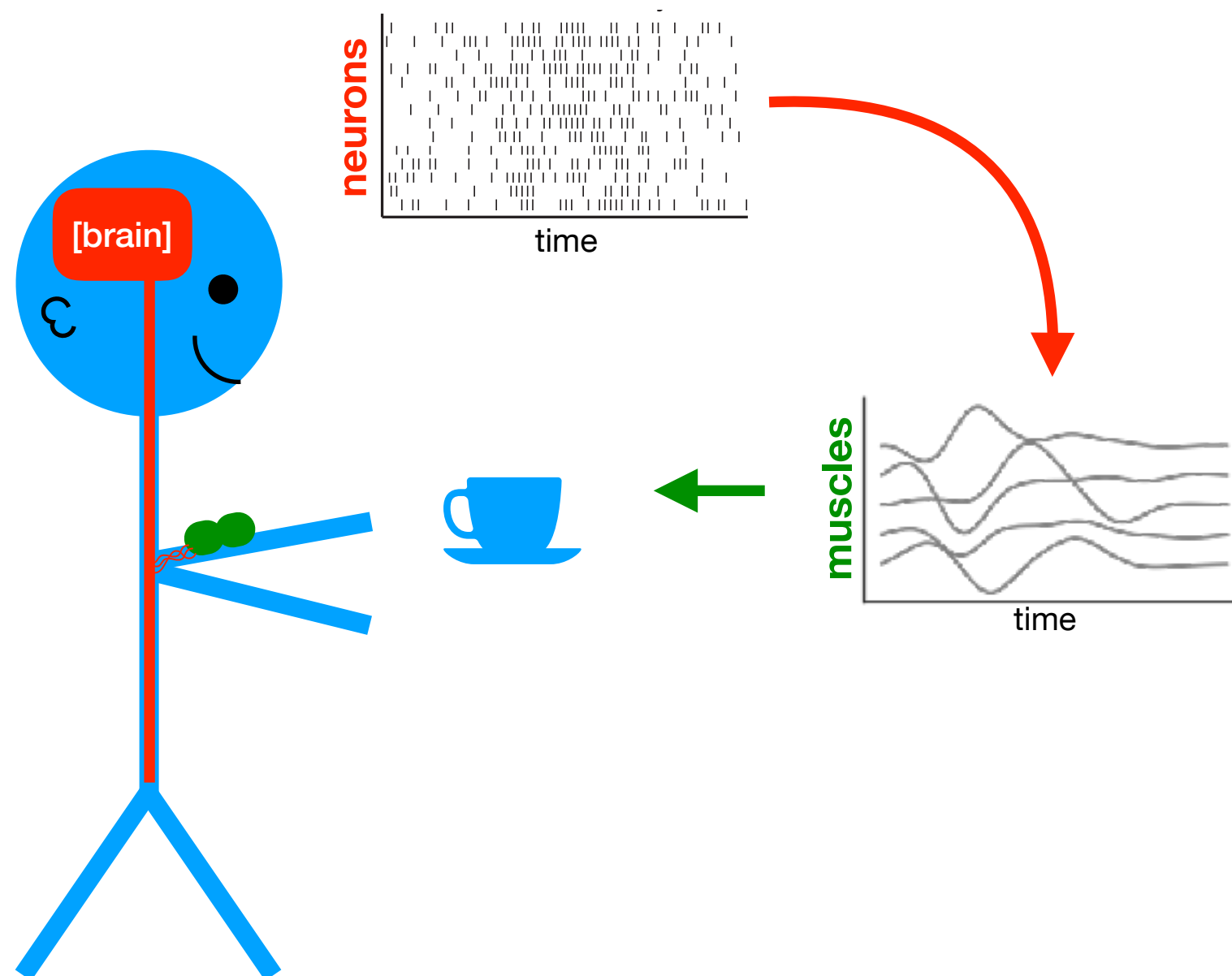
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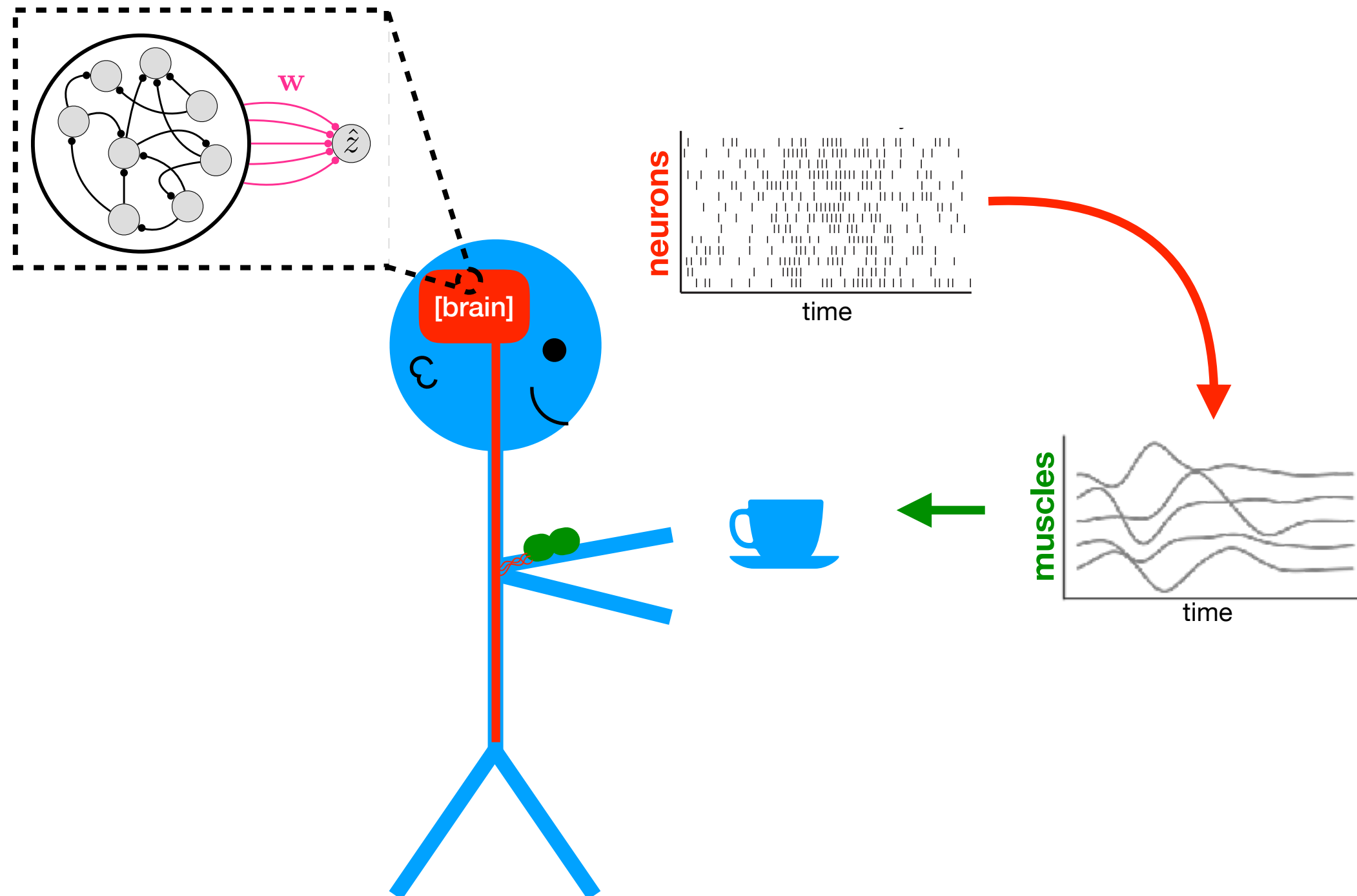
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How do brains learn
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patterns of activity?**



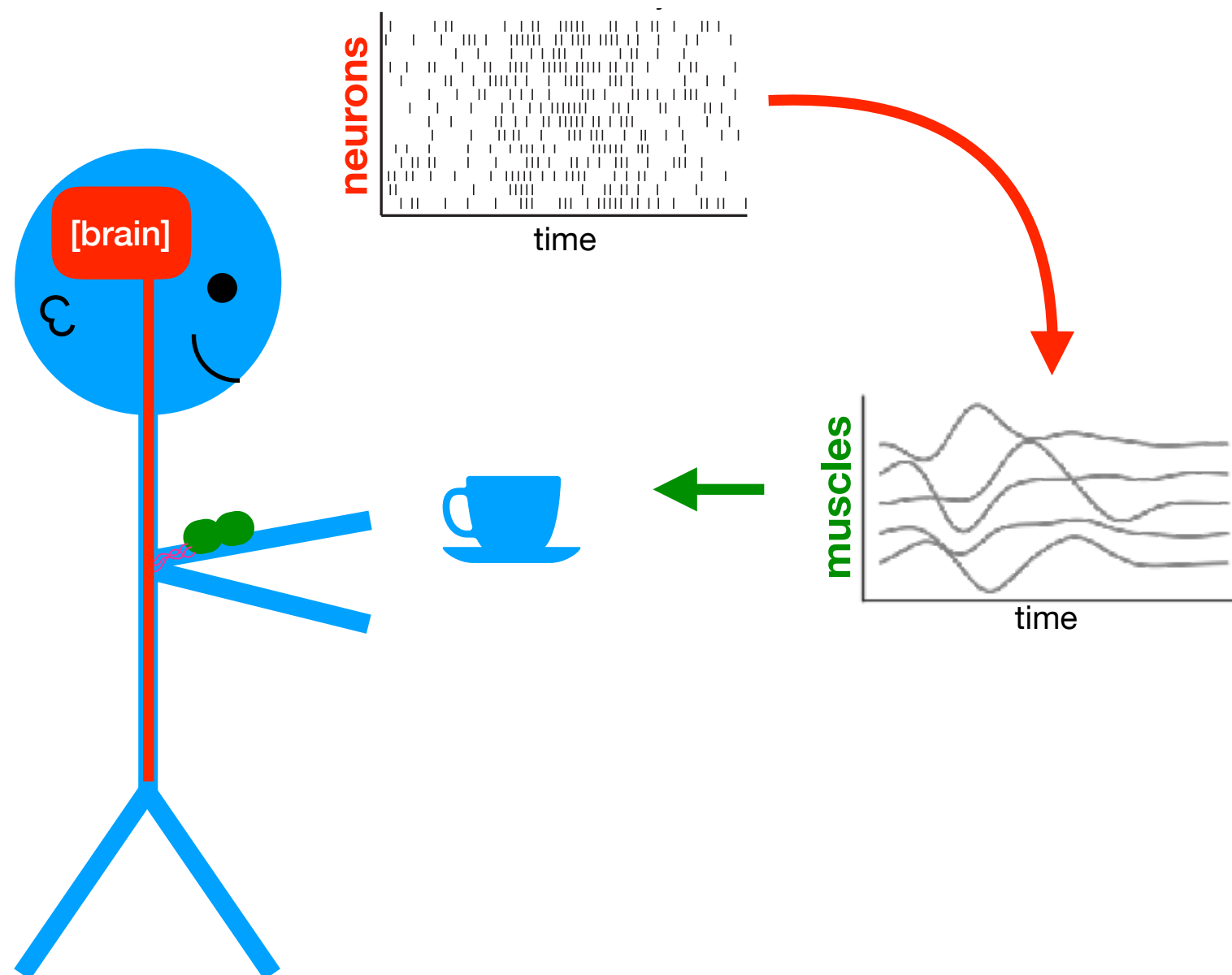
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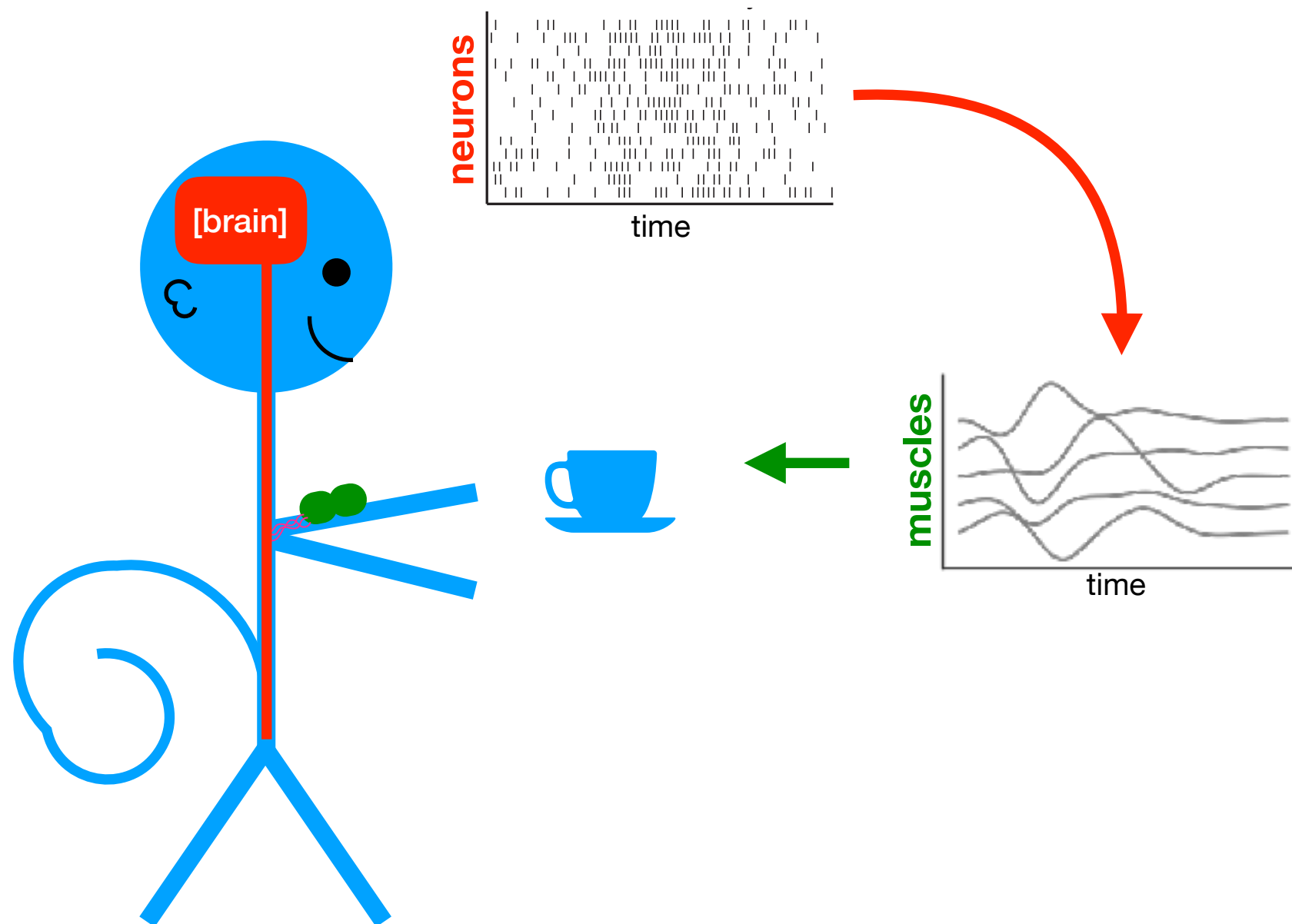
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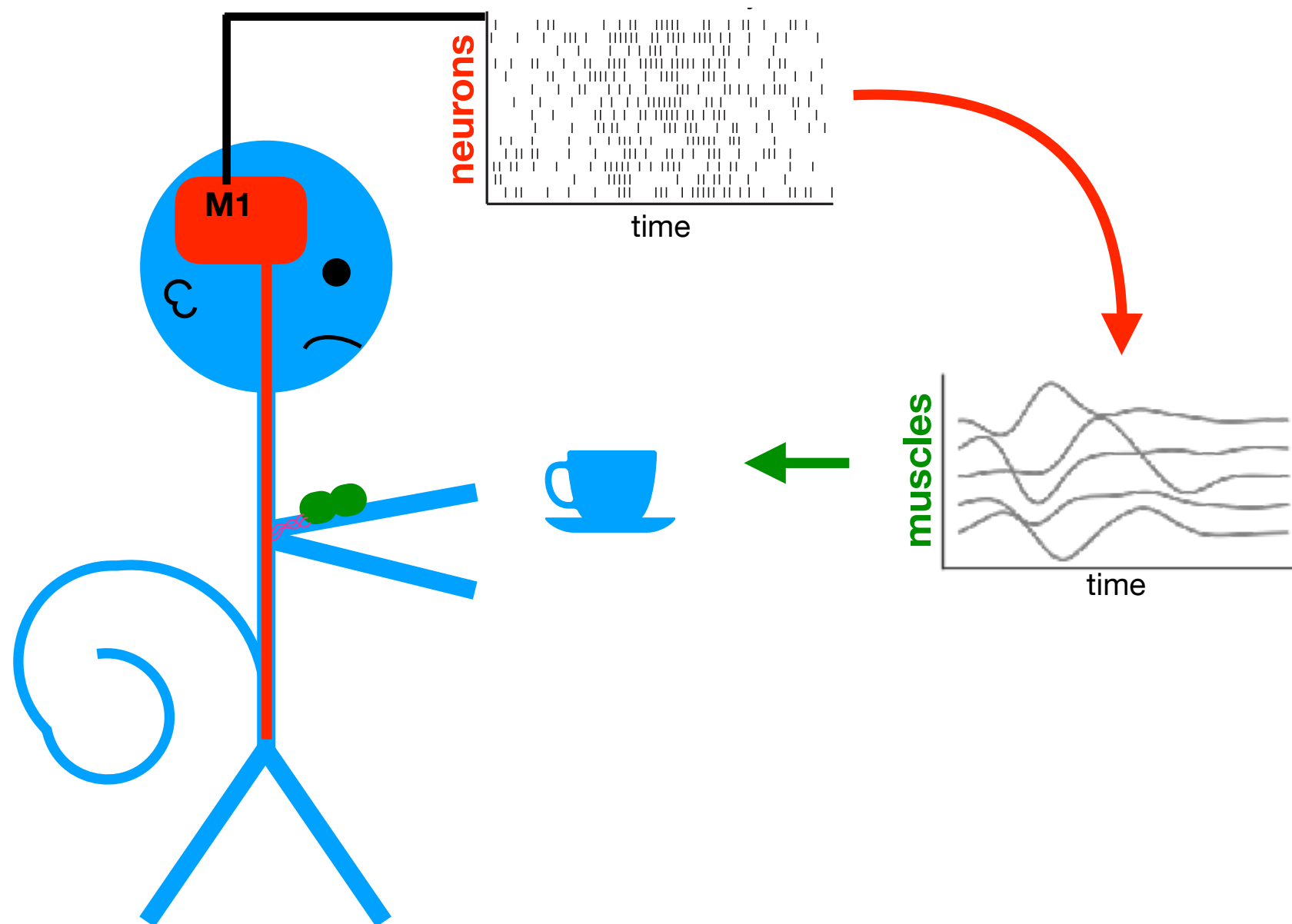
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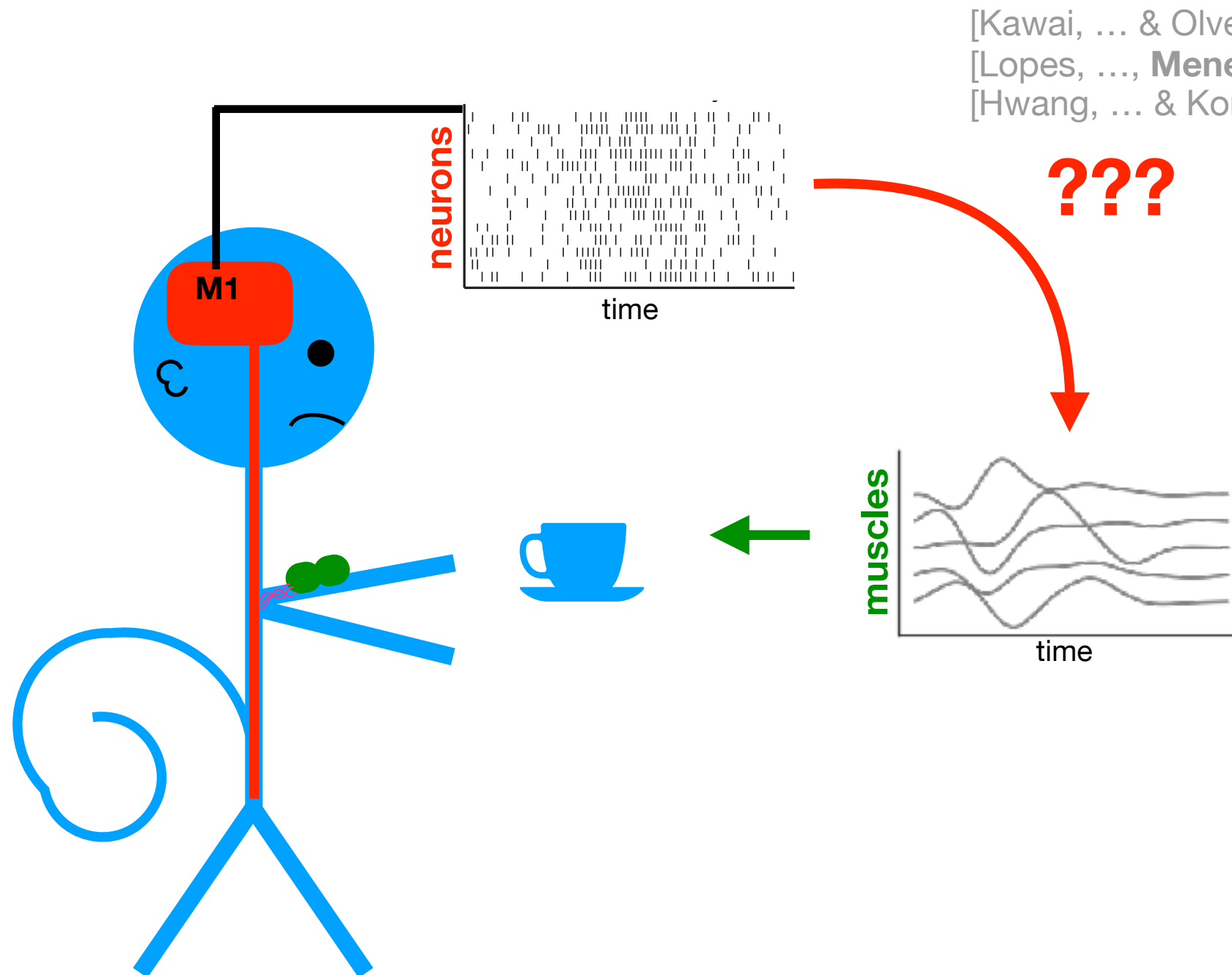
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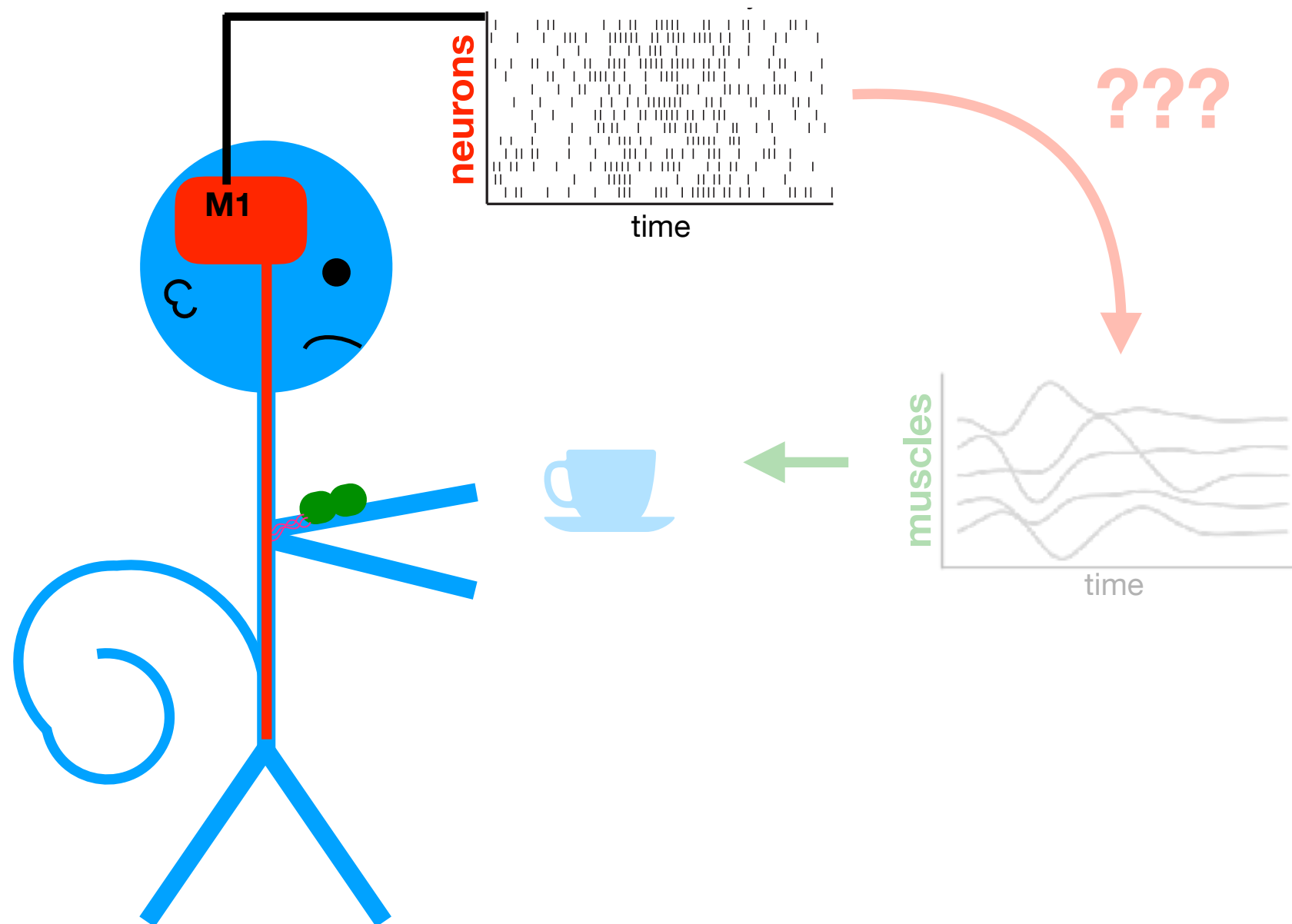
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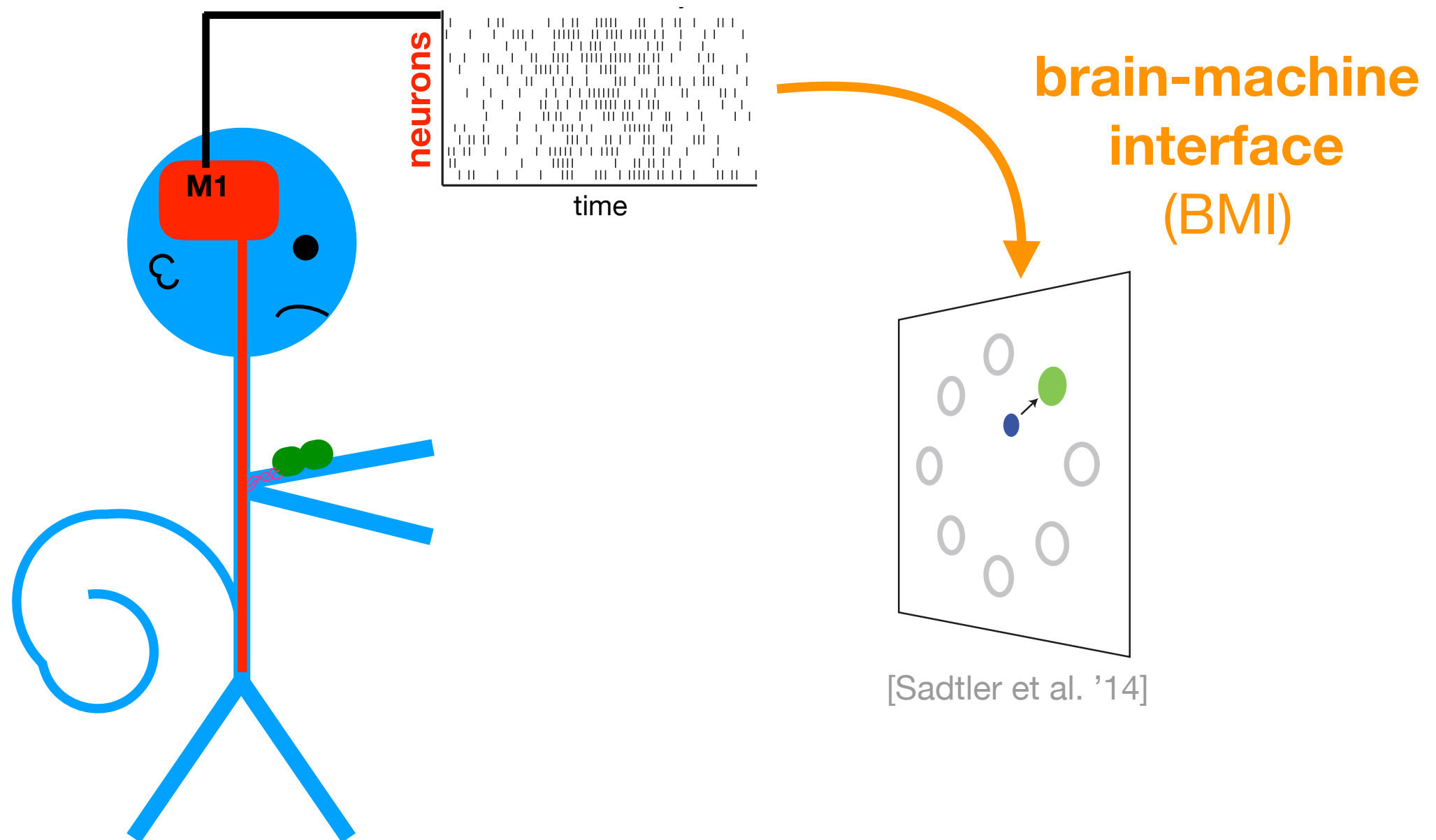
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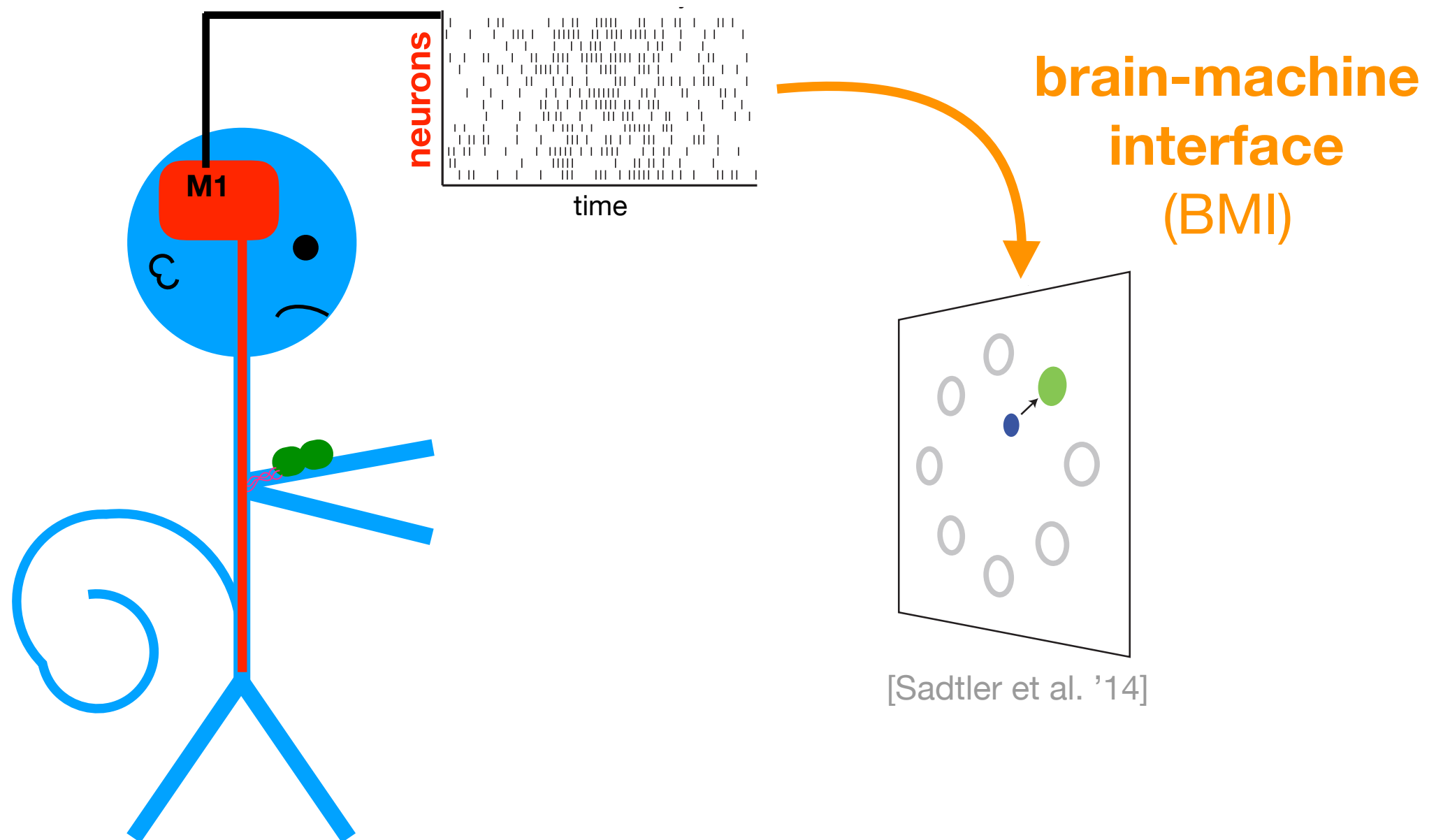
BMI learning

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BMI learning

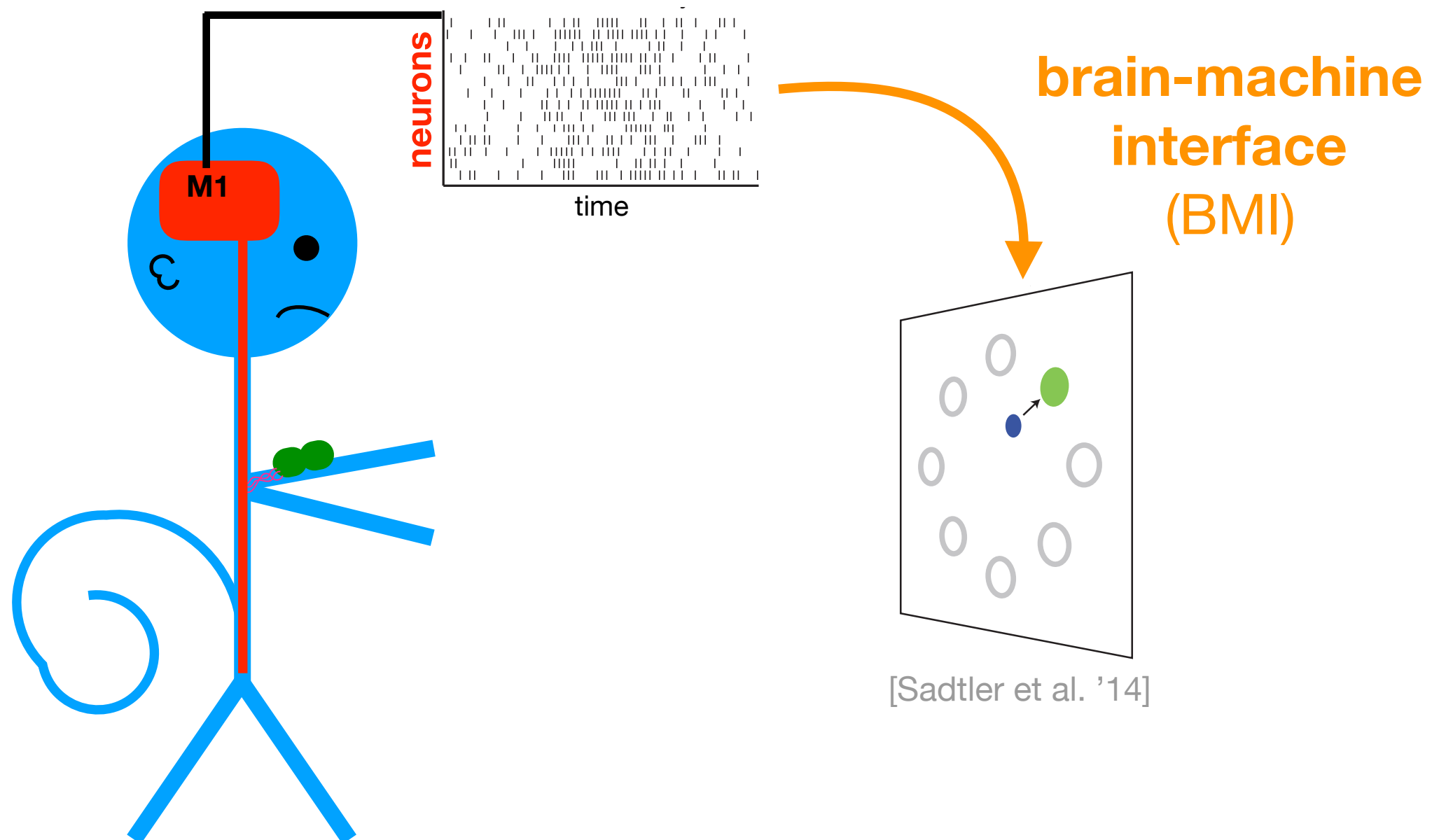
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BMI learning

Which neurons are
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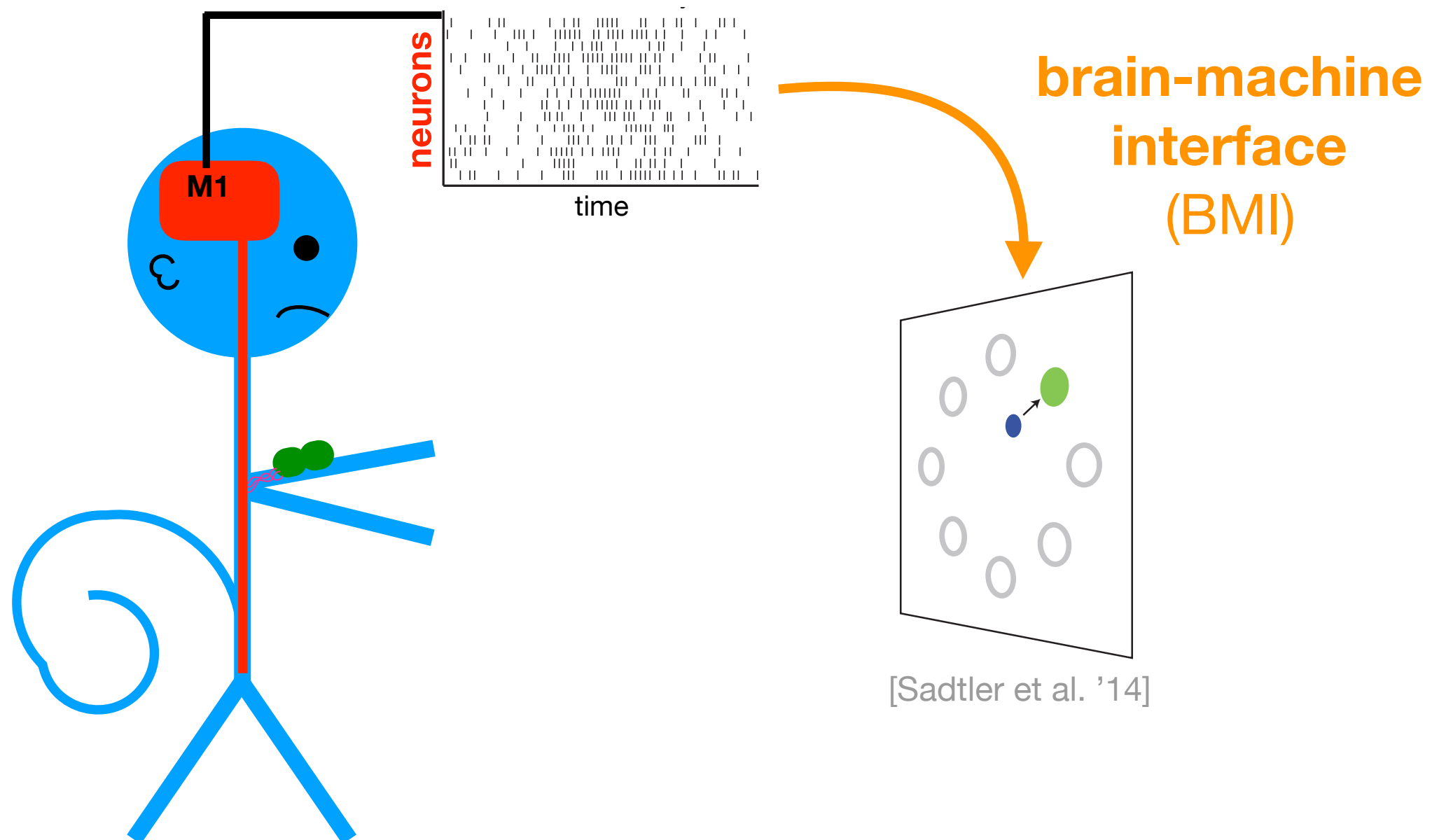
[Legenstein et al. '10]



BMI learning

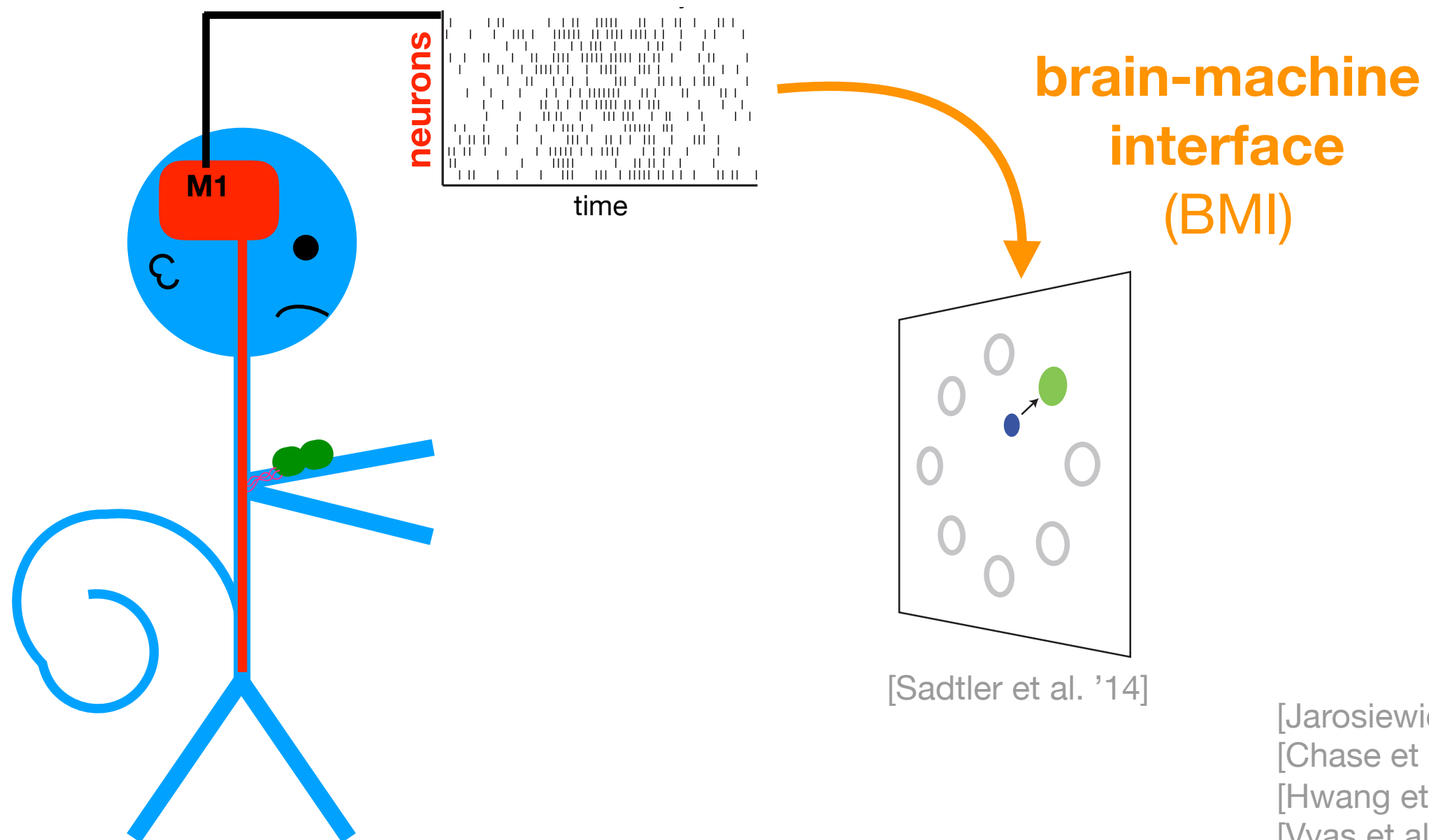
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BMI learning

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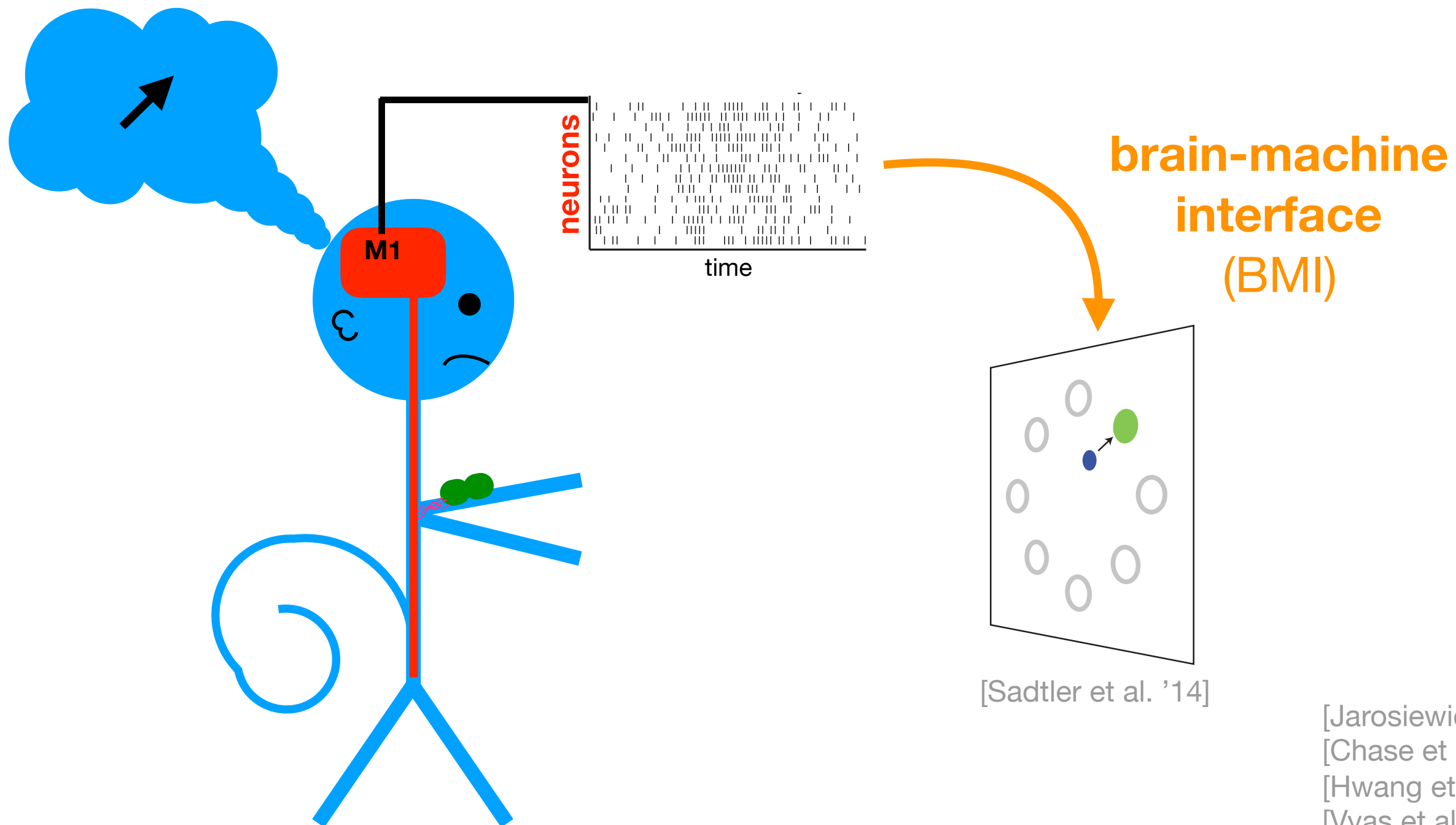


[Sadler et al. '14]

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BMI learning

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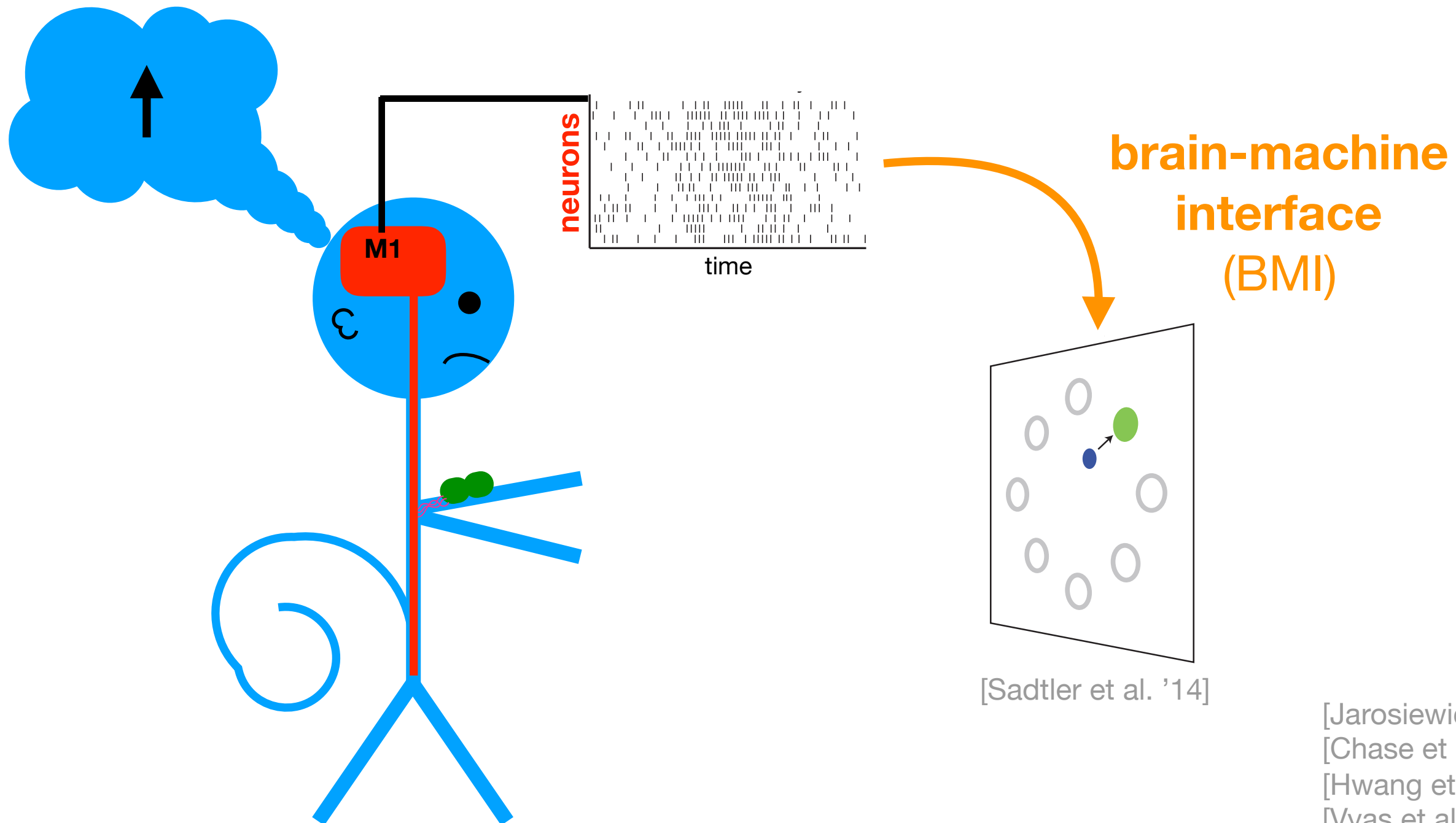
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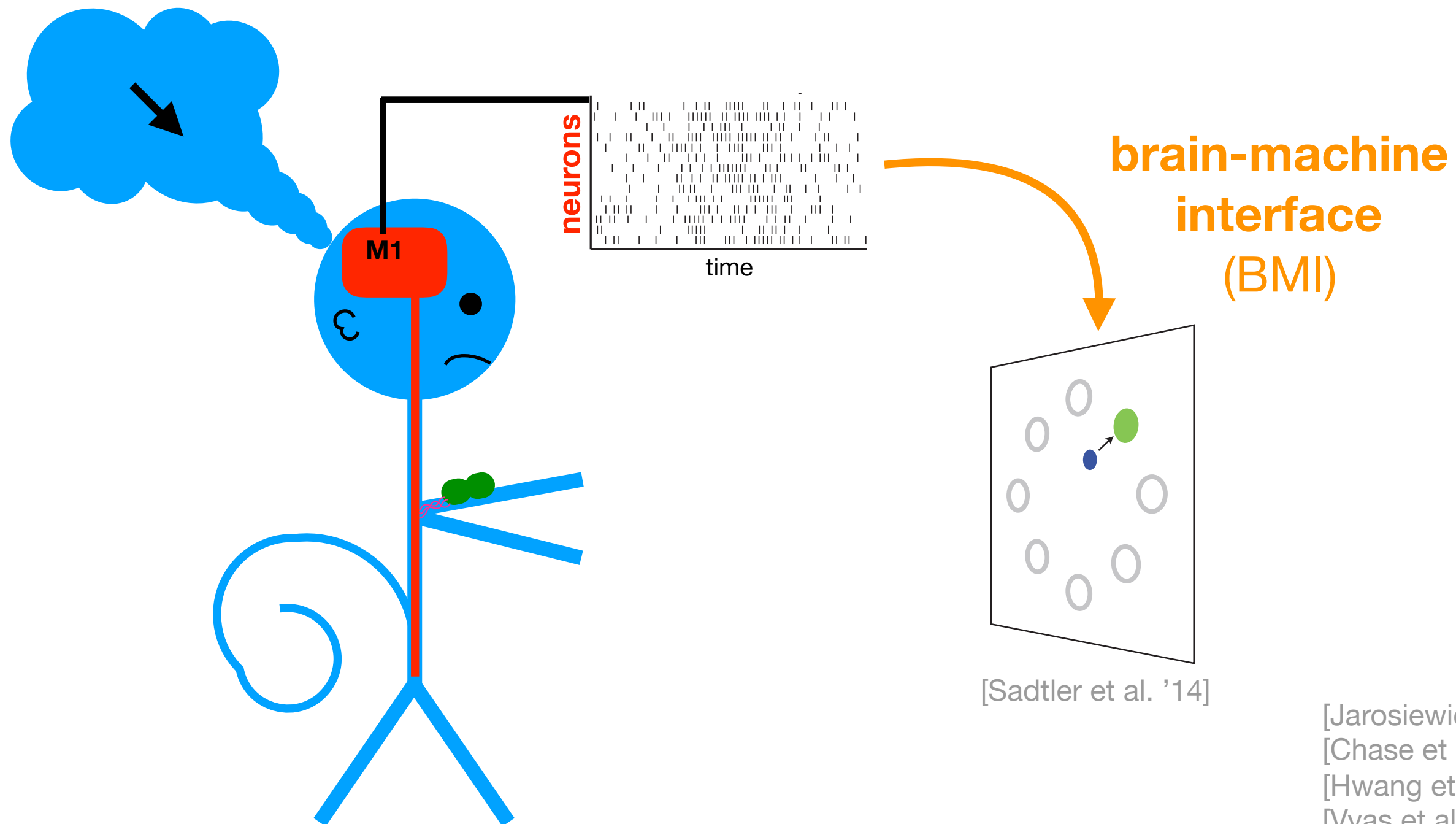


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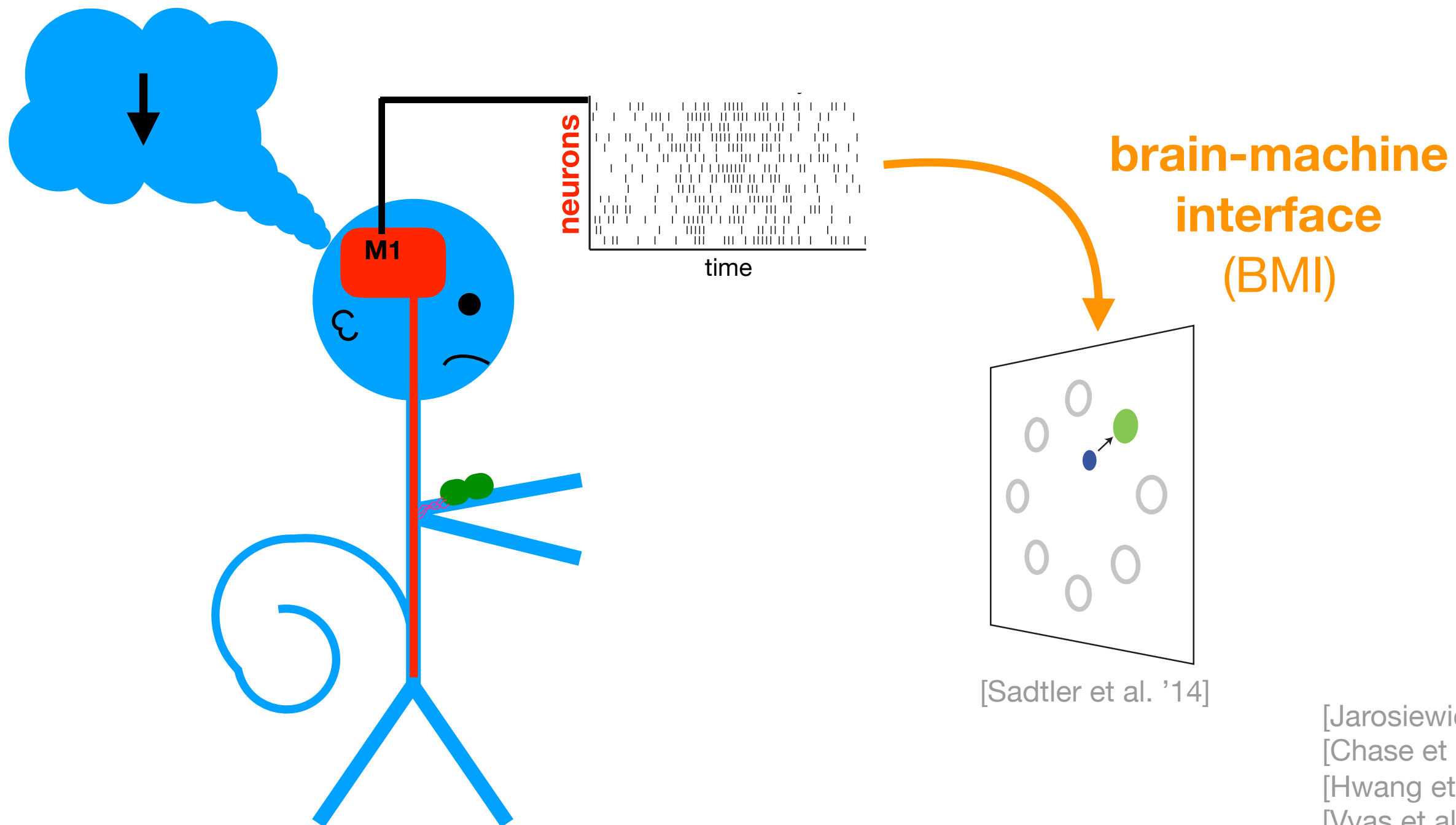


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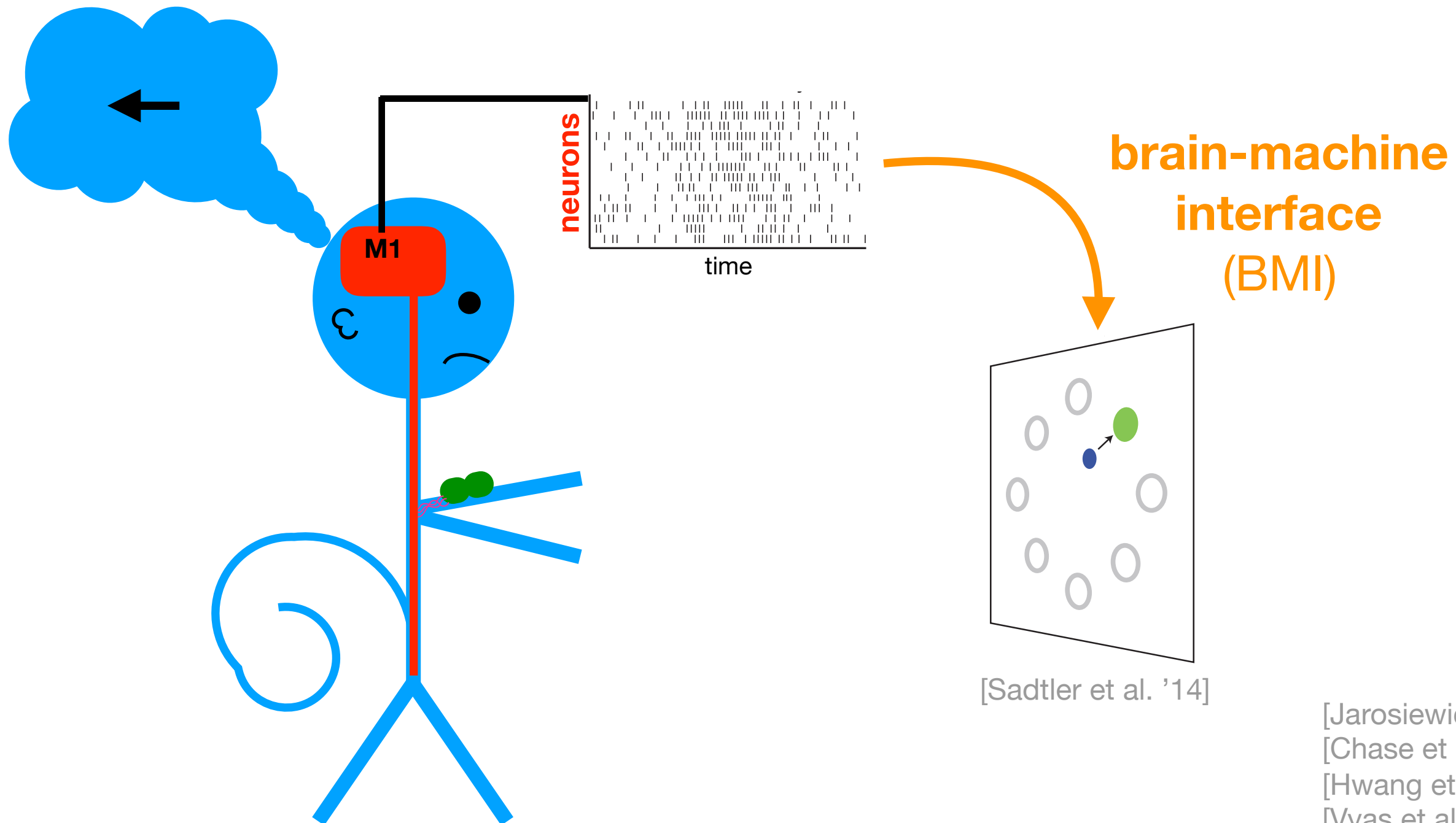


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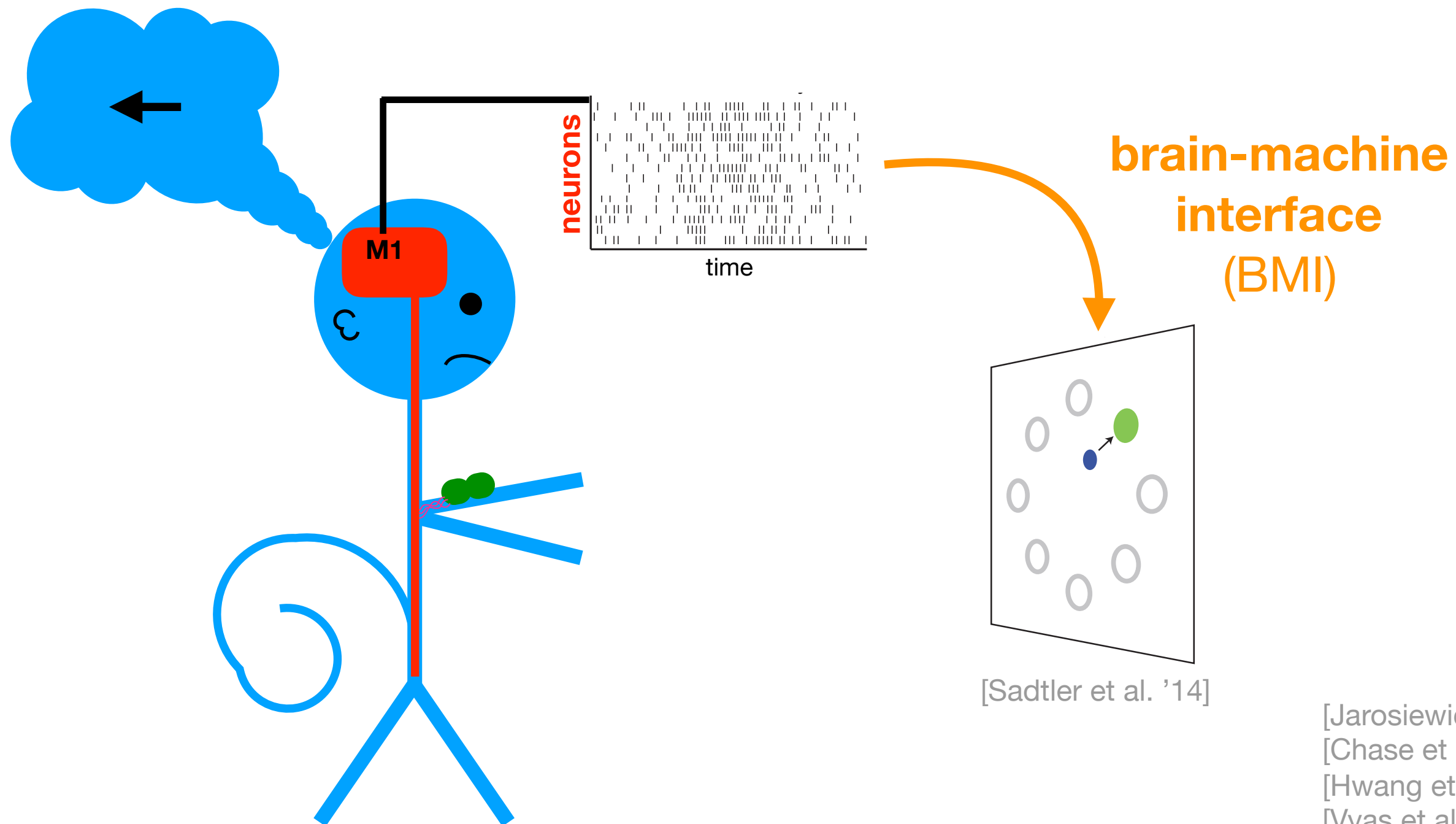


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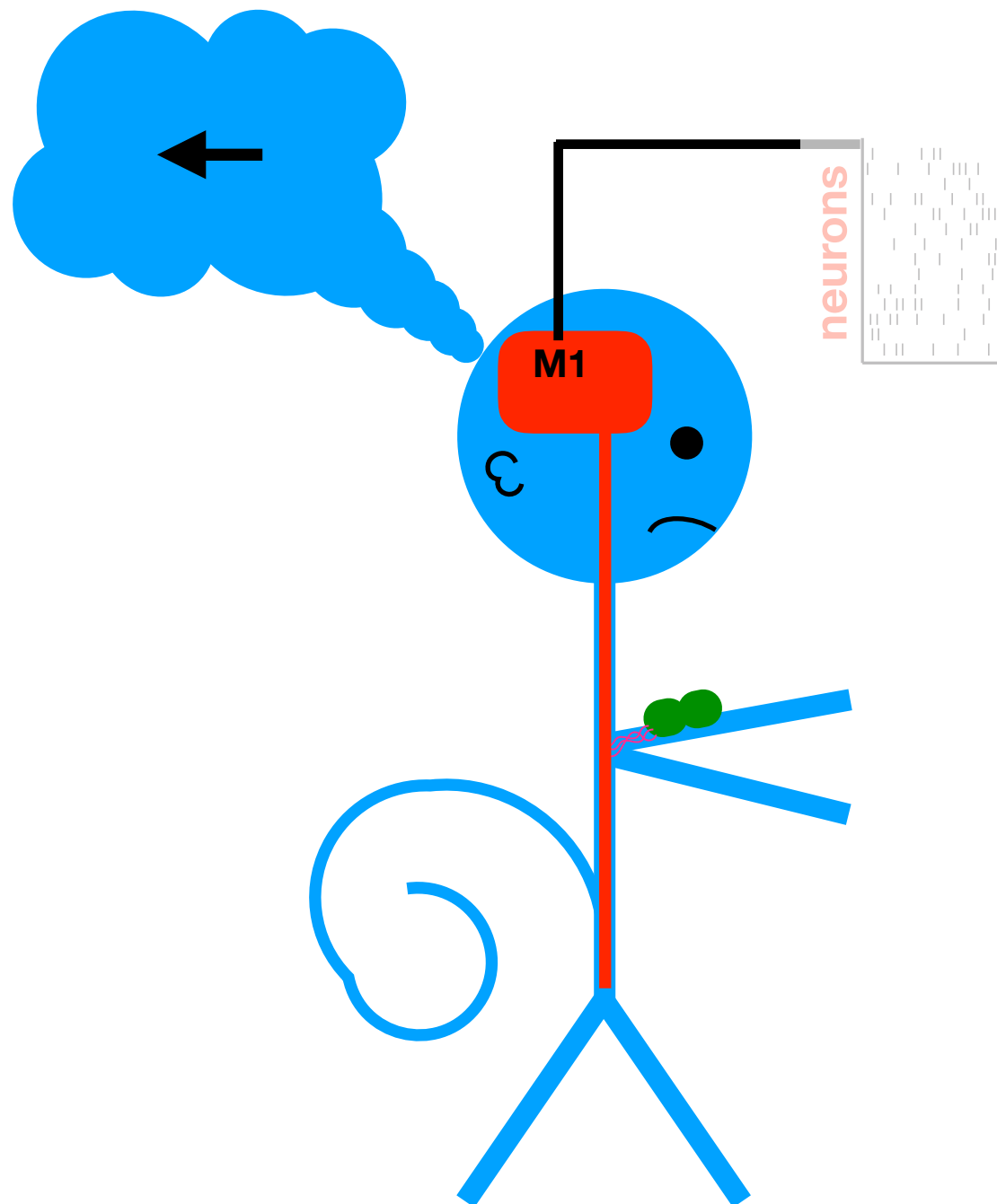


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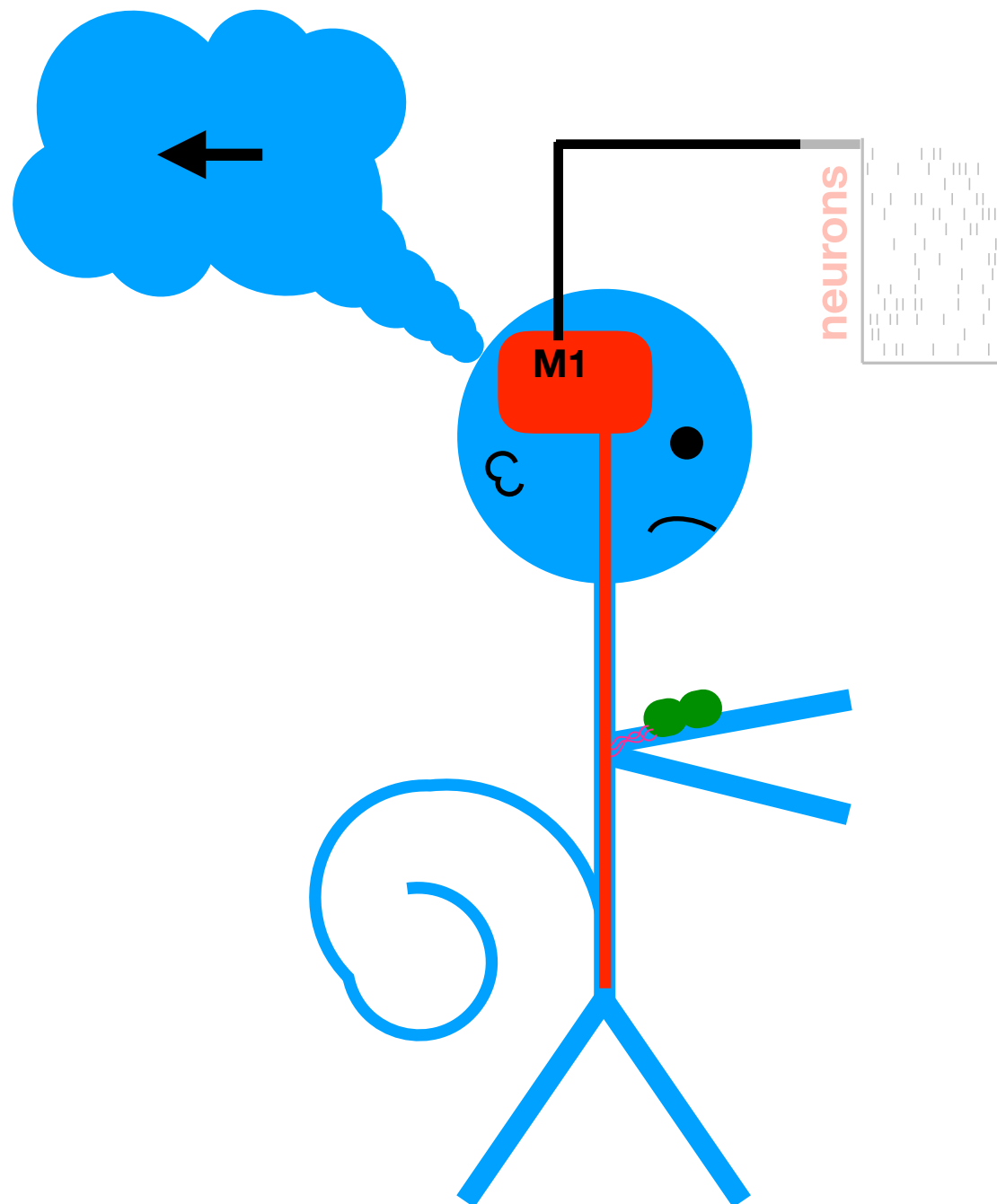
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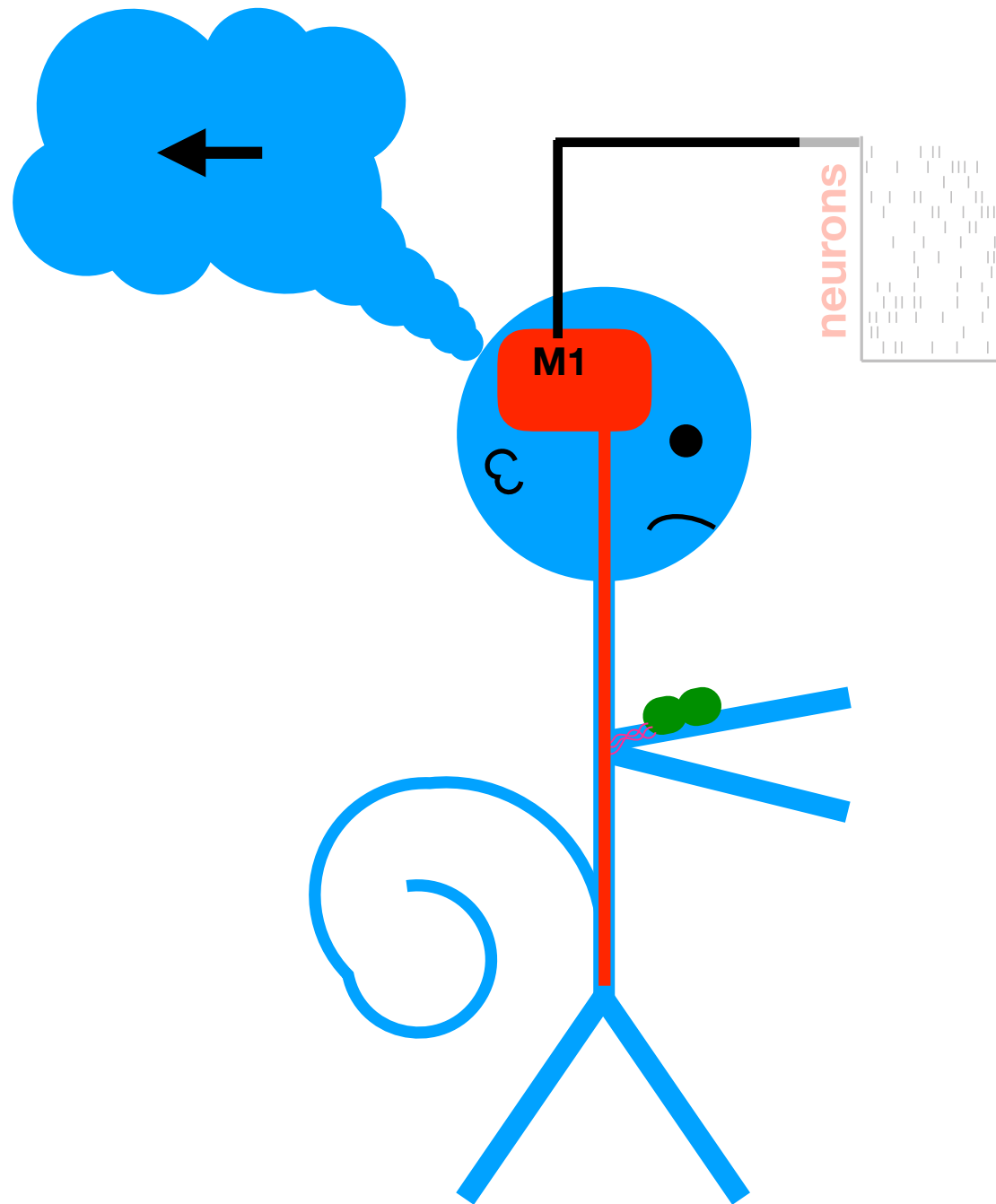
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- 1) neural model
- 2) predictions for
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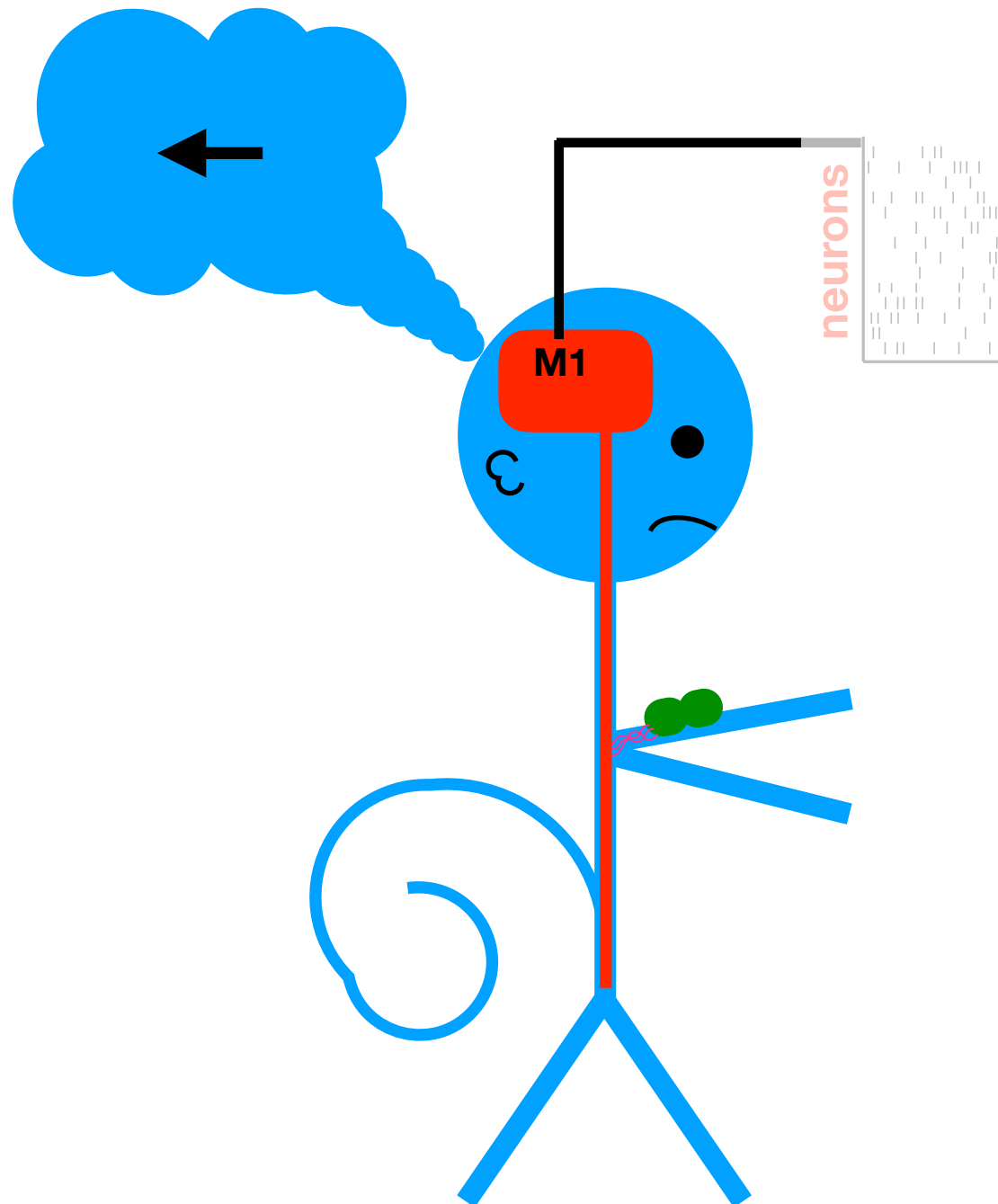
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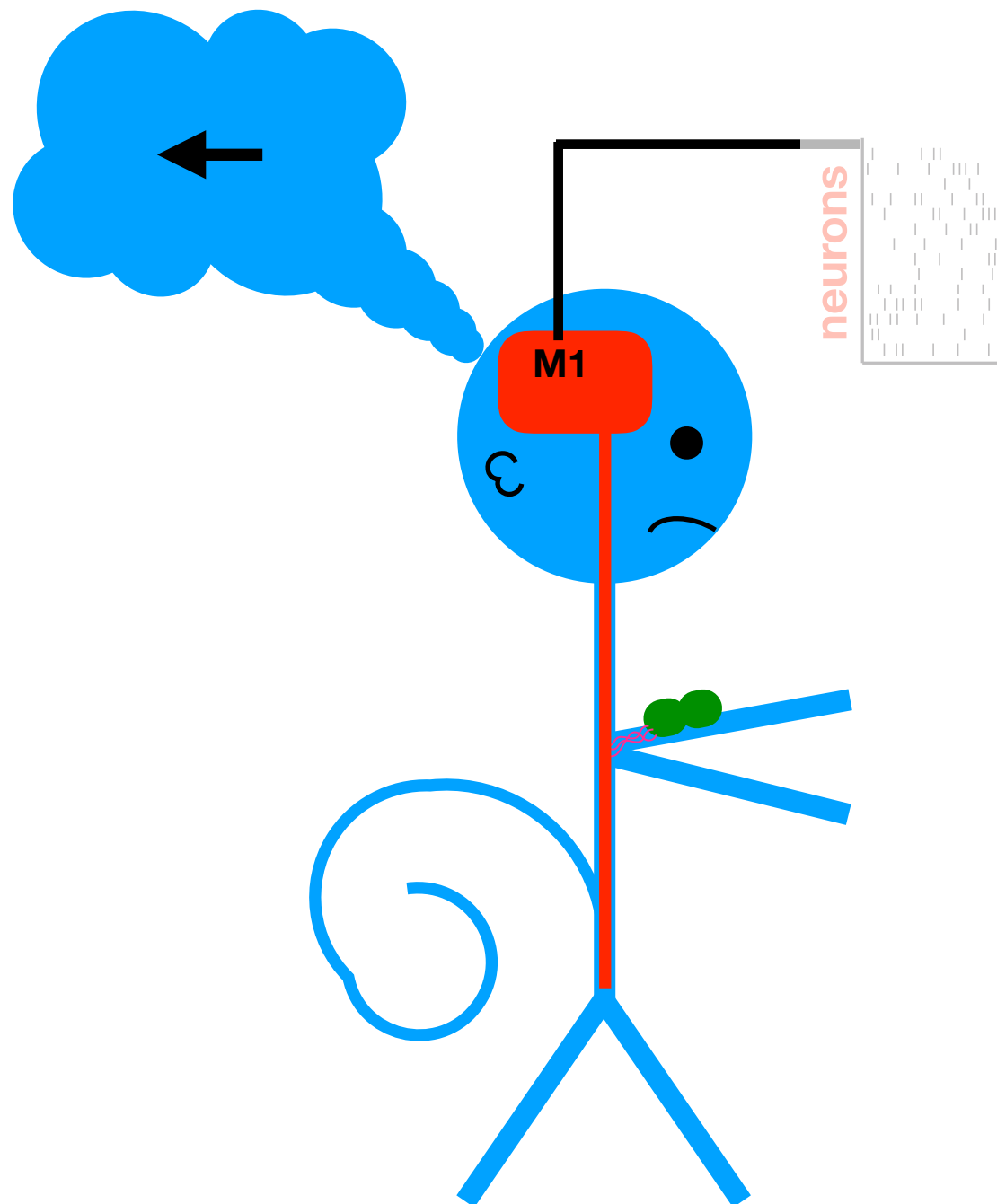
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test w/ data

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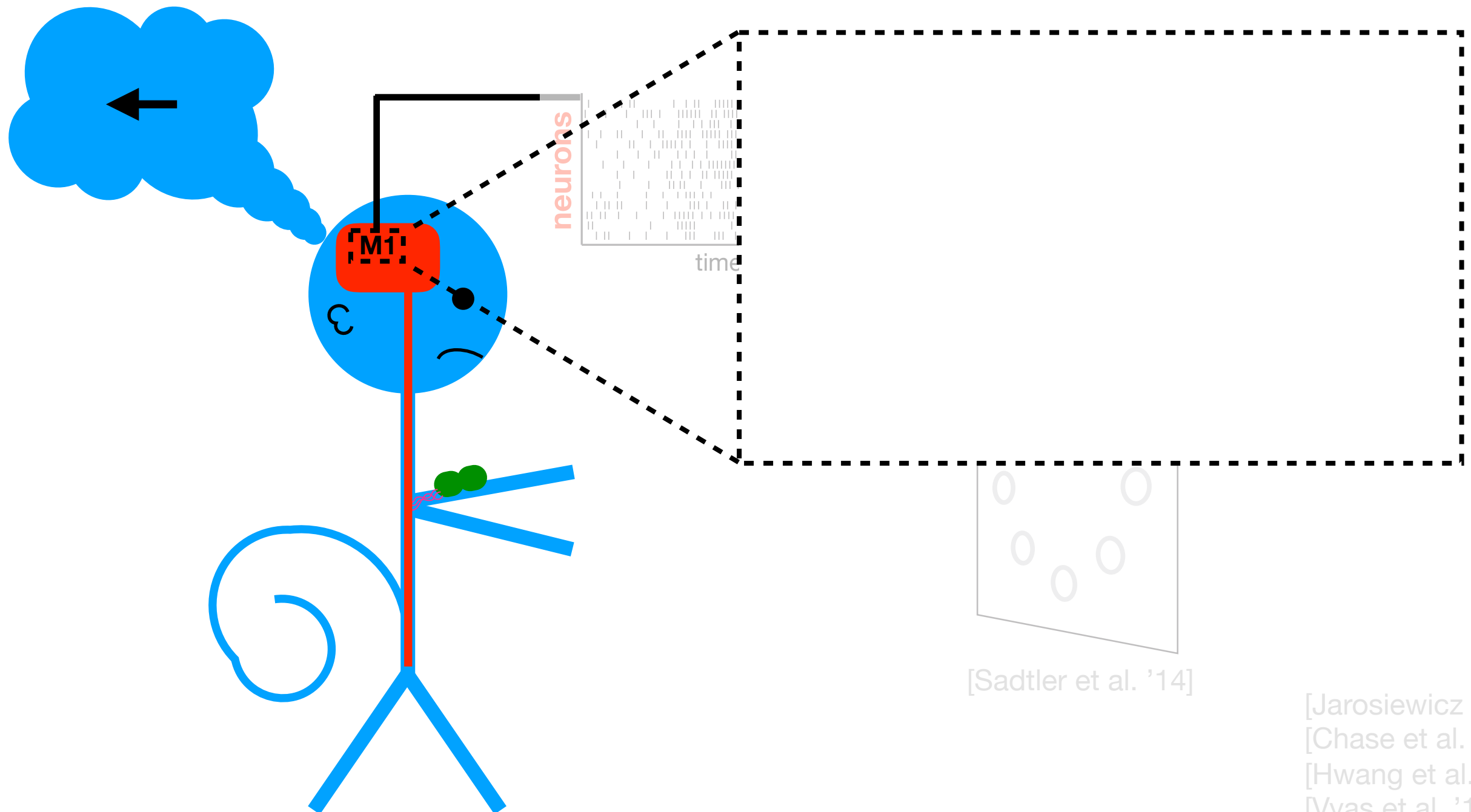
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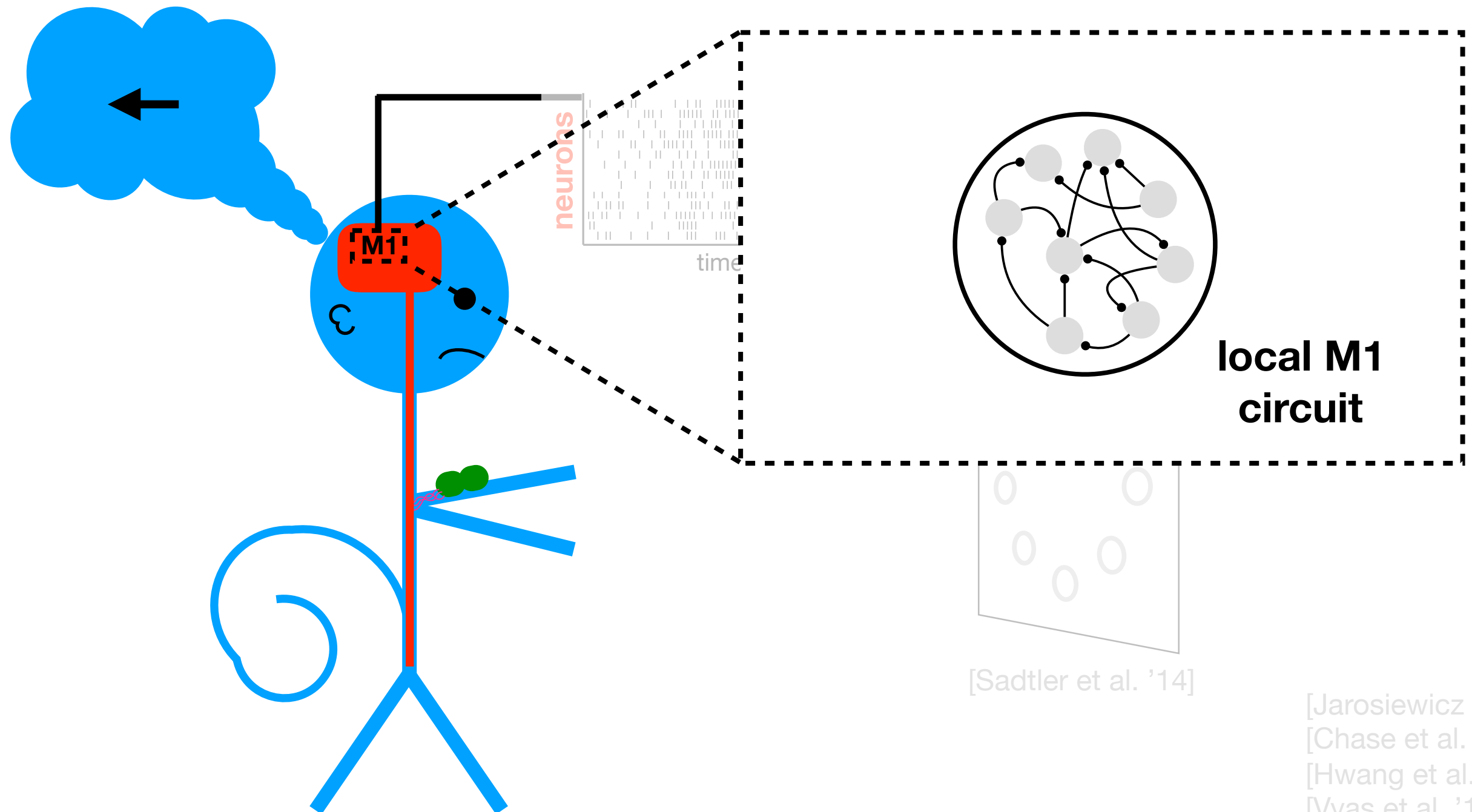
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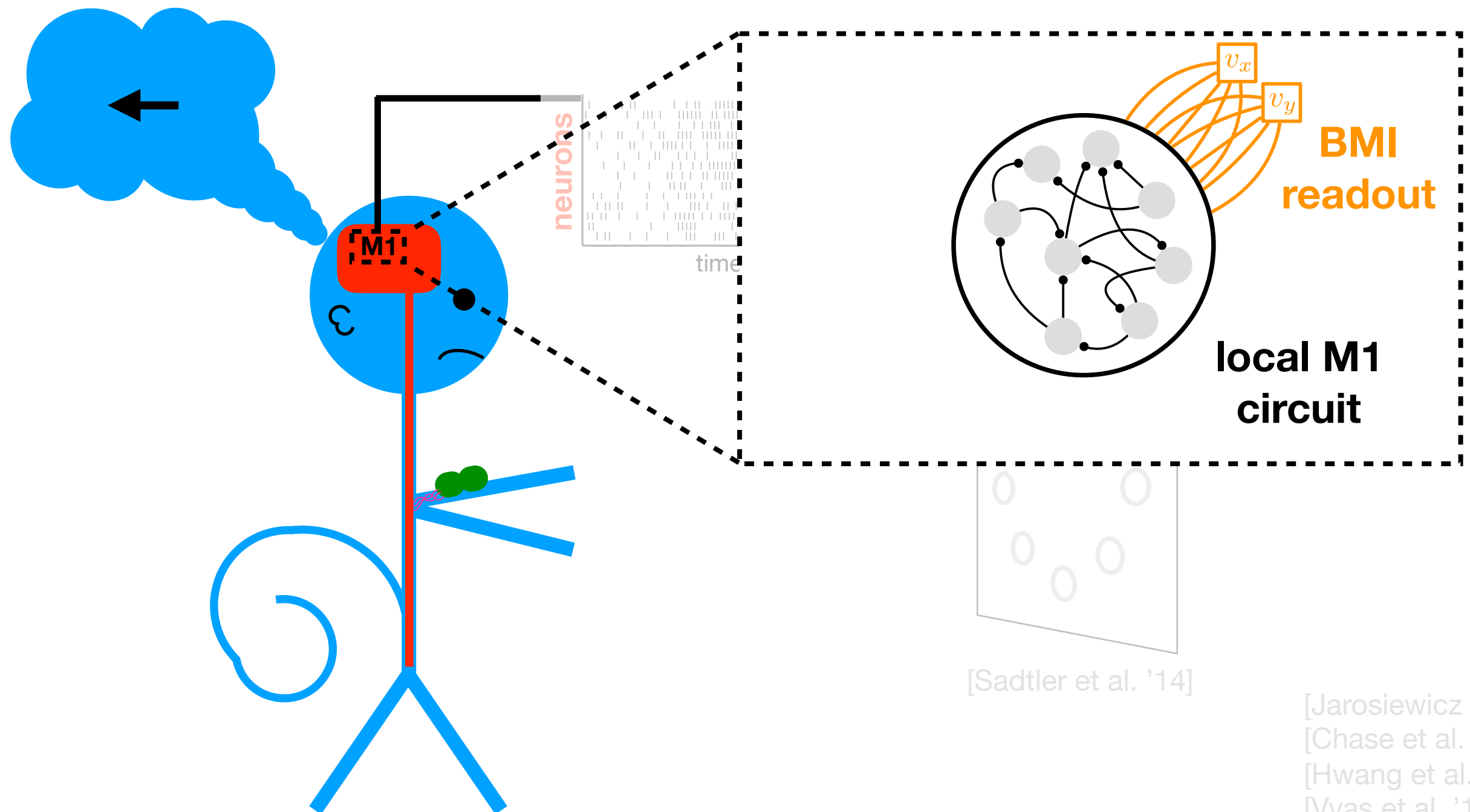
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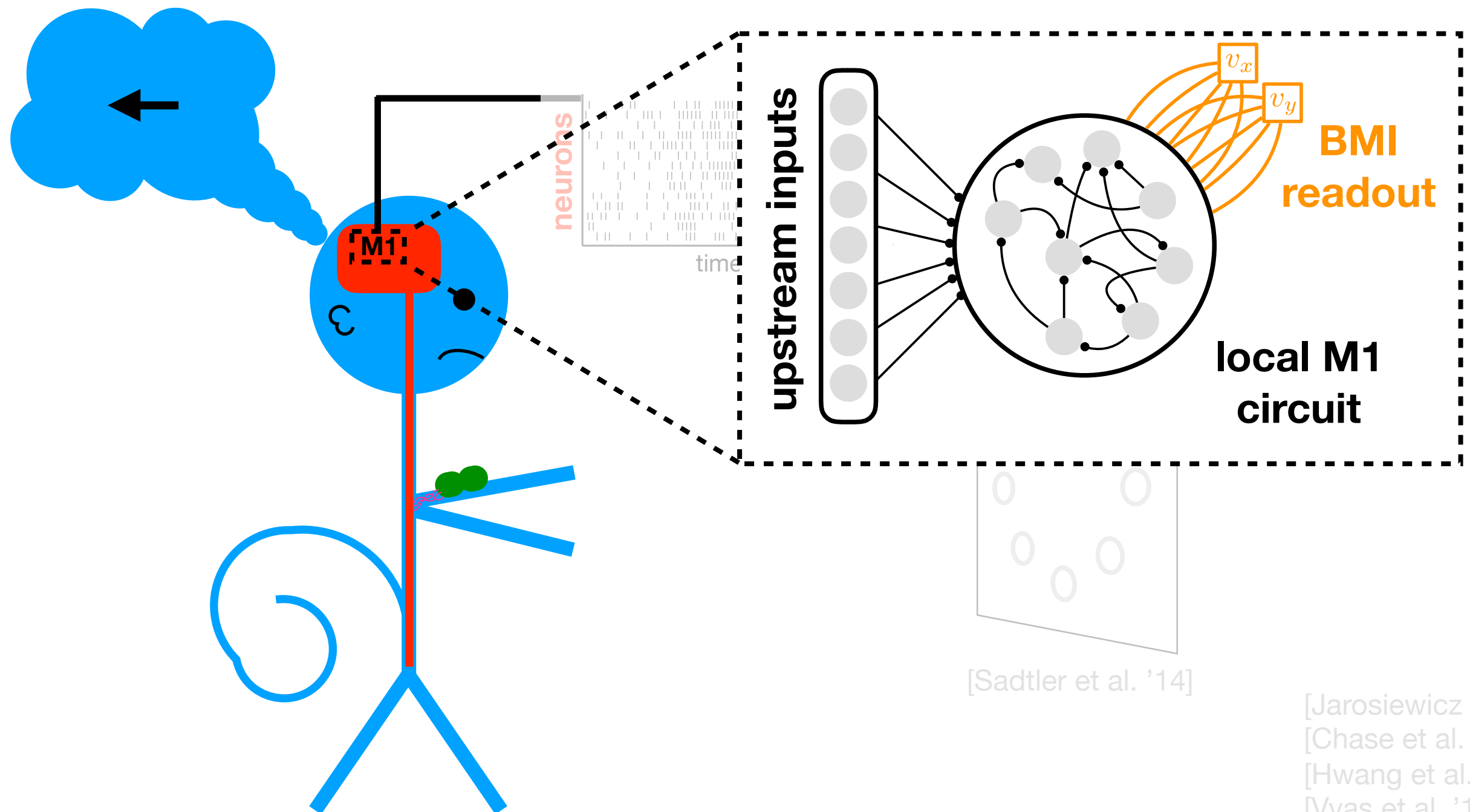
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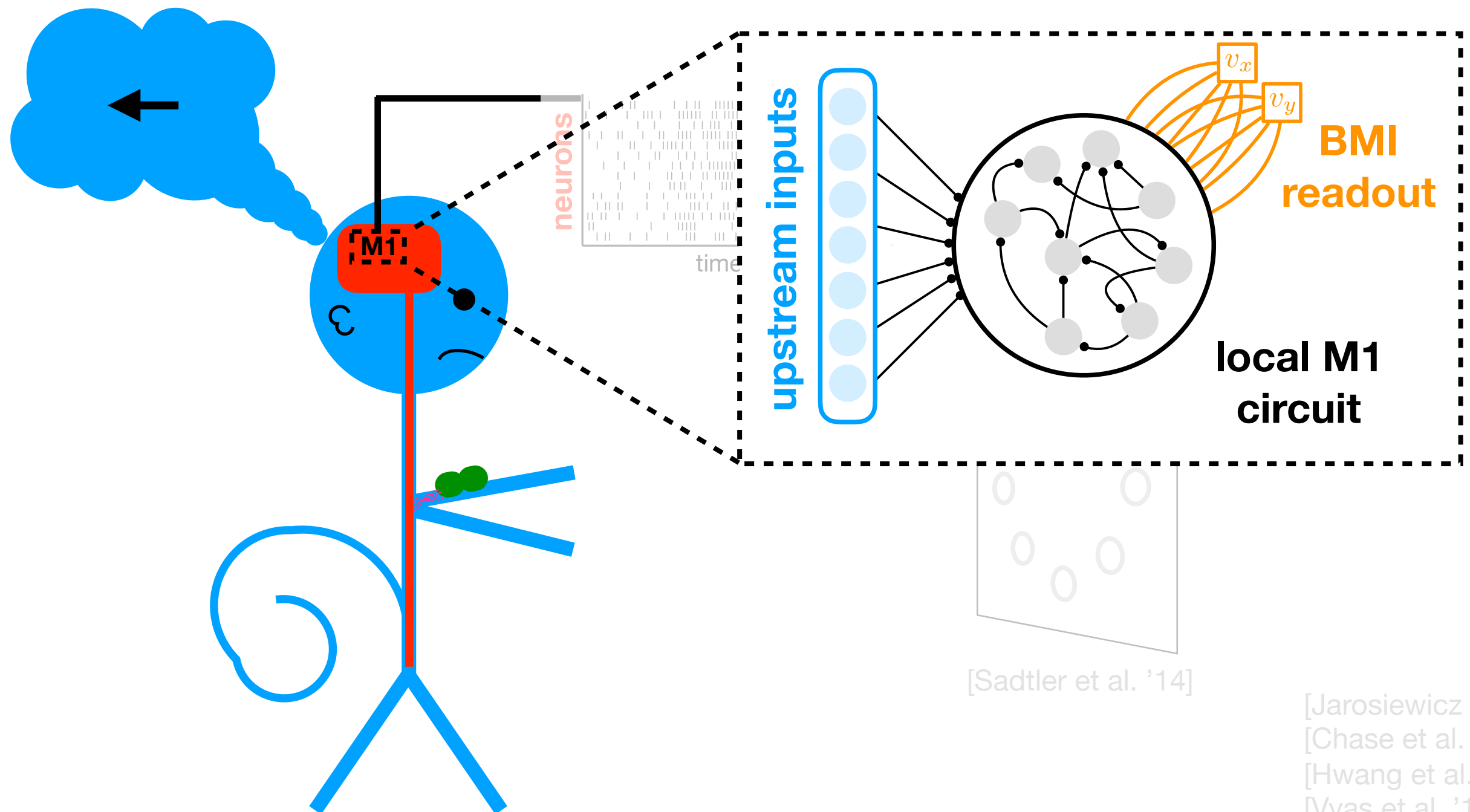
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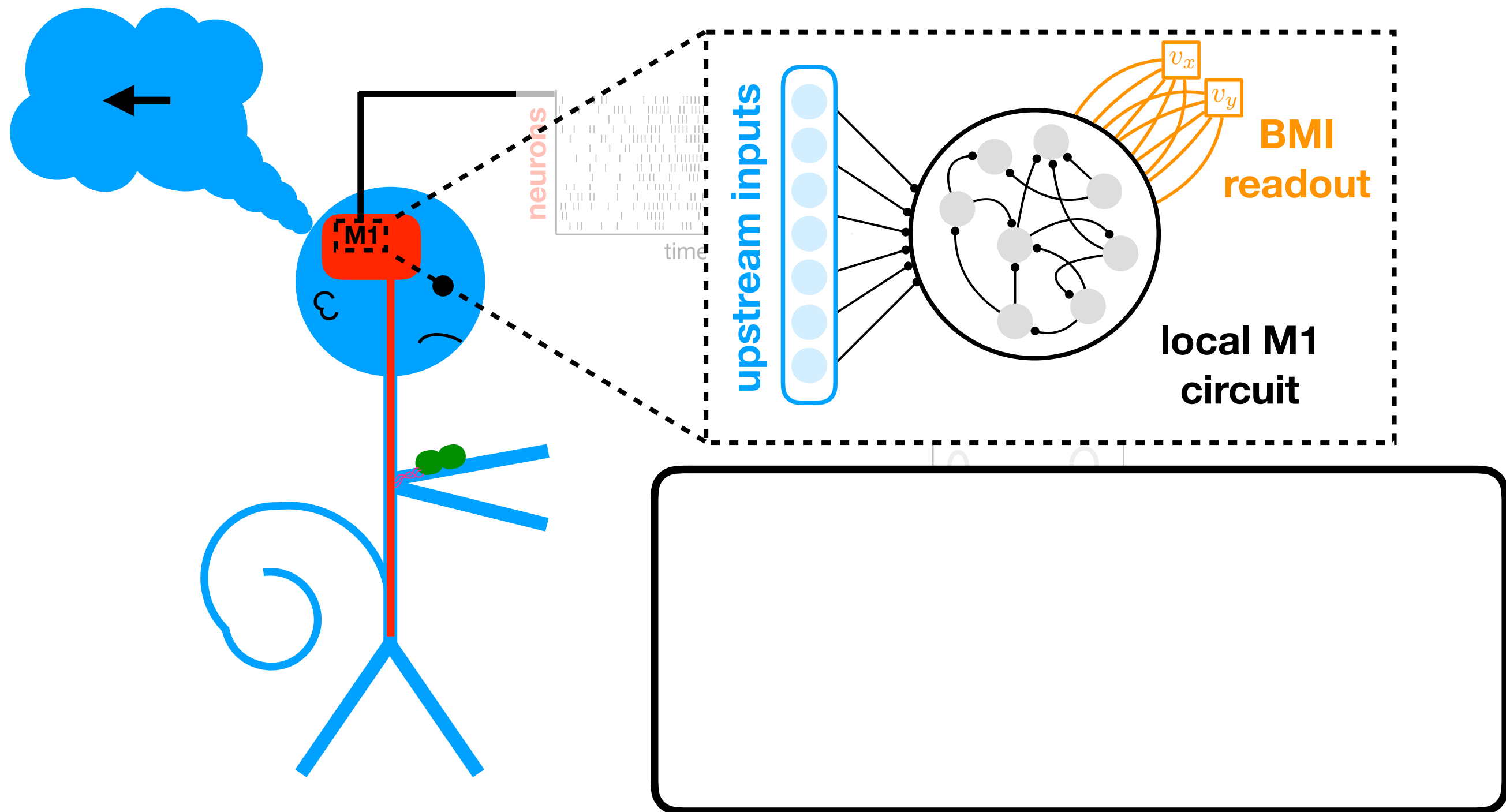
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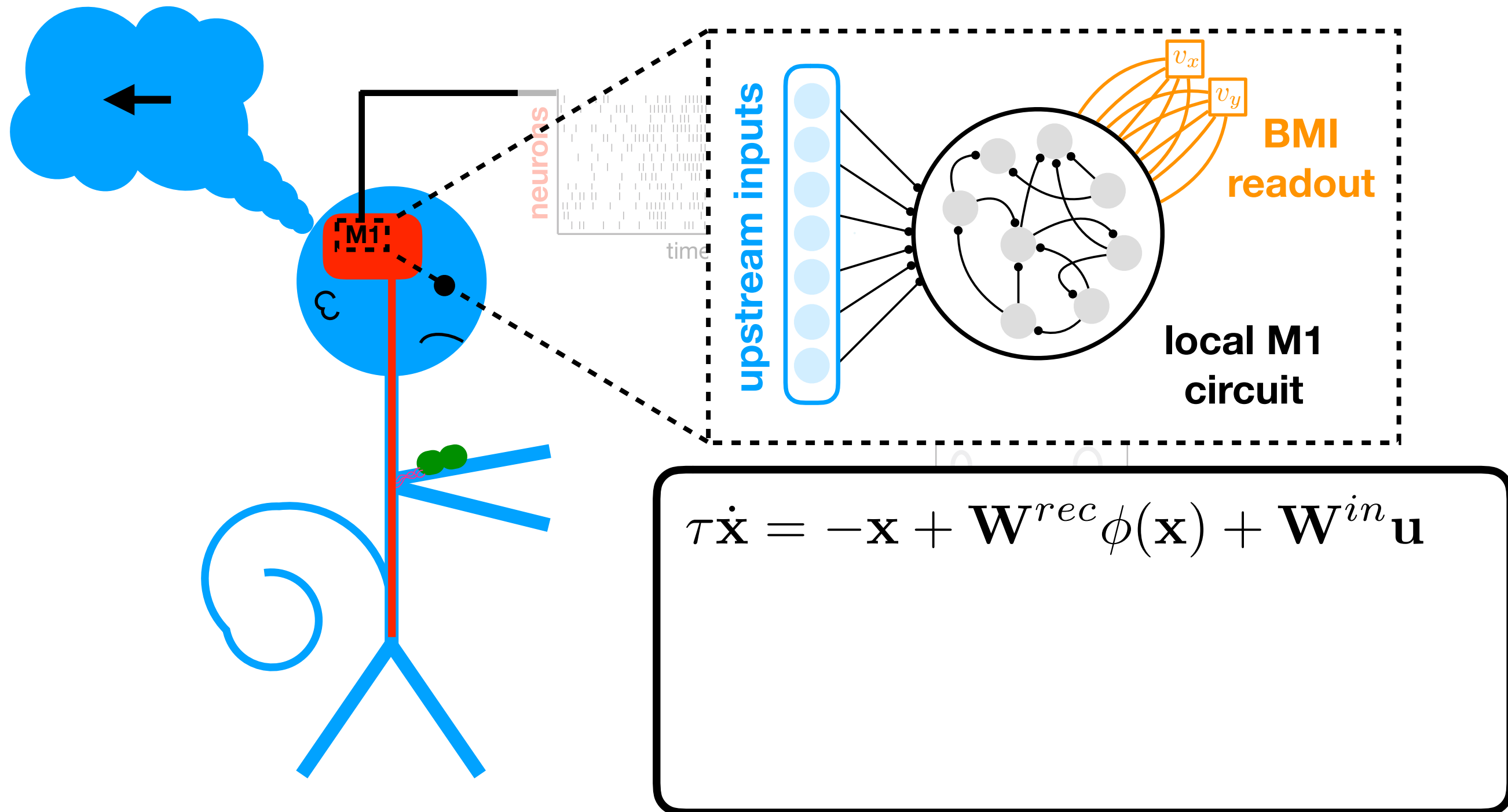
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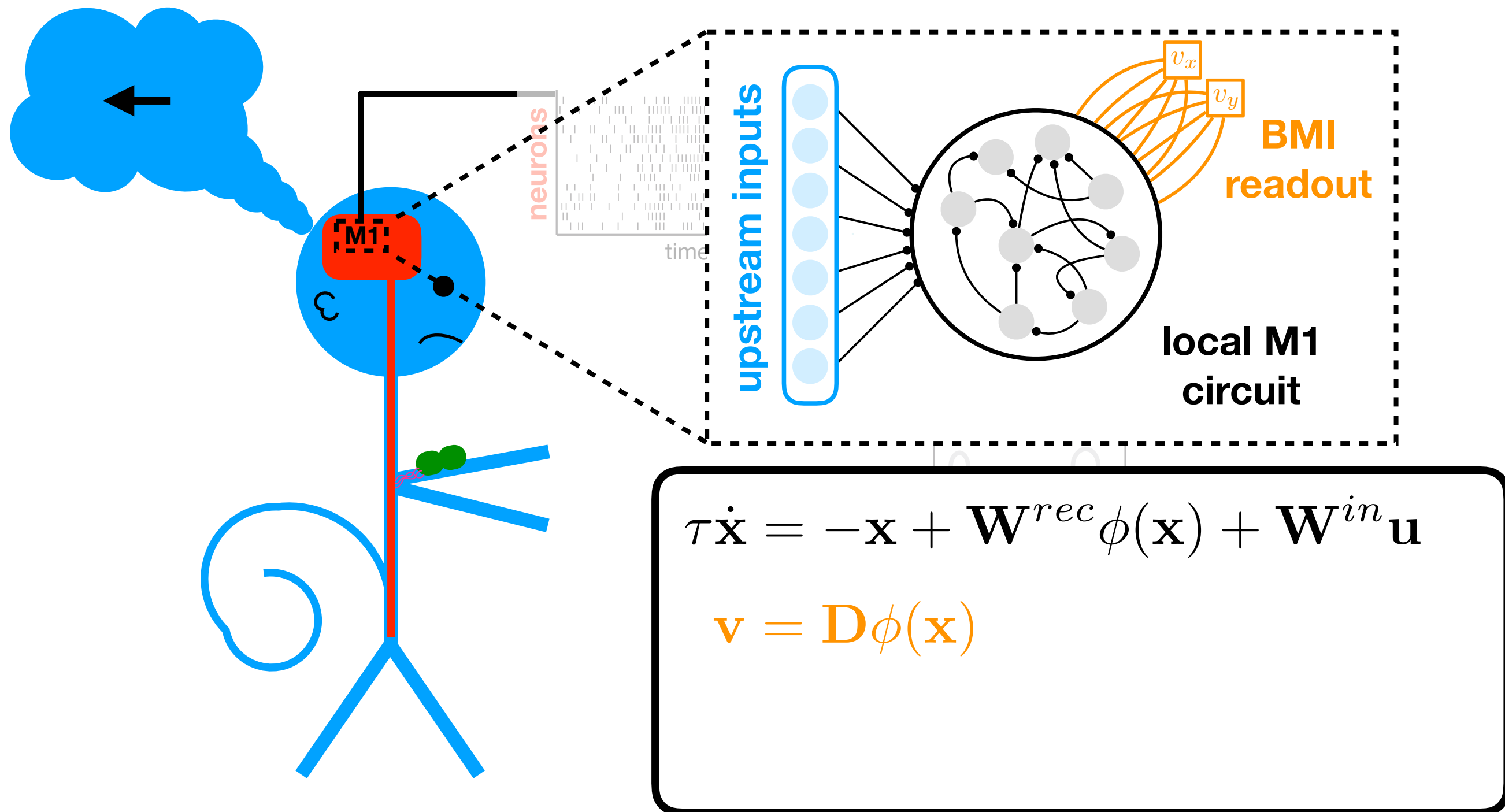
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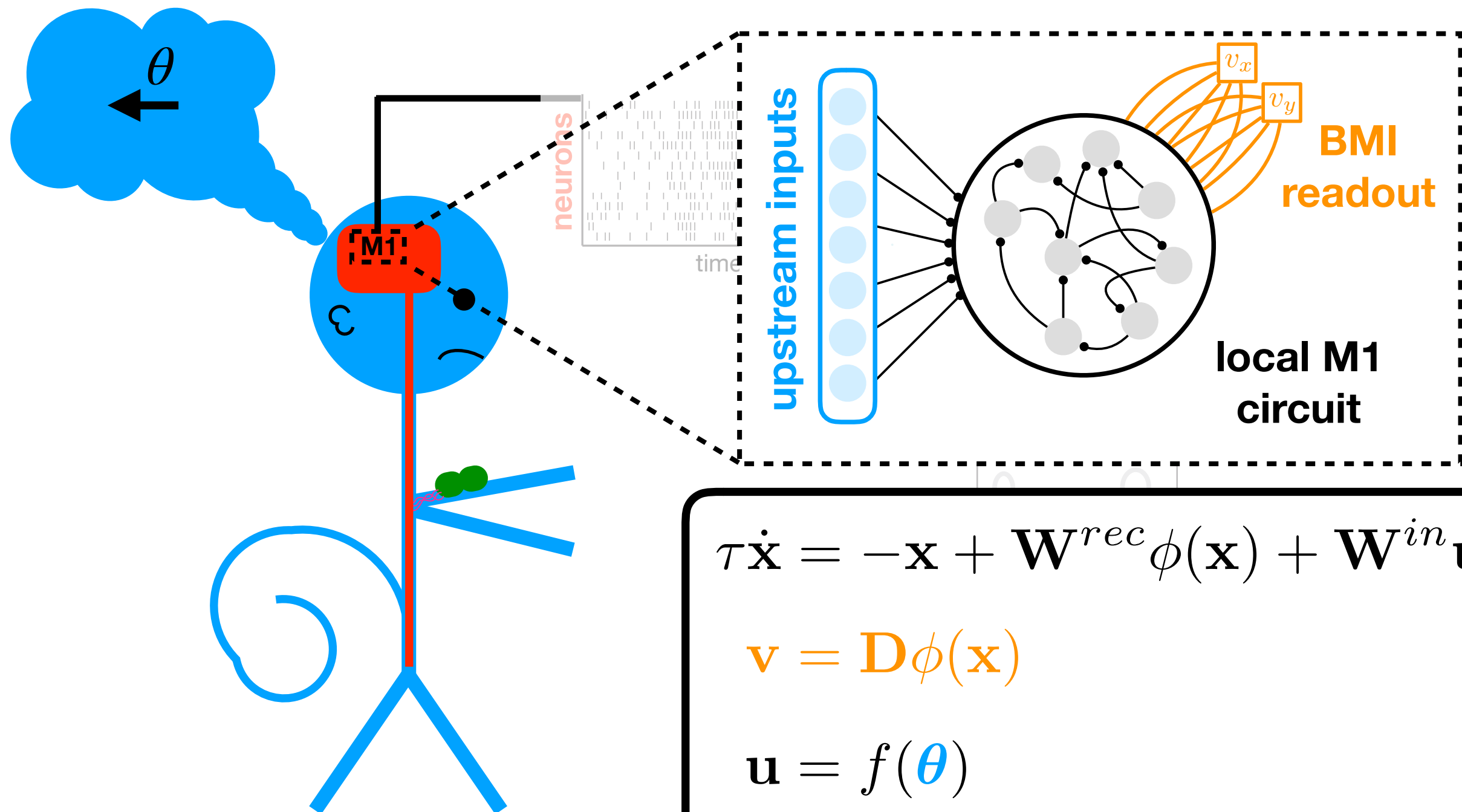
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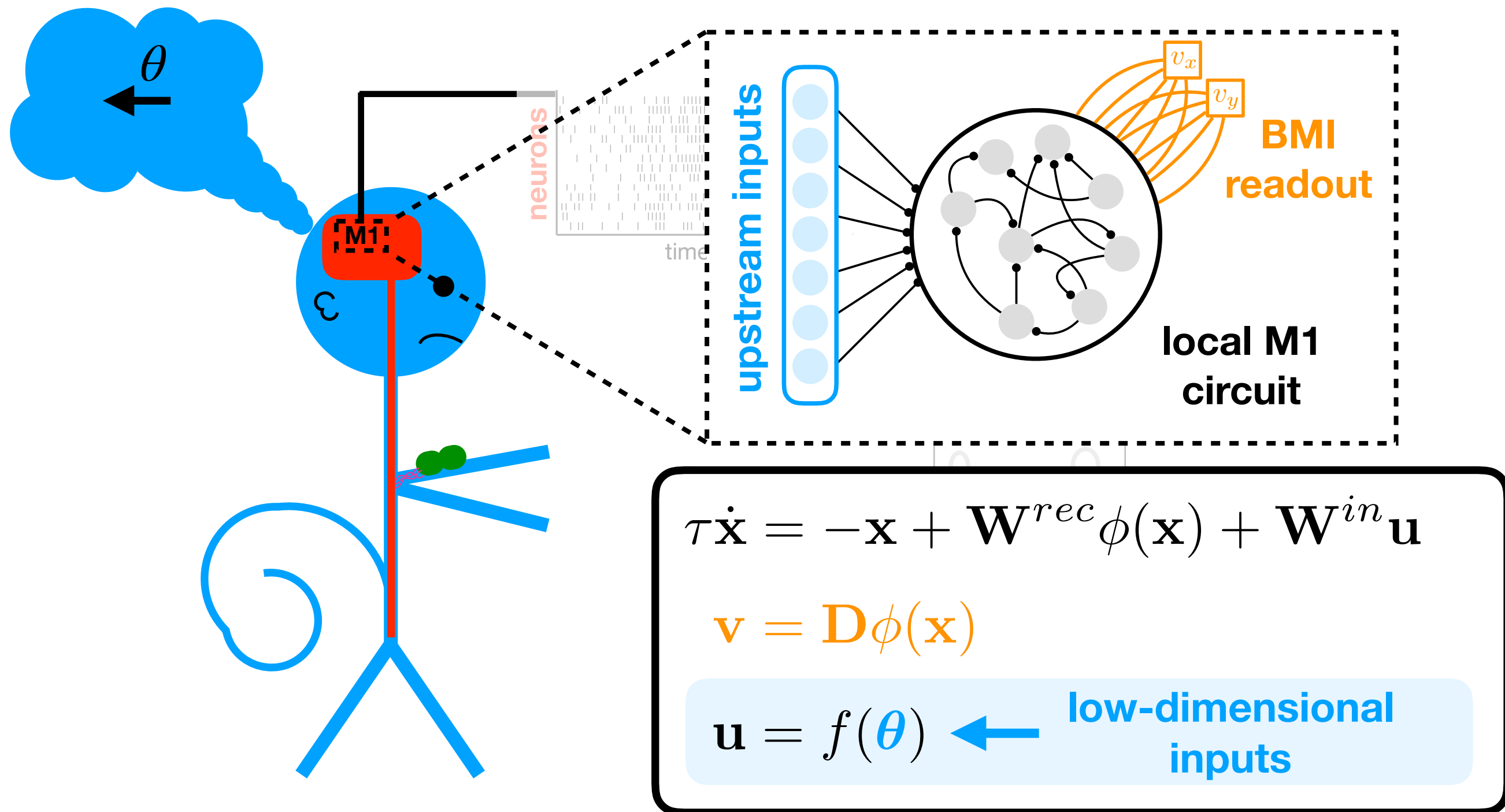
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“re-aiming”

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$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{D} \phi(\mathbf{x})$$

$$\mathbf{u} = f(\theta) \leftarrow \text{low-dimensional inputs}$$

“re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{M}\theta$

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$[\theta \text{ constant}]$

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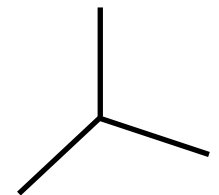
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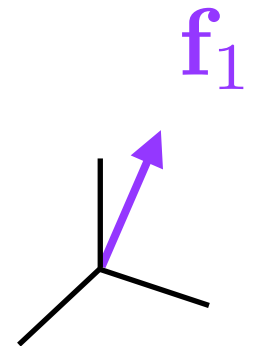


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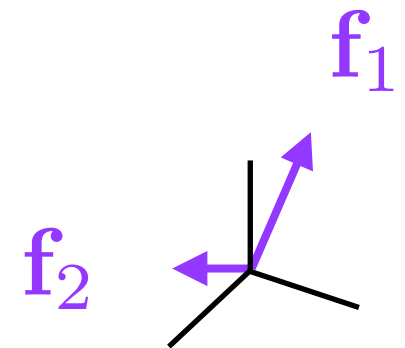


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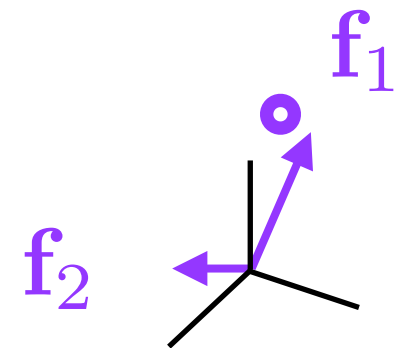


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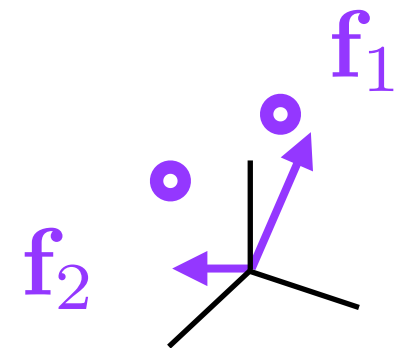


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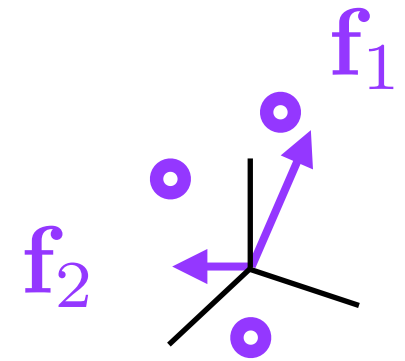


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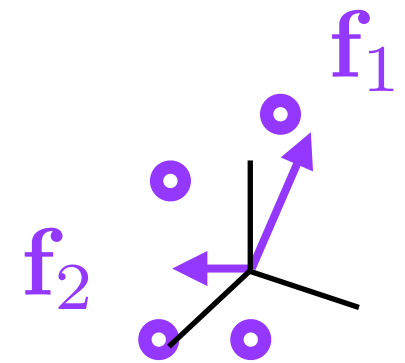


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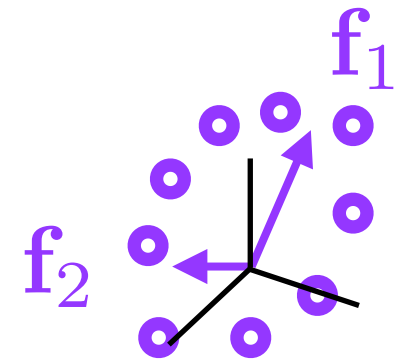


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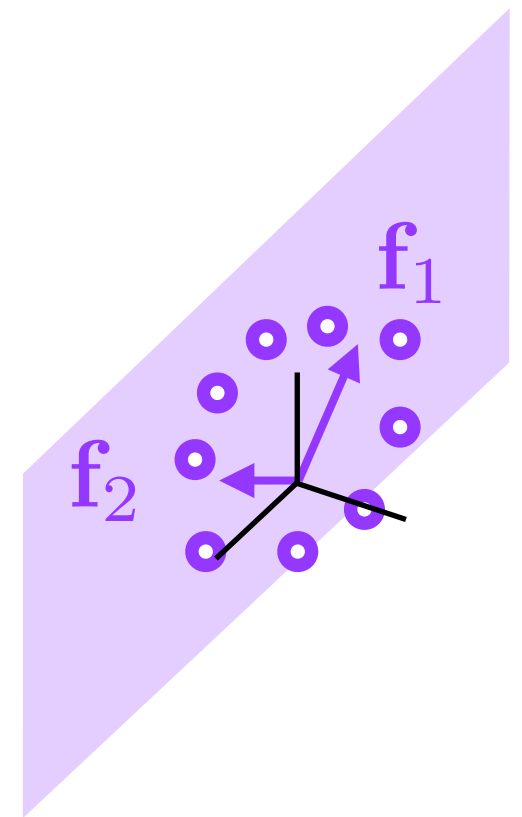


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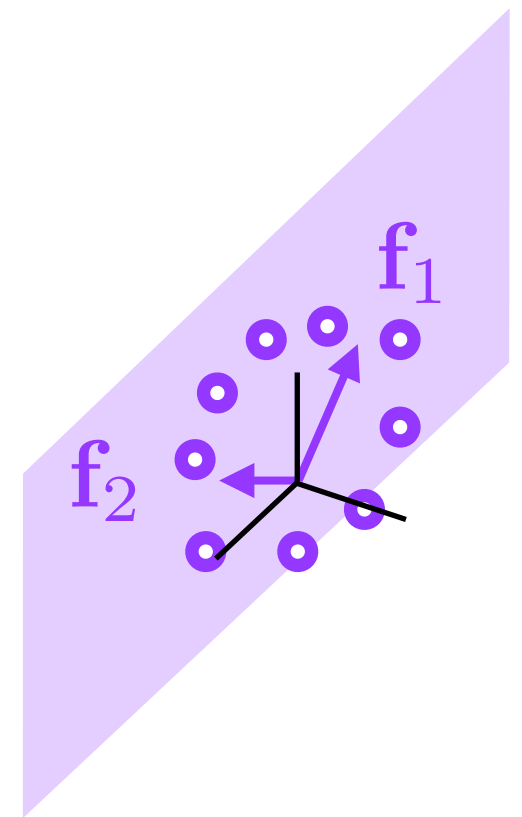
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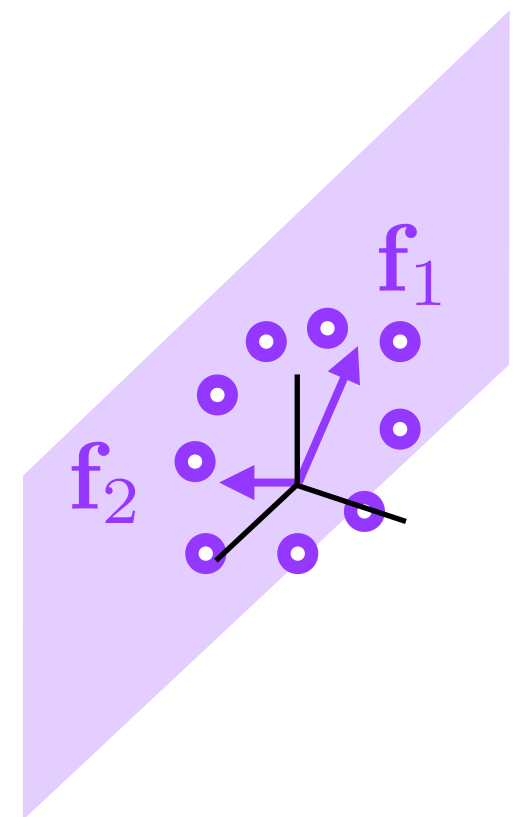
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[Sadler et al. '14]
[Gao & Ganguli '17]
[Golub et al. '18]
[Hennig et al. '18]

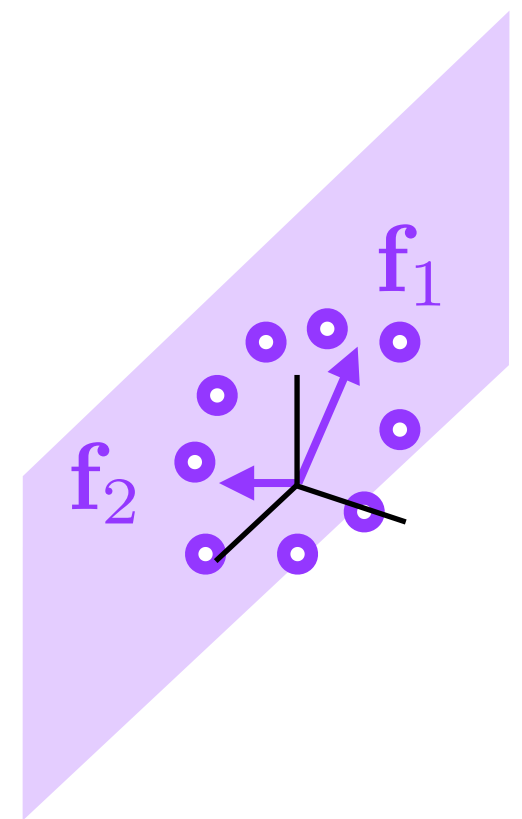
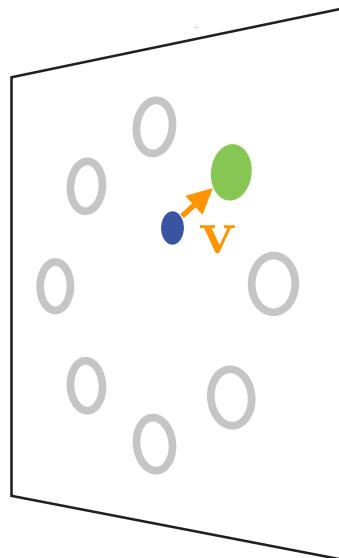
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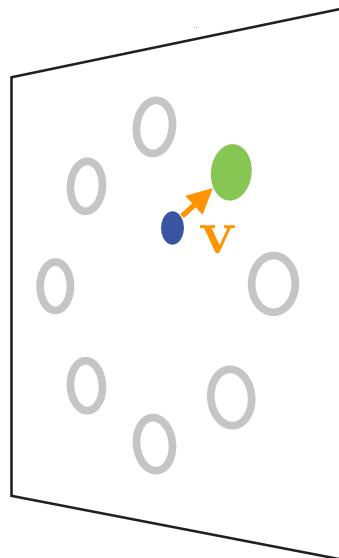
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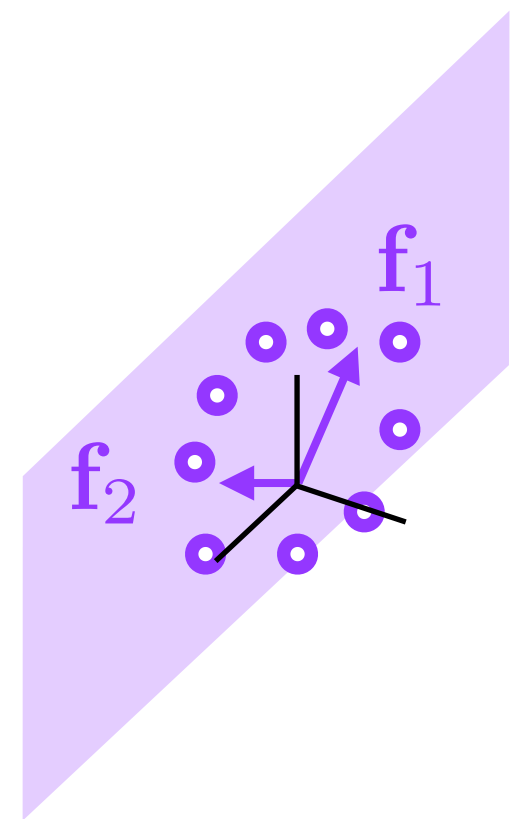
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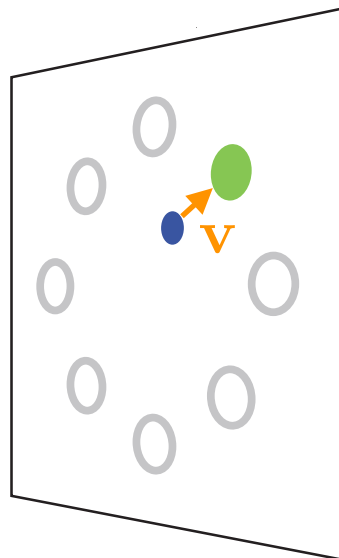
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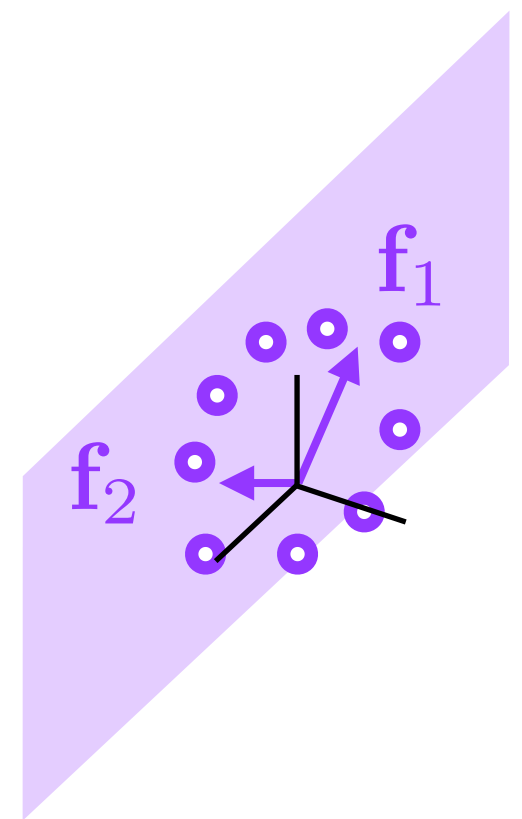
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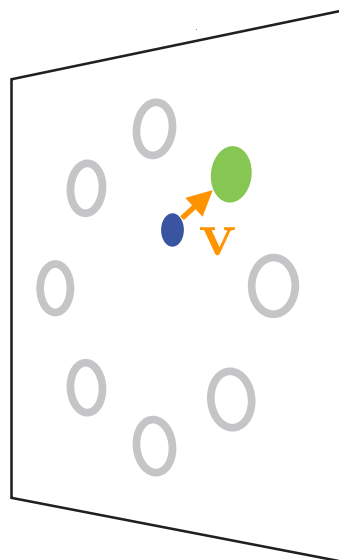
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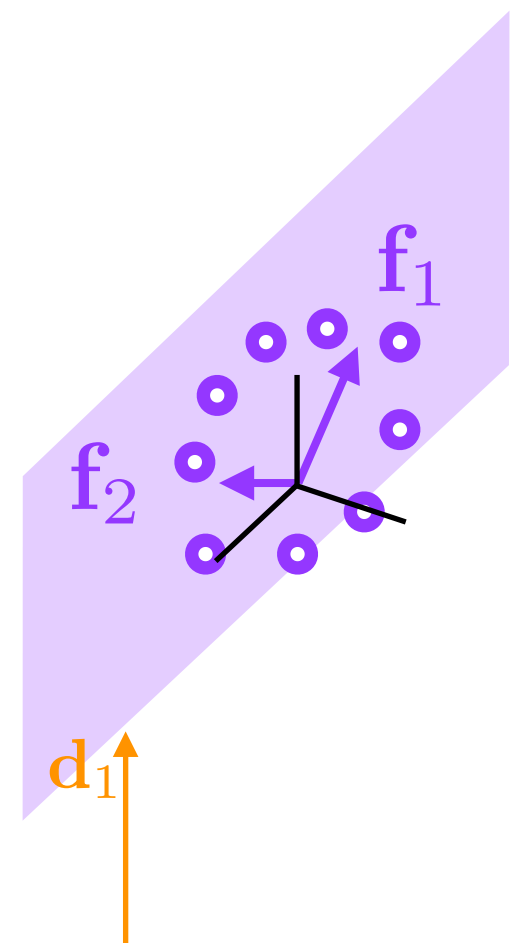
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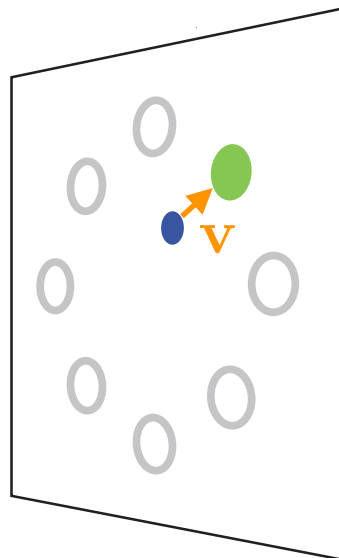
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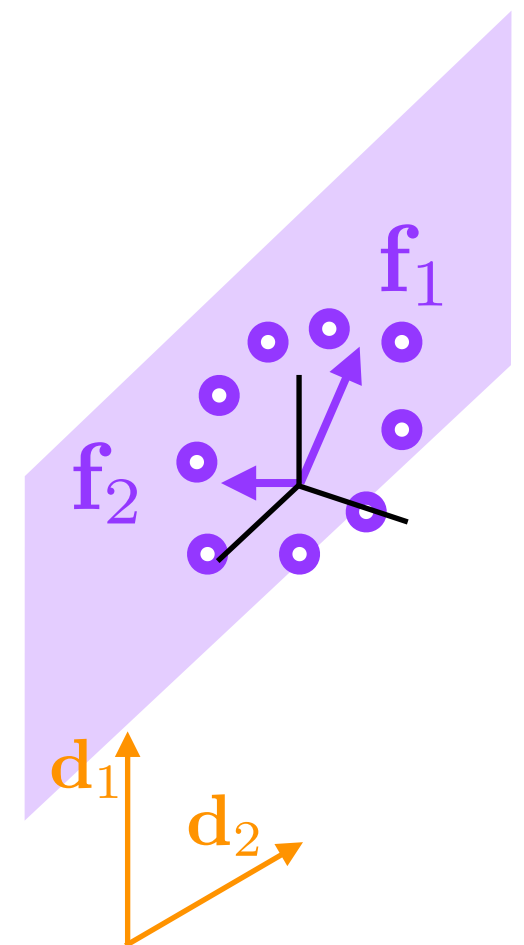
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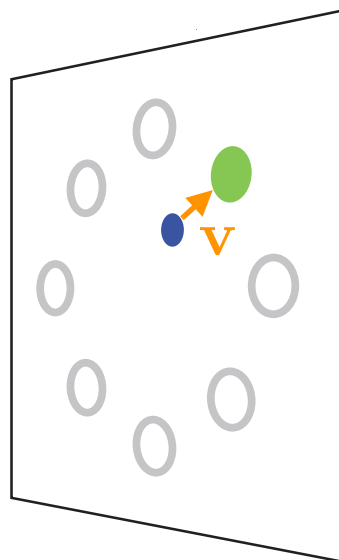
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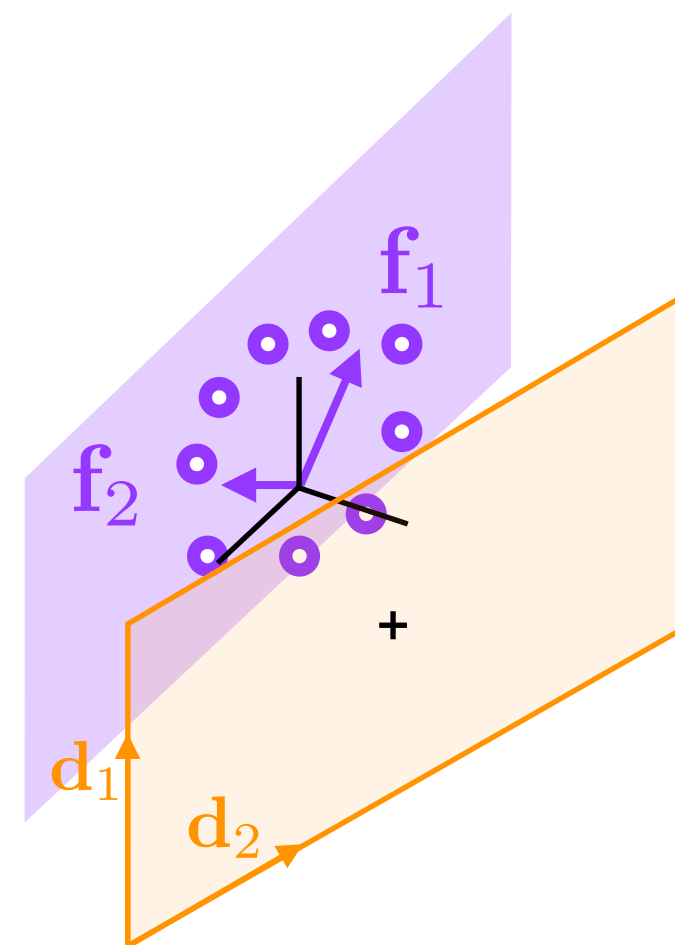
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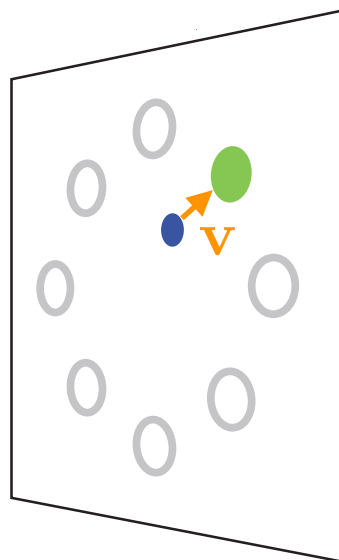
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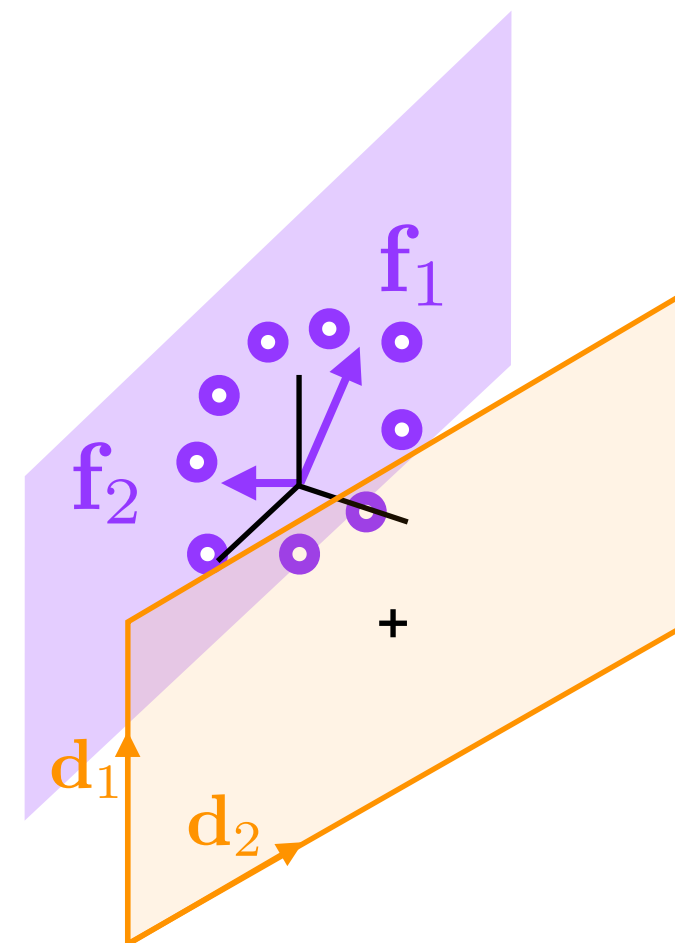
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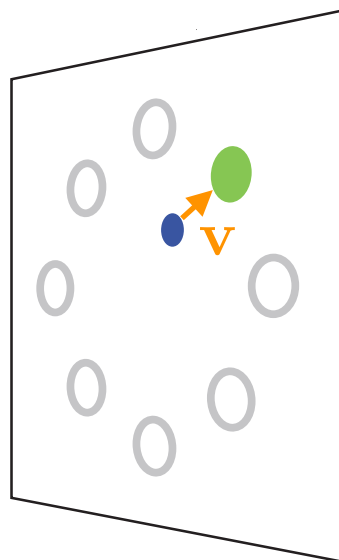
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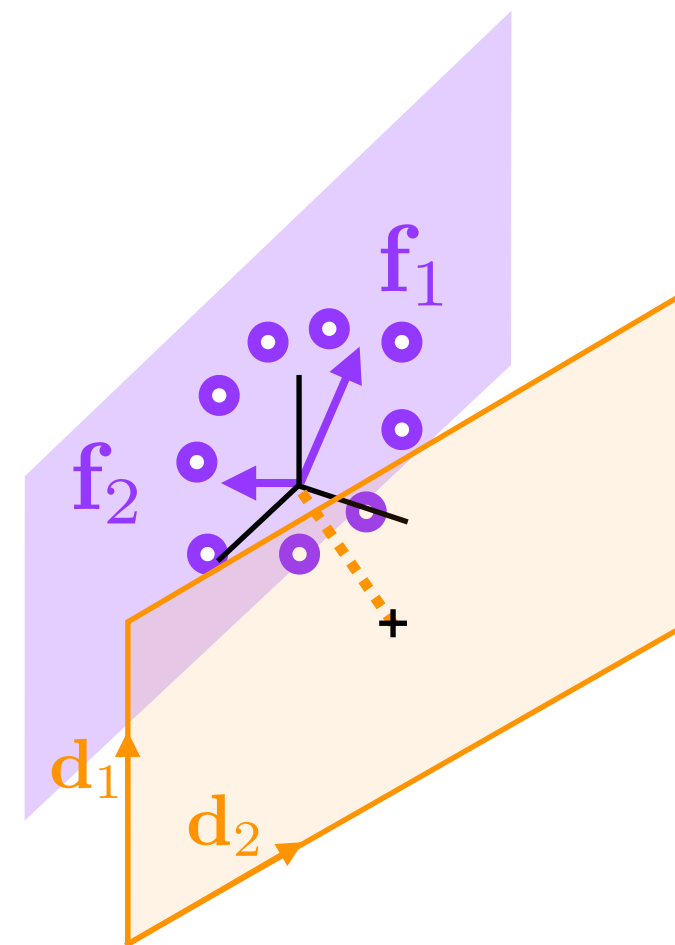
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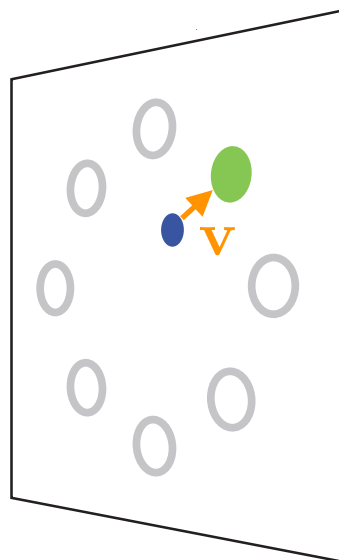
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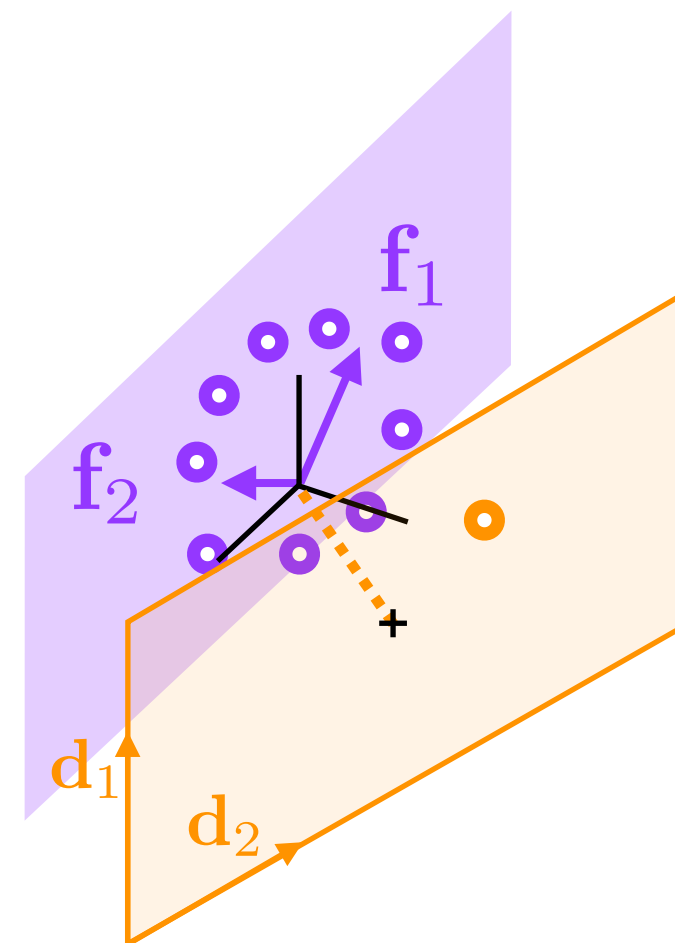
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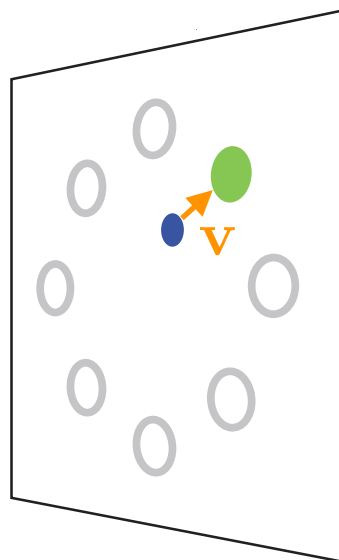
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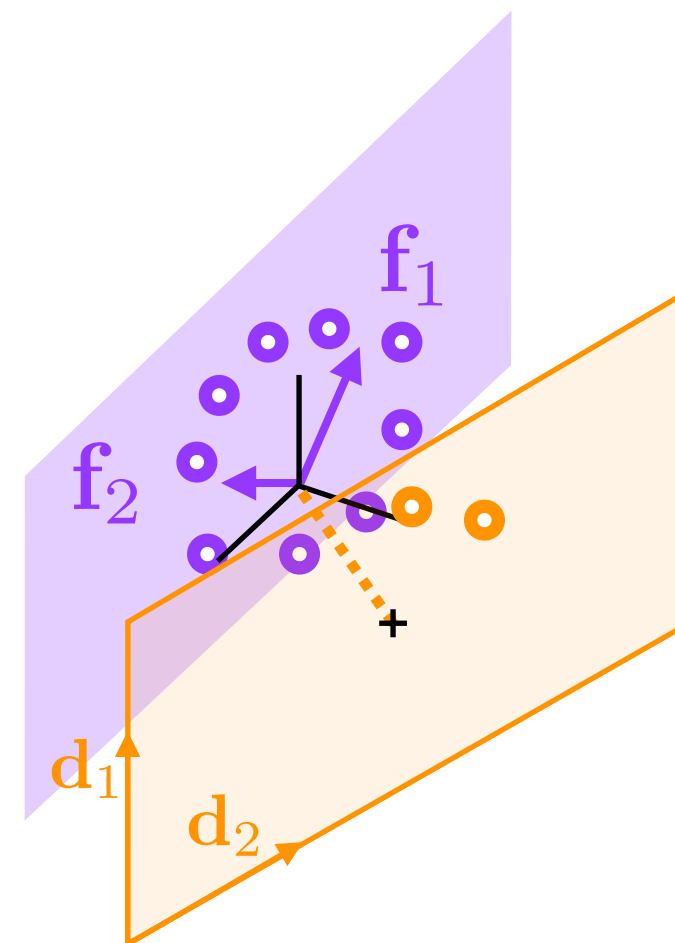
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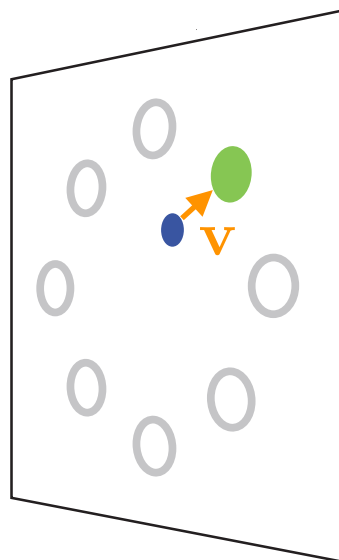
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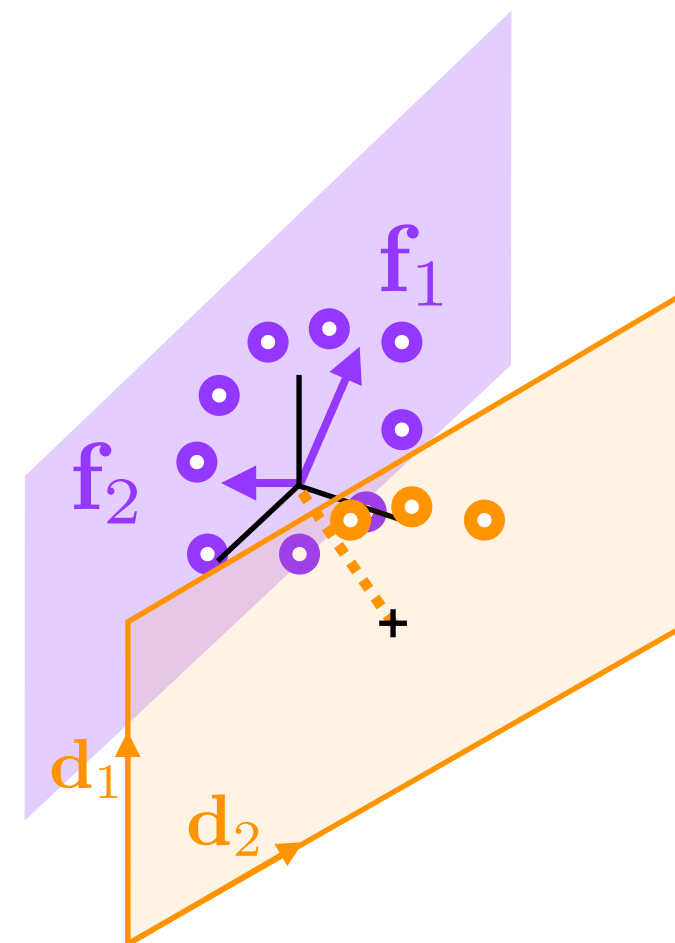
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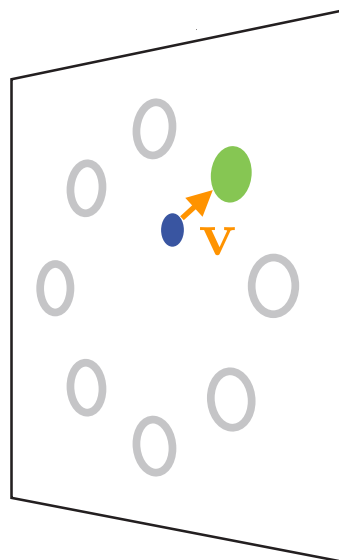
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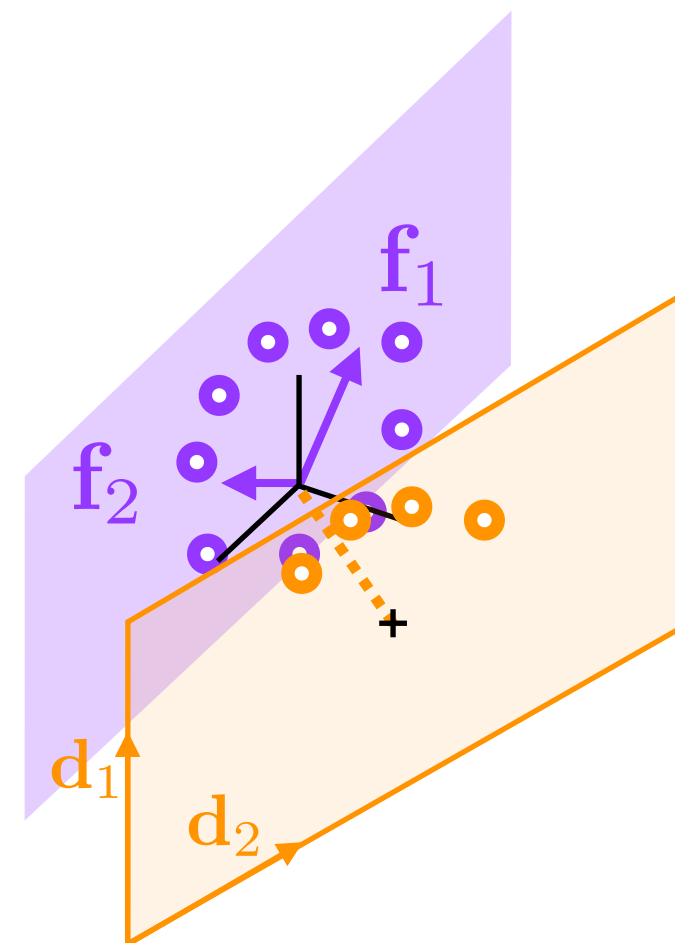
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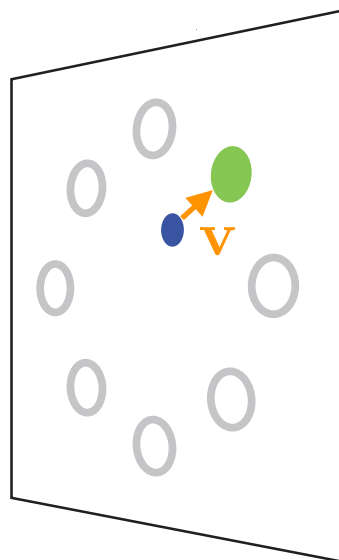
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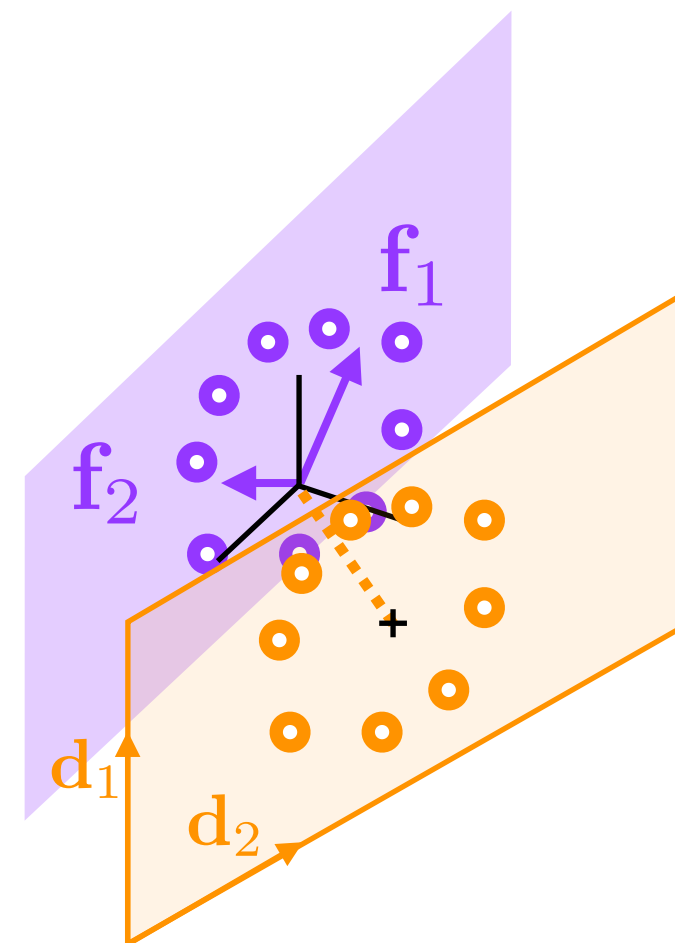
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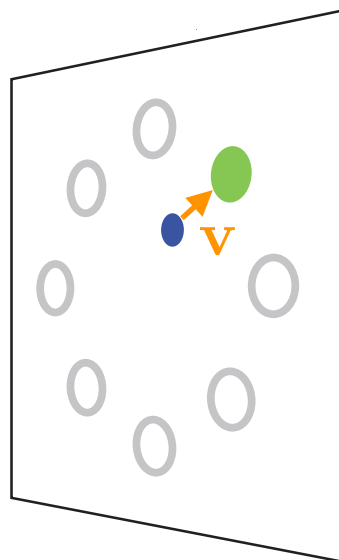
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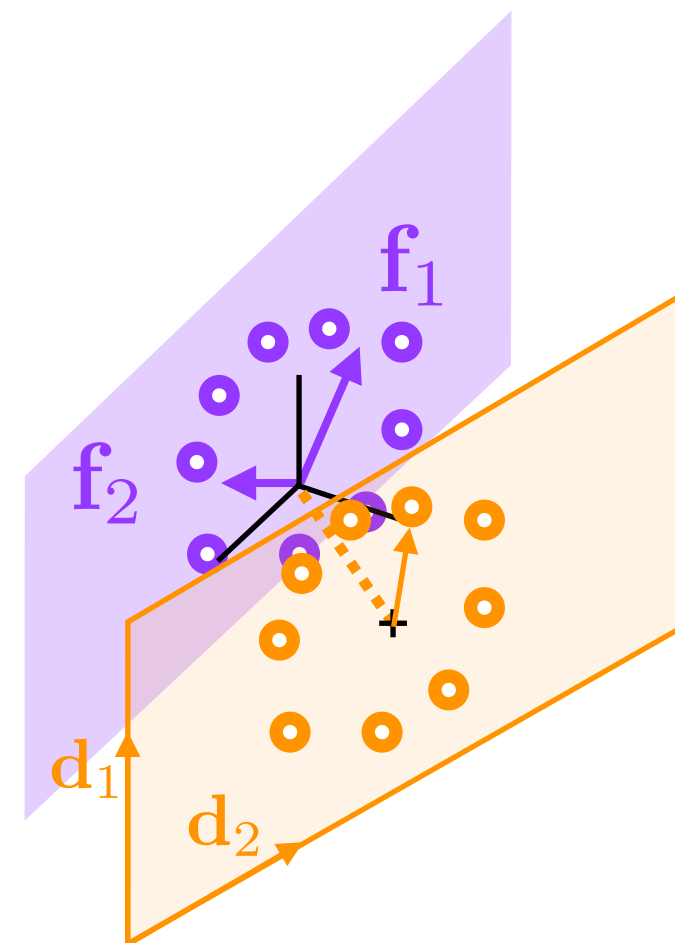
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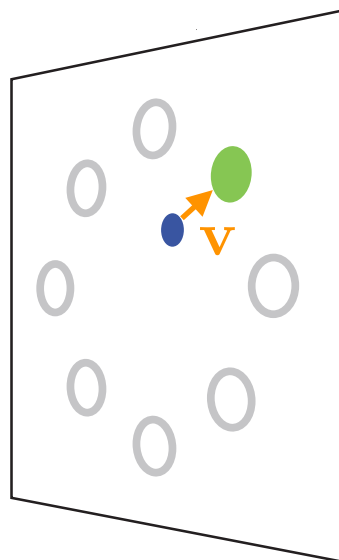
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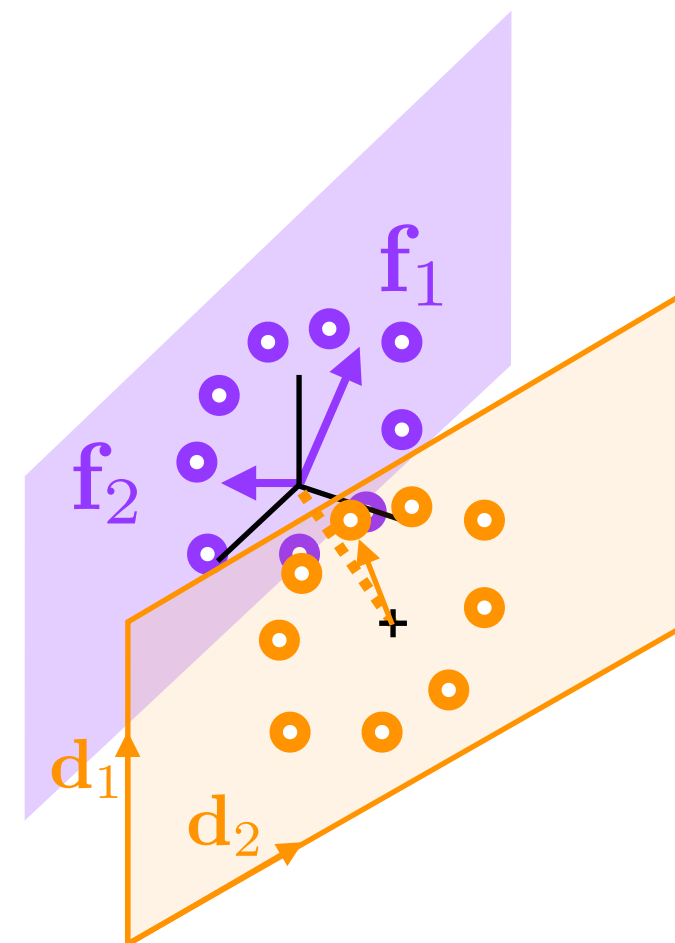
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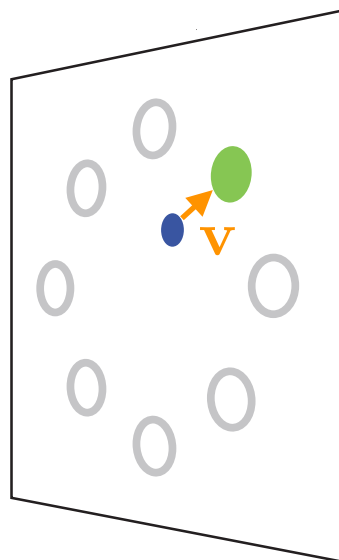
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Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

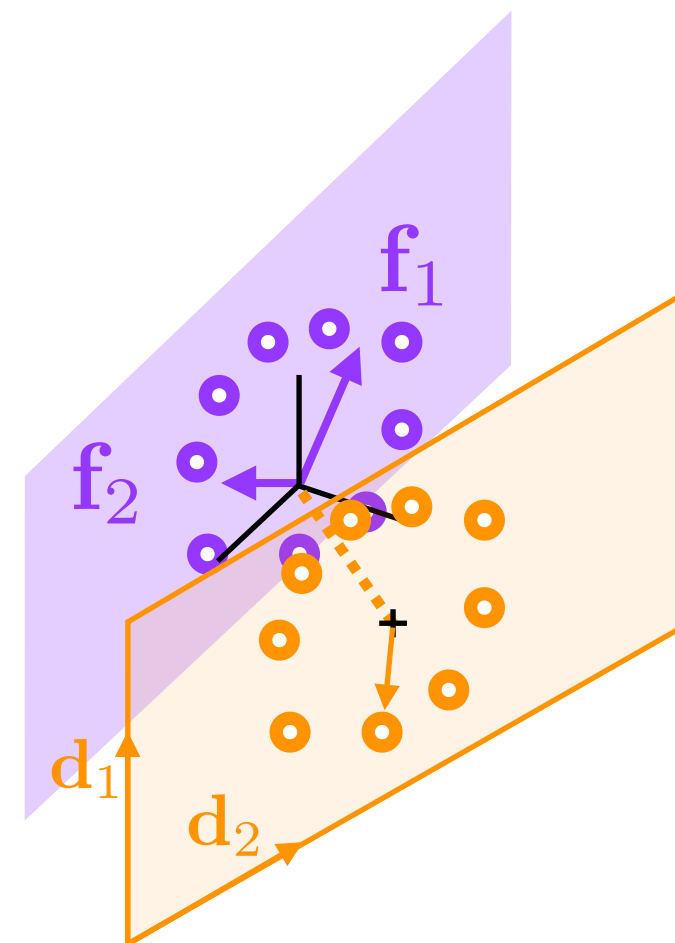
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in}(\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v}(t) &= \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T & - \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T & - \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



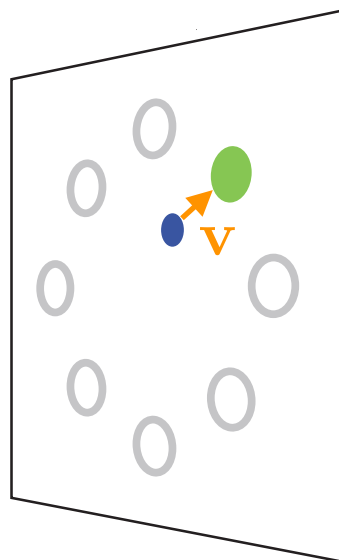
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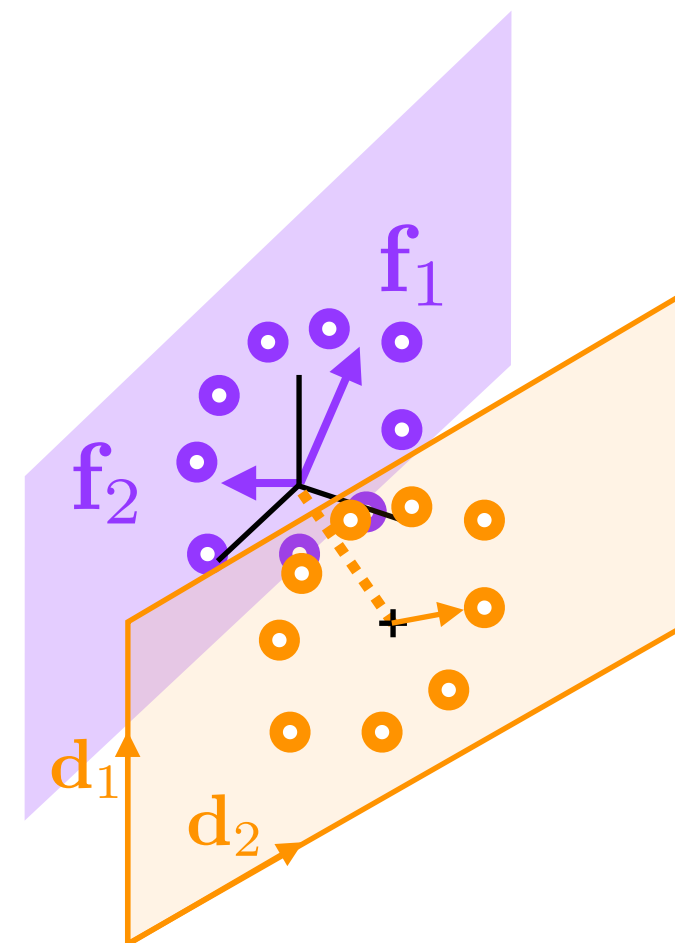
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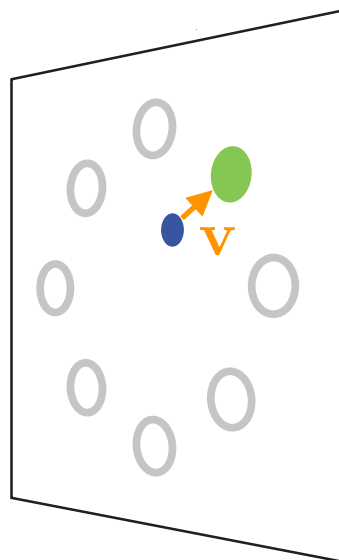
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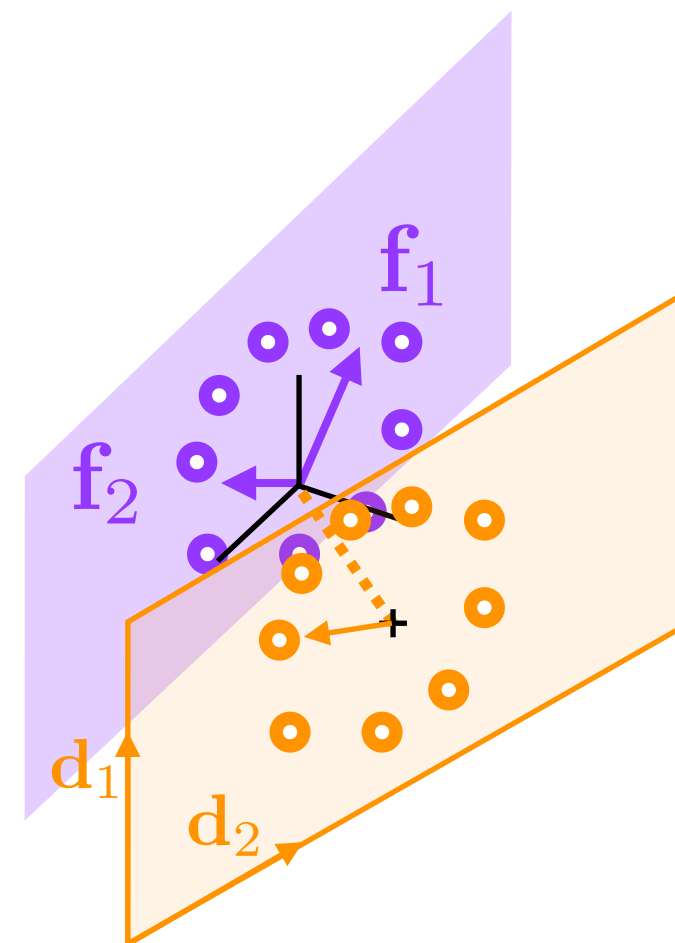
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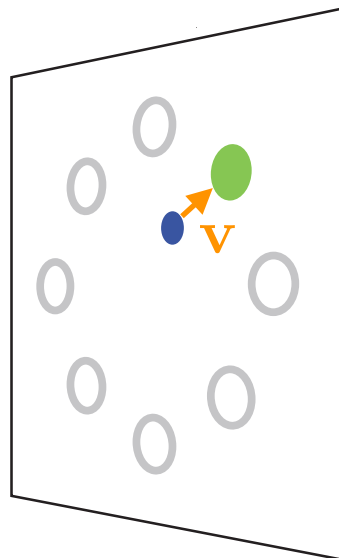
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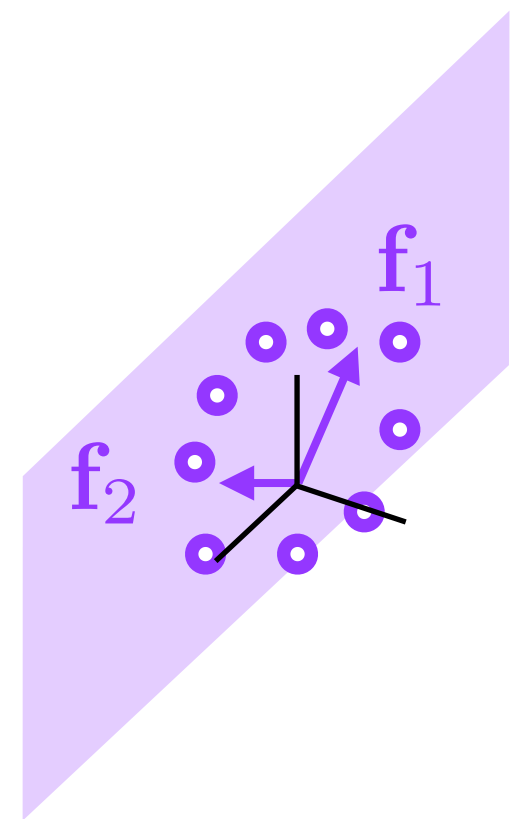
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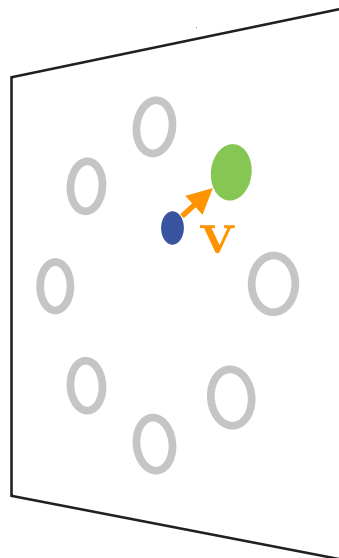
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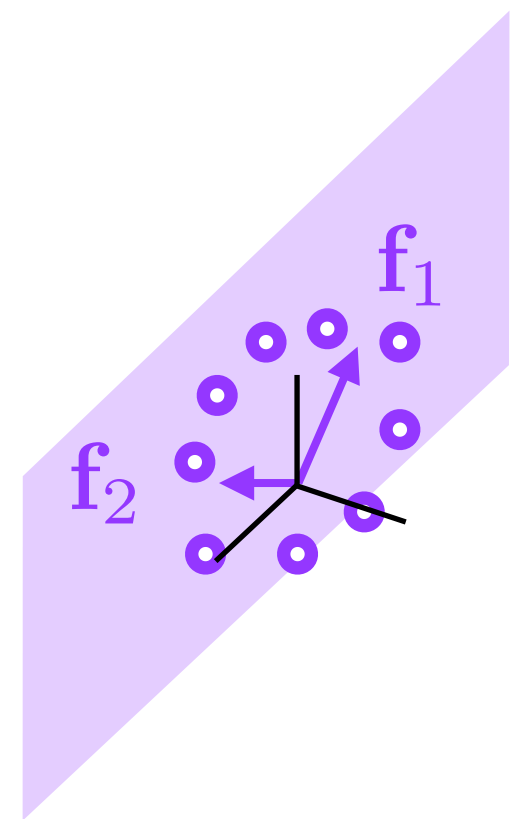
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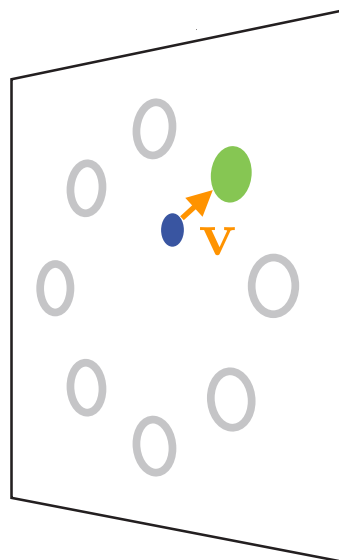
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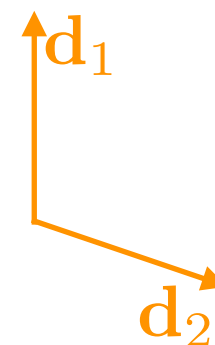
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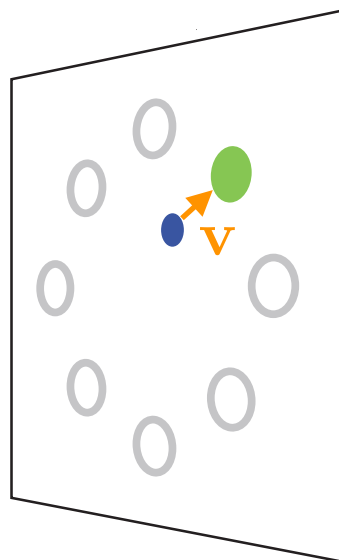
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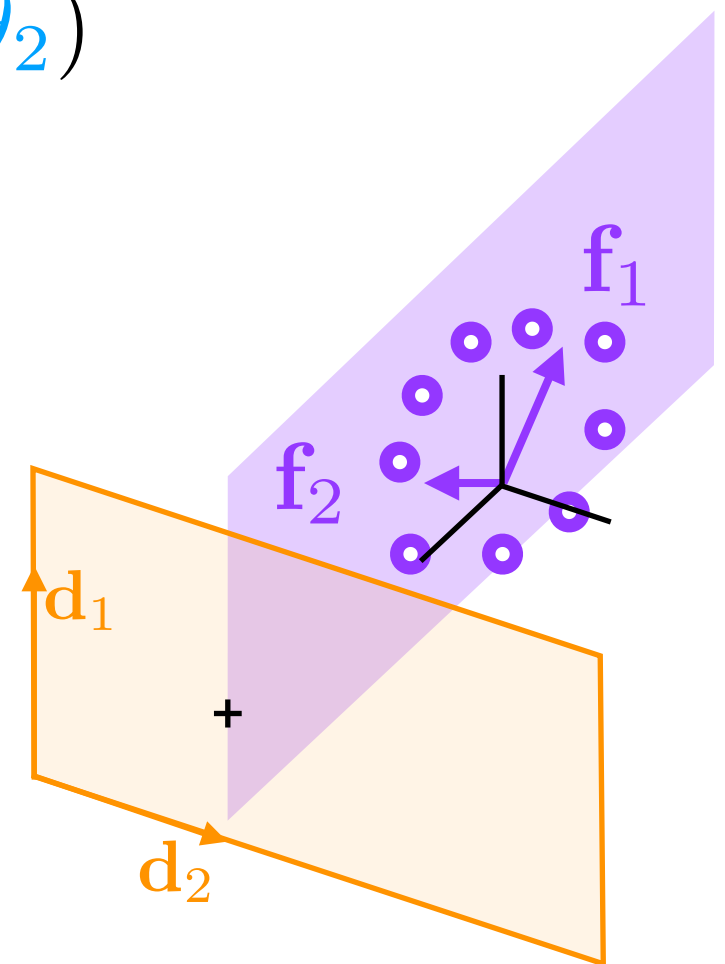
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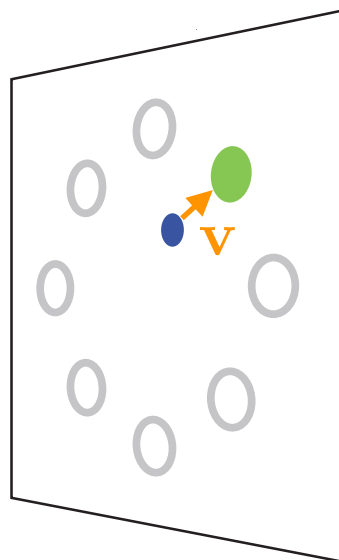
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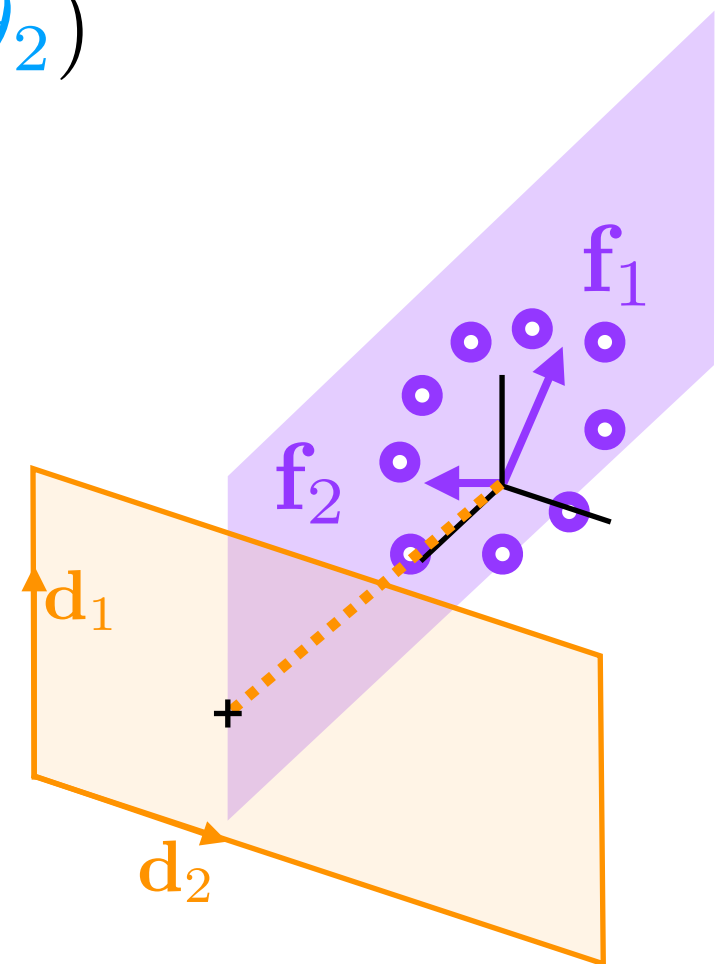
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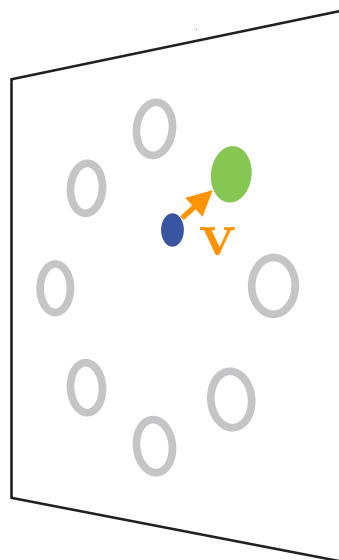
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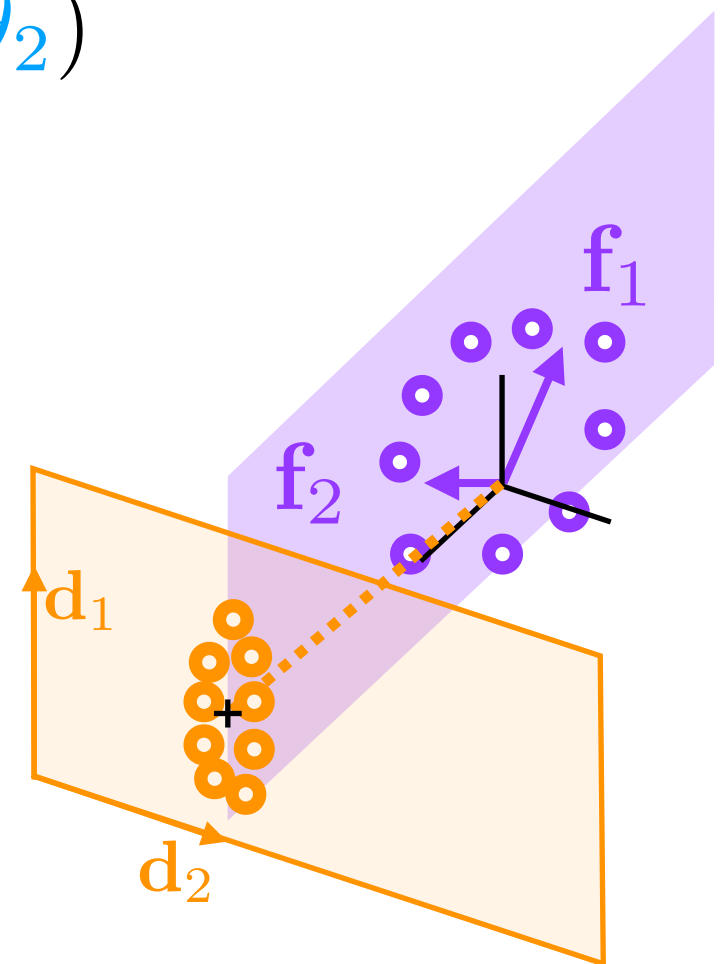
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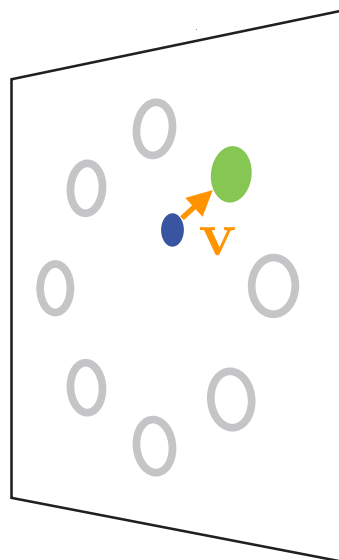
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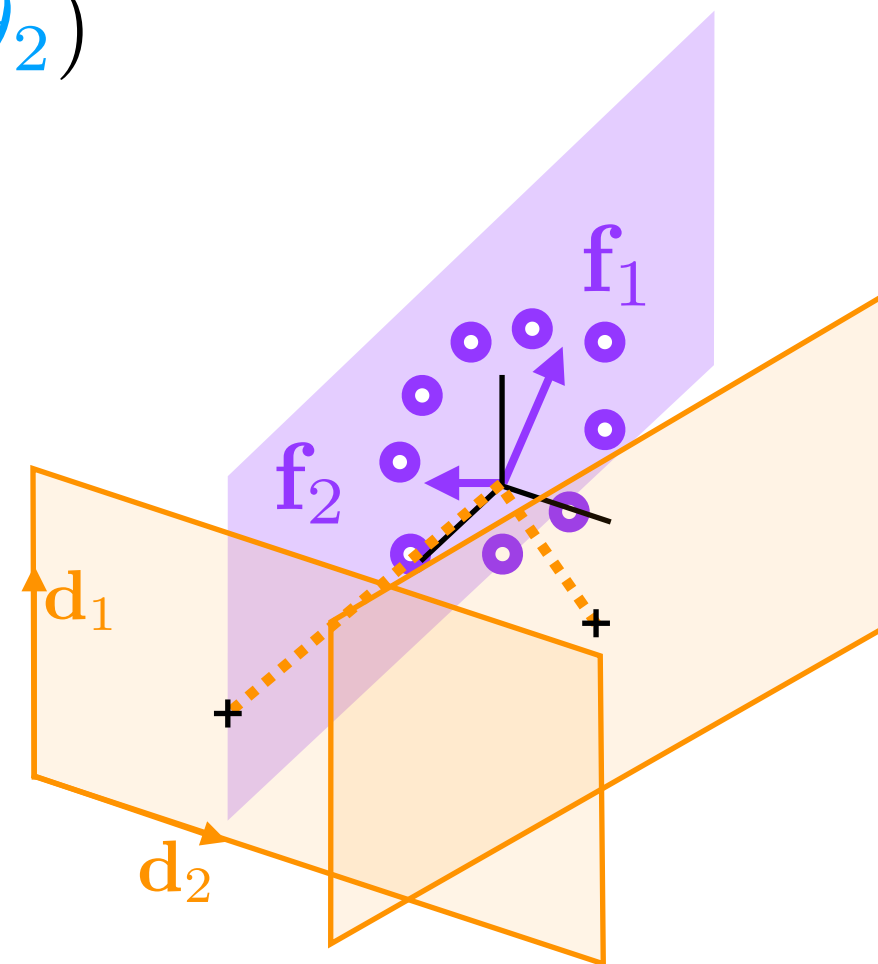
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(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

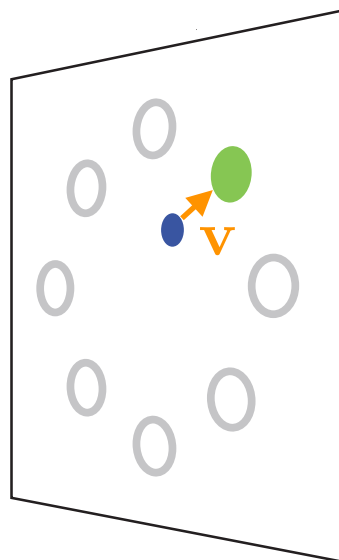
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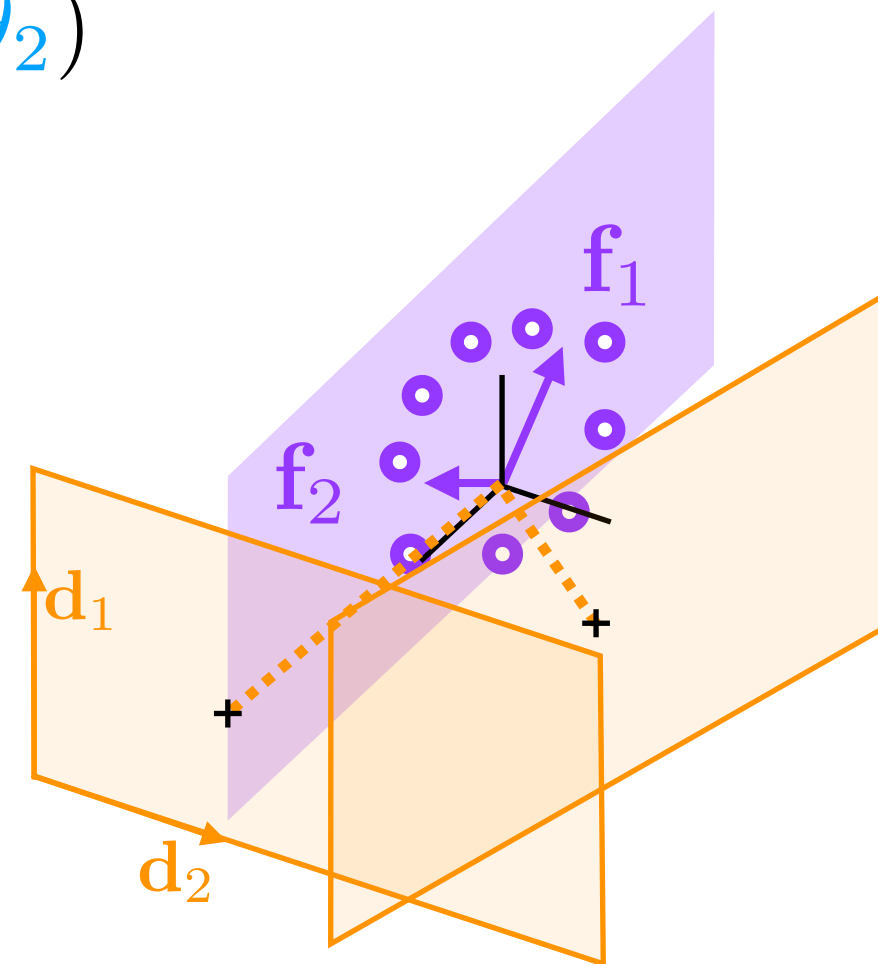
[θ constant]

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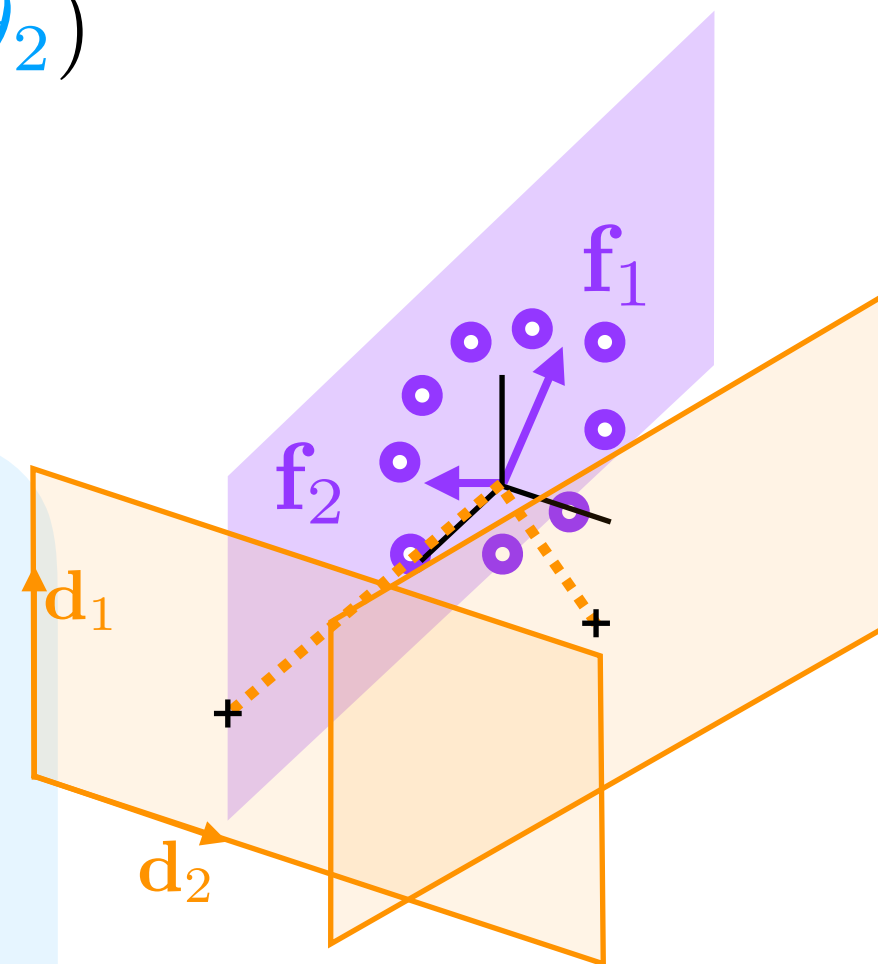
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$$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \quad \mathbf{v}^*$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
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} “re-aiming”

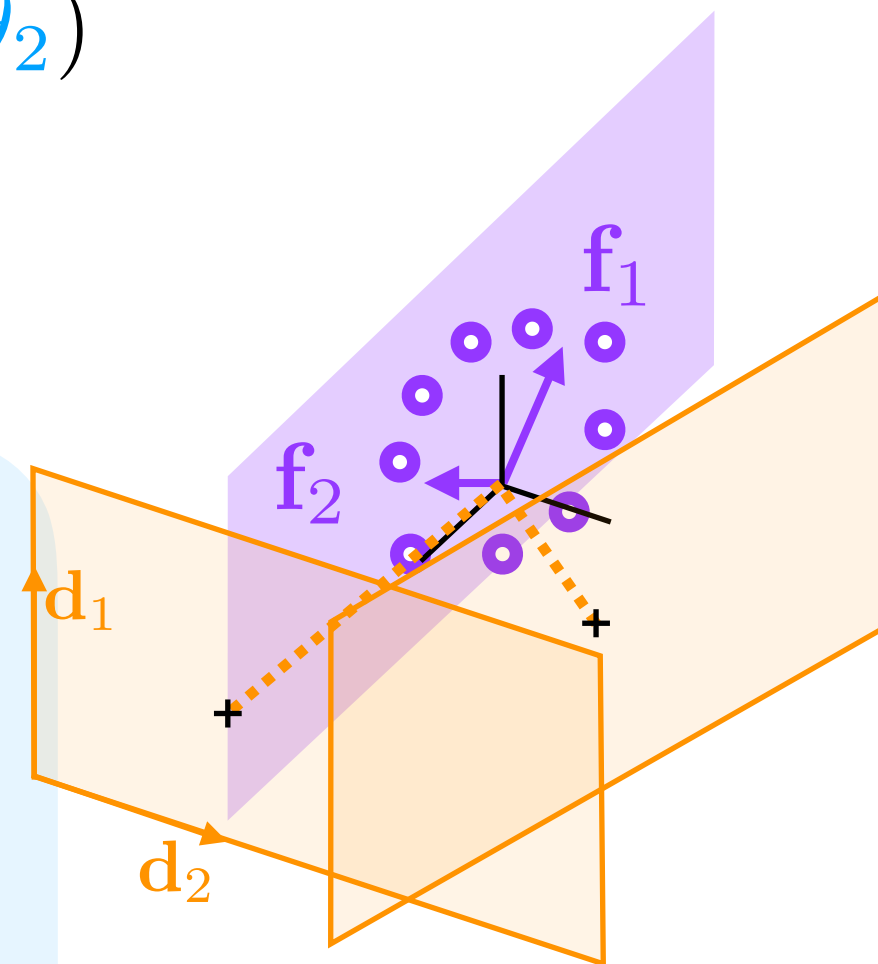
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$$\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

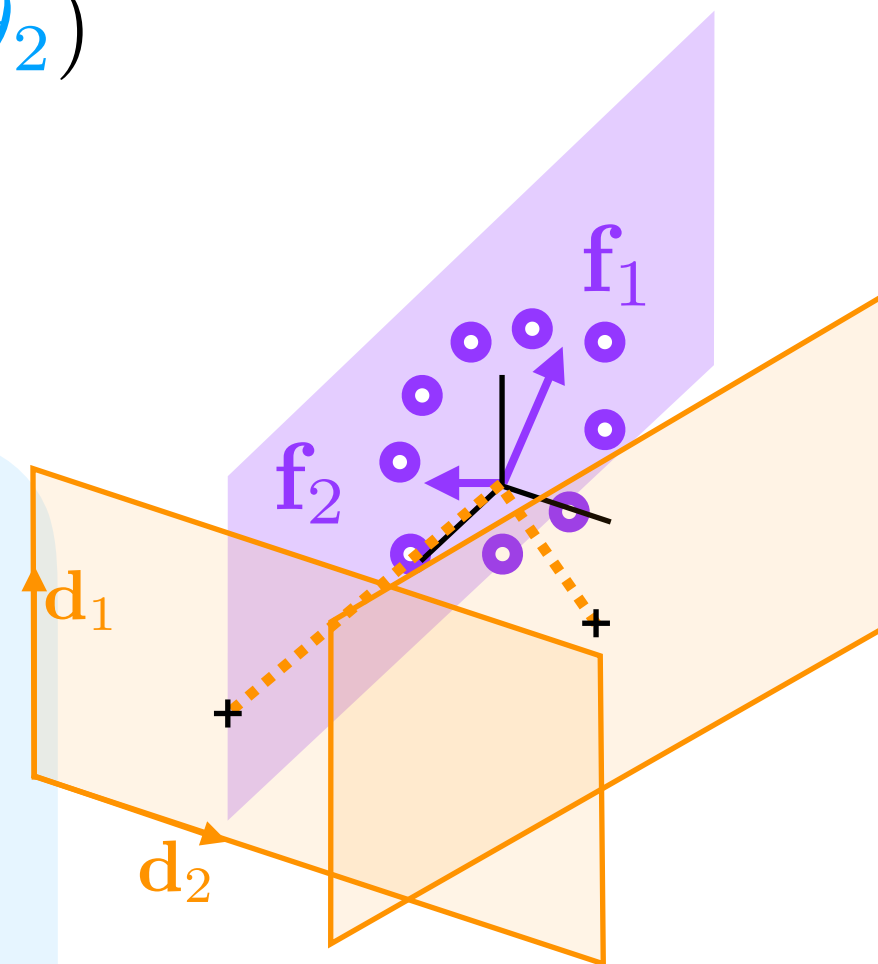
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$$\min_{\substack{\theta \\ \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
 (2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

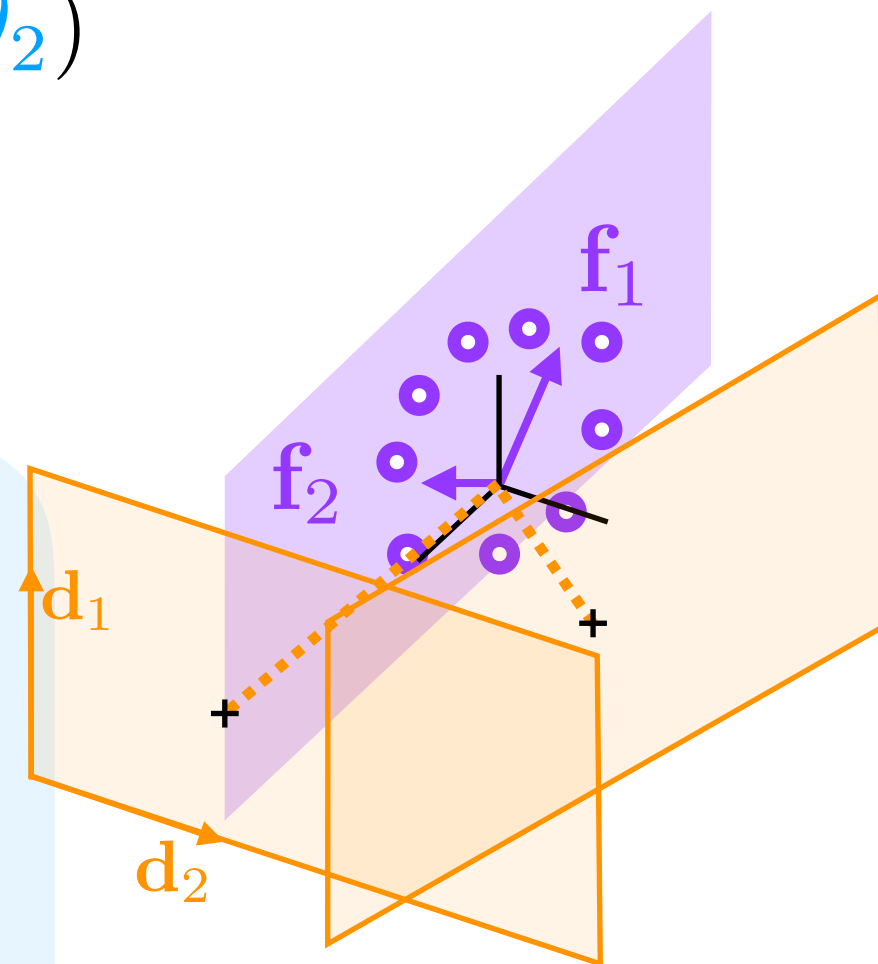
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$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\substack{\theta \\ \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$



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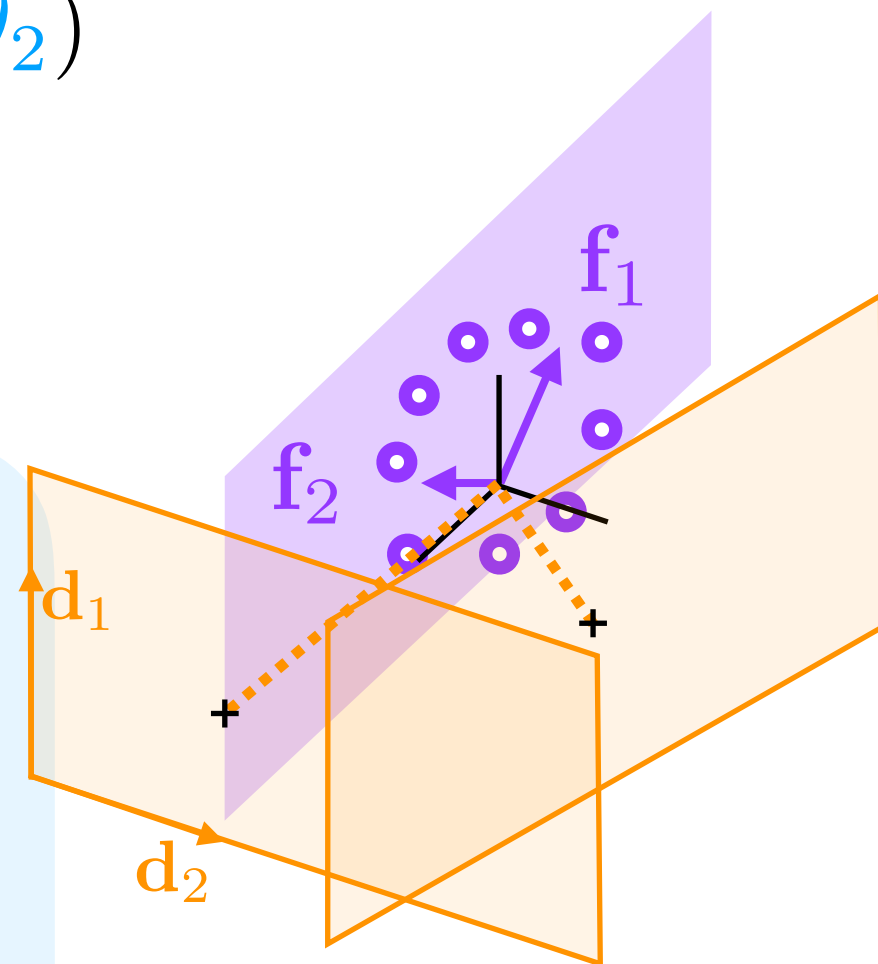
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optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \min_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

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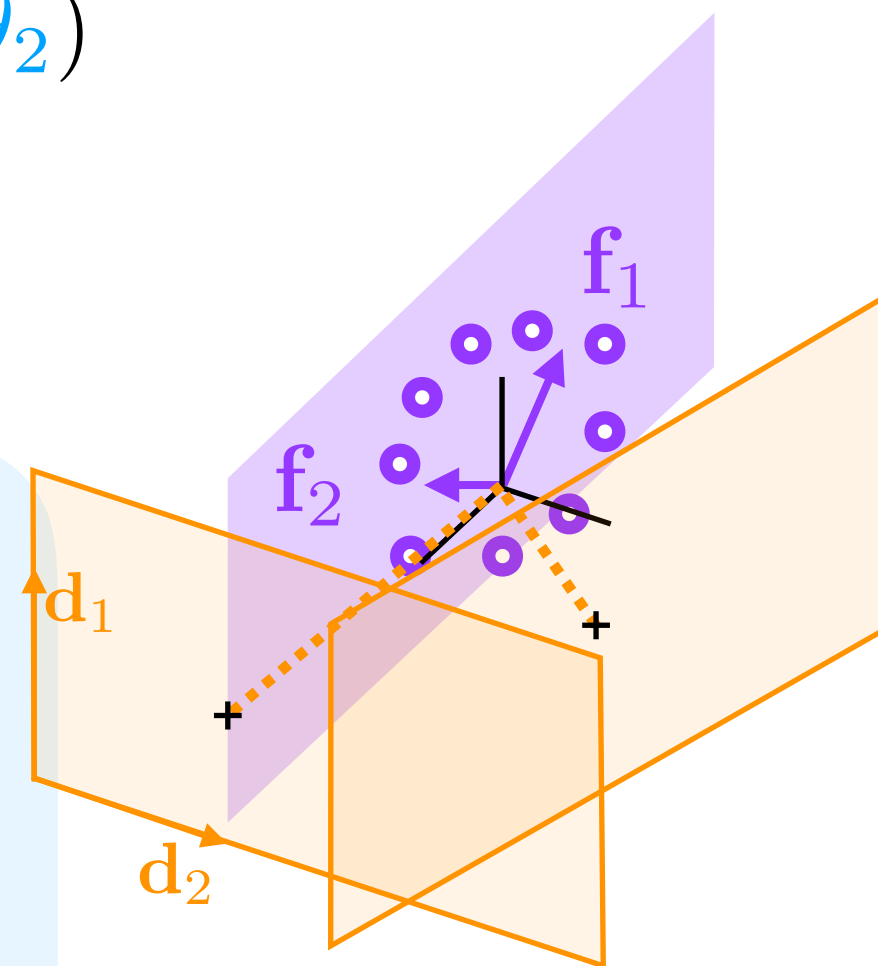
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optimal avg
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$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\substack{\theta \\ \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2}_{\text{decoder alignment}} + 1)^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

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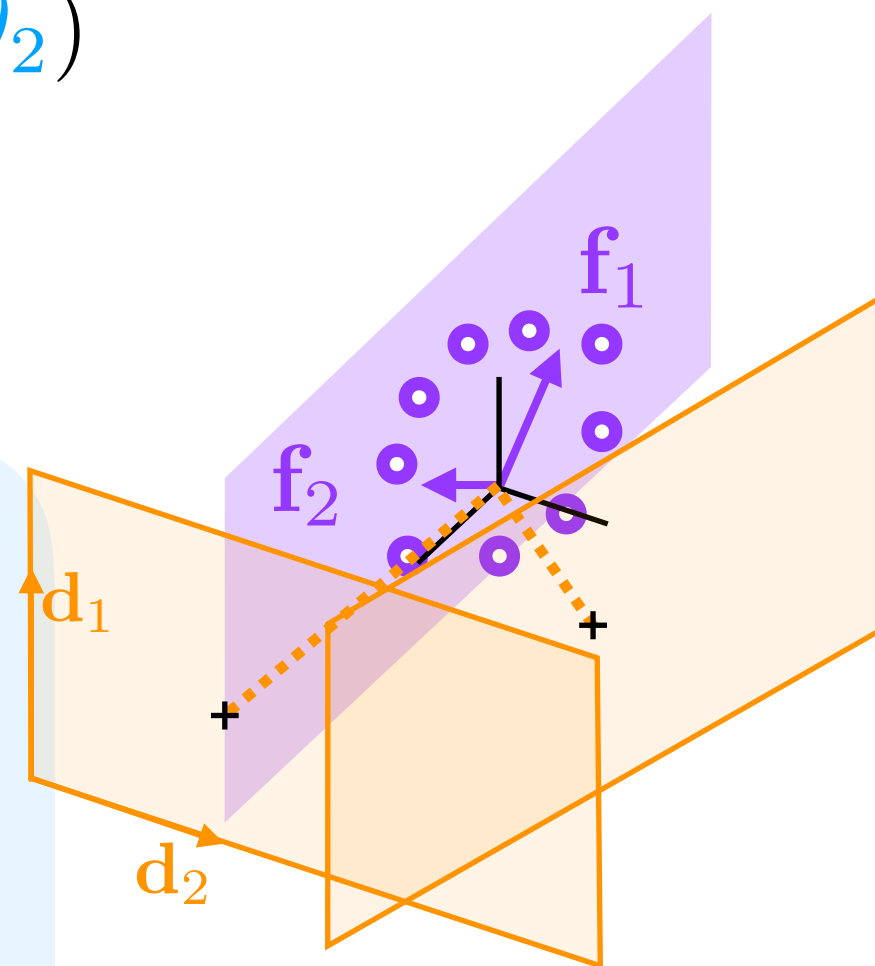
optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\substack{\theta \\ \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

s_i = singular values of

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_2 \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in}(\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

[θ constant] $\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

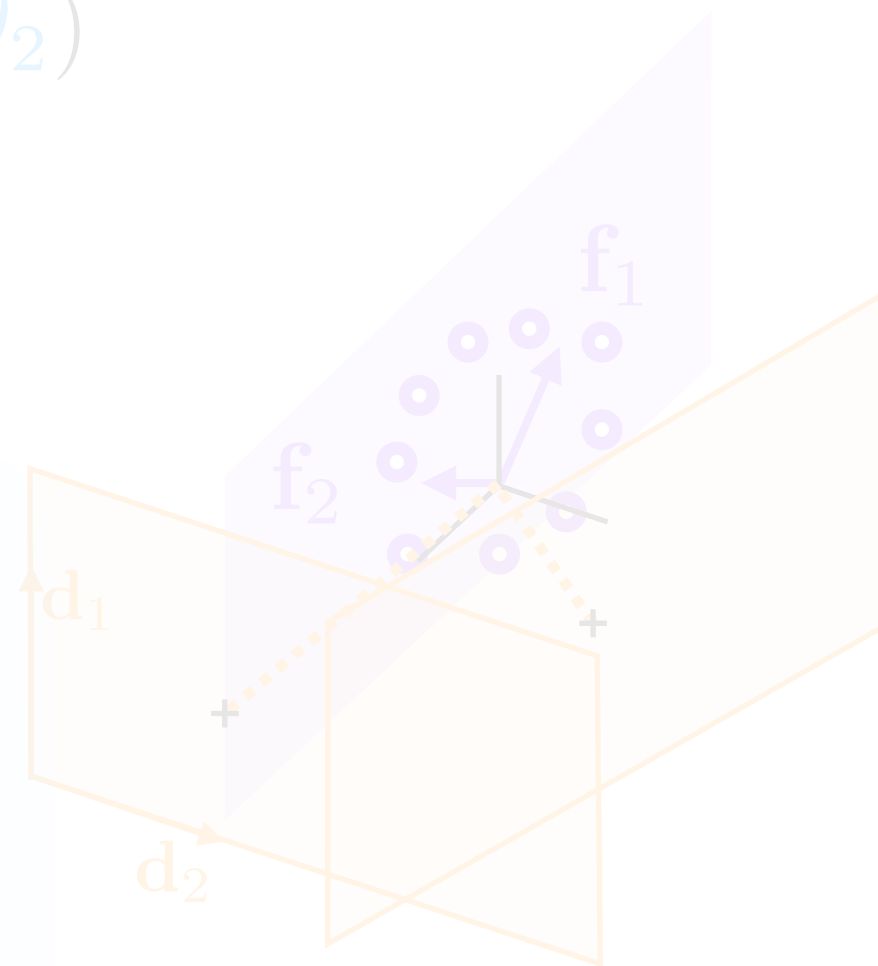
optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}$$

s_i = singular values of

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_2 \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{m}_i$$

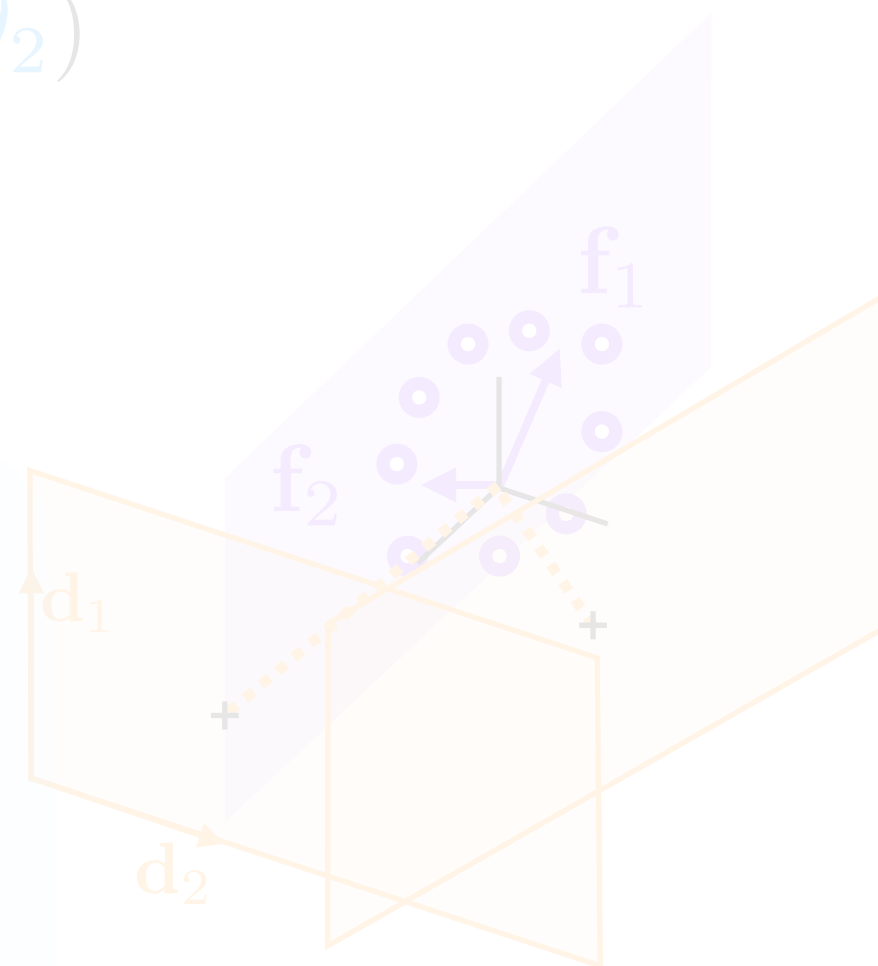
optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \|\mathbf{D} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_2 \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

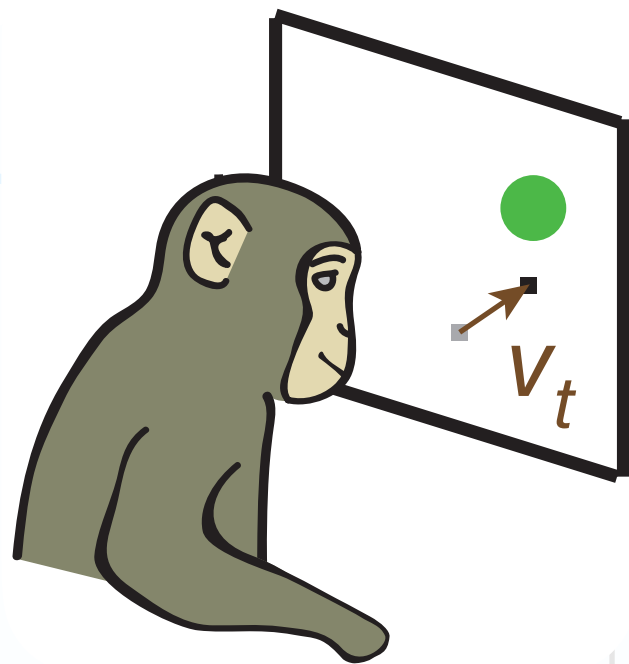
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

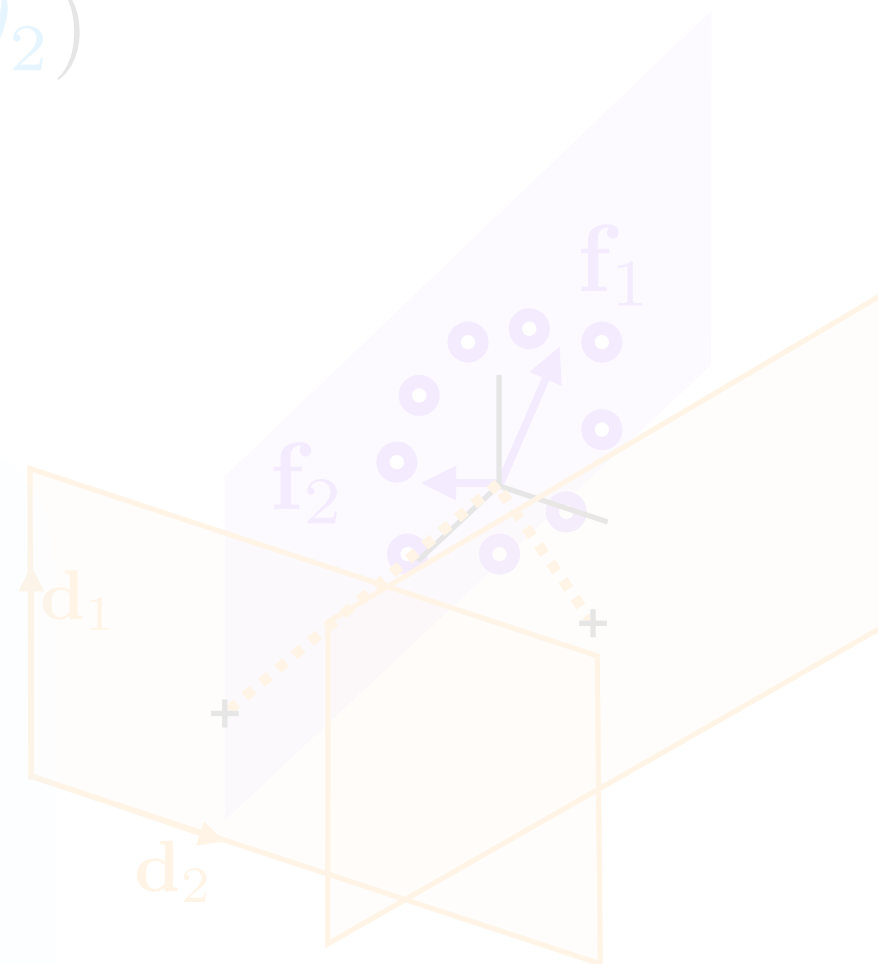
Sadtler et al. '14

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\min_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

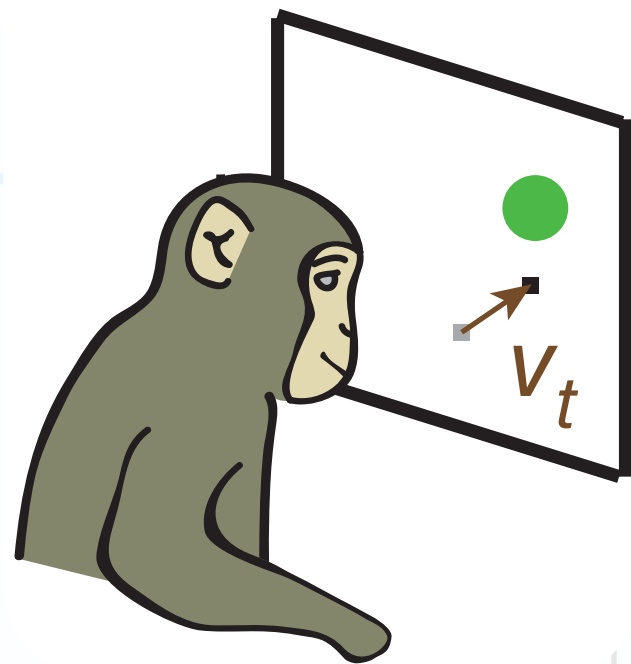
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

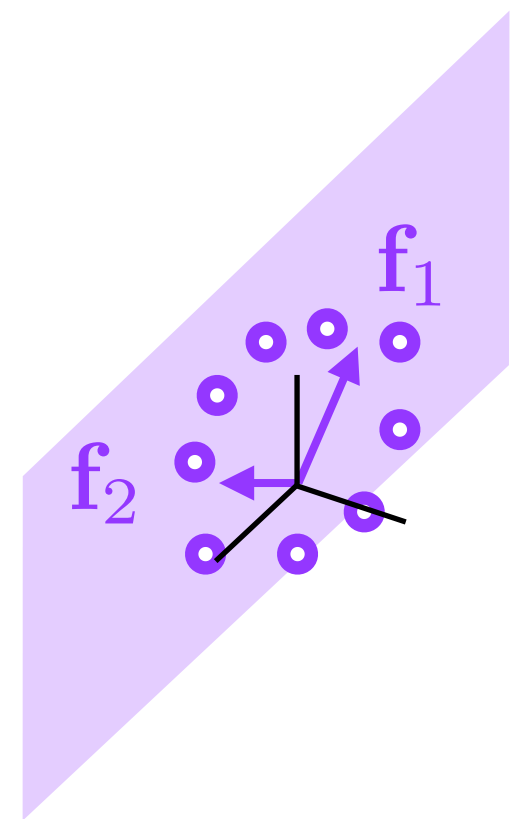
Sadtler et al. '14

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\min_{\theta} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

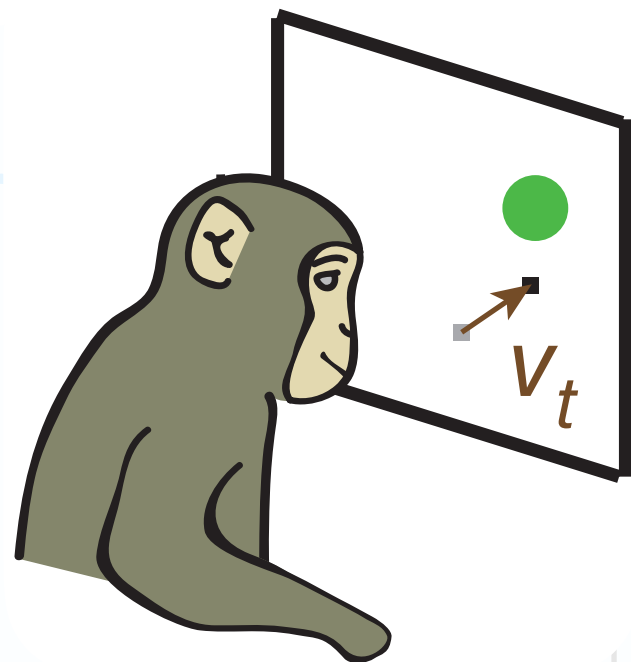
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

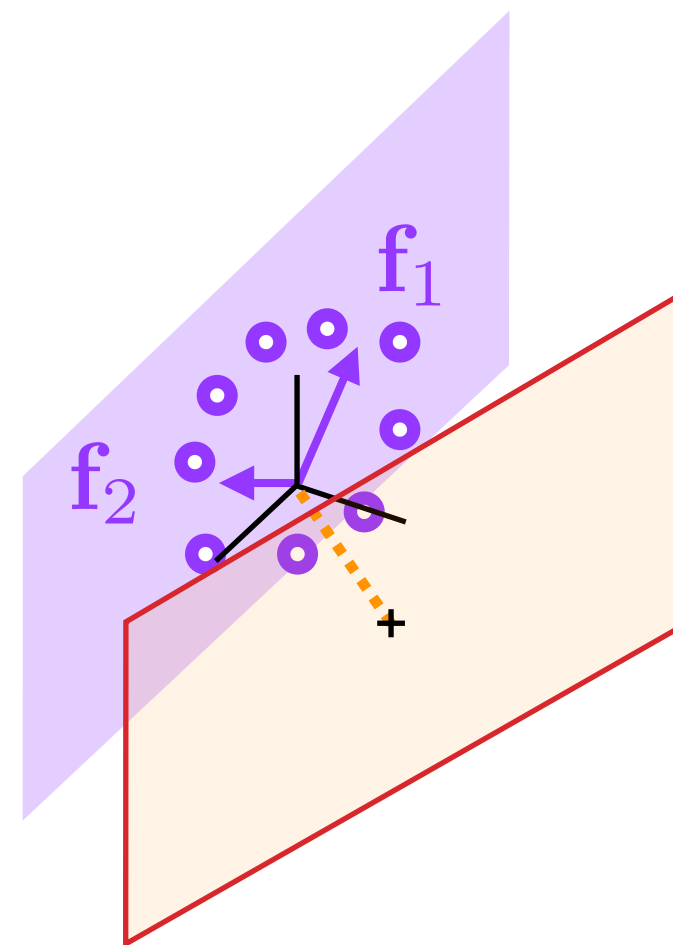
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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\min_{\theta} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

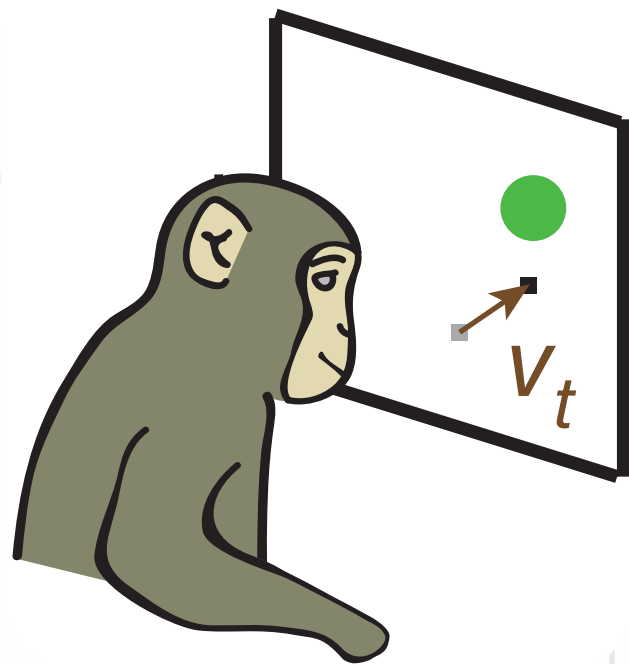
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

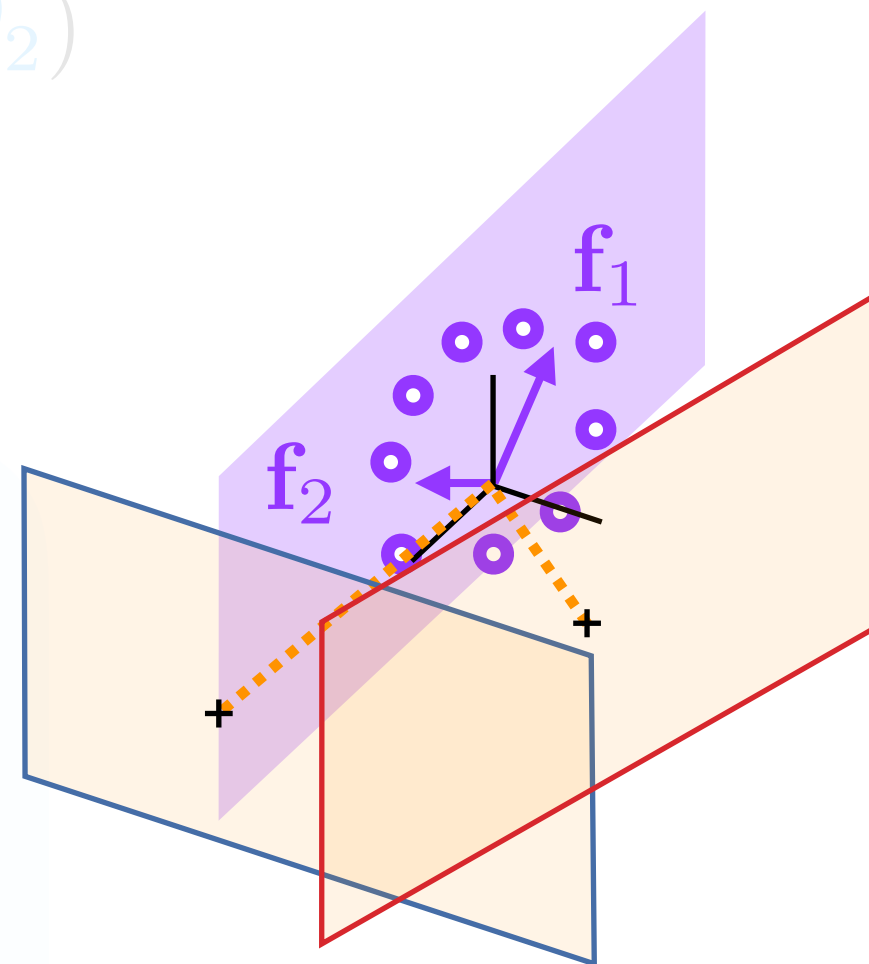
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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\min_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\underbrace{\gamma s_i^2 + 1}_{\text{decoder alignment}})^2}$$



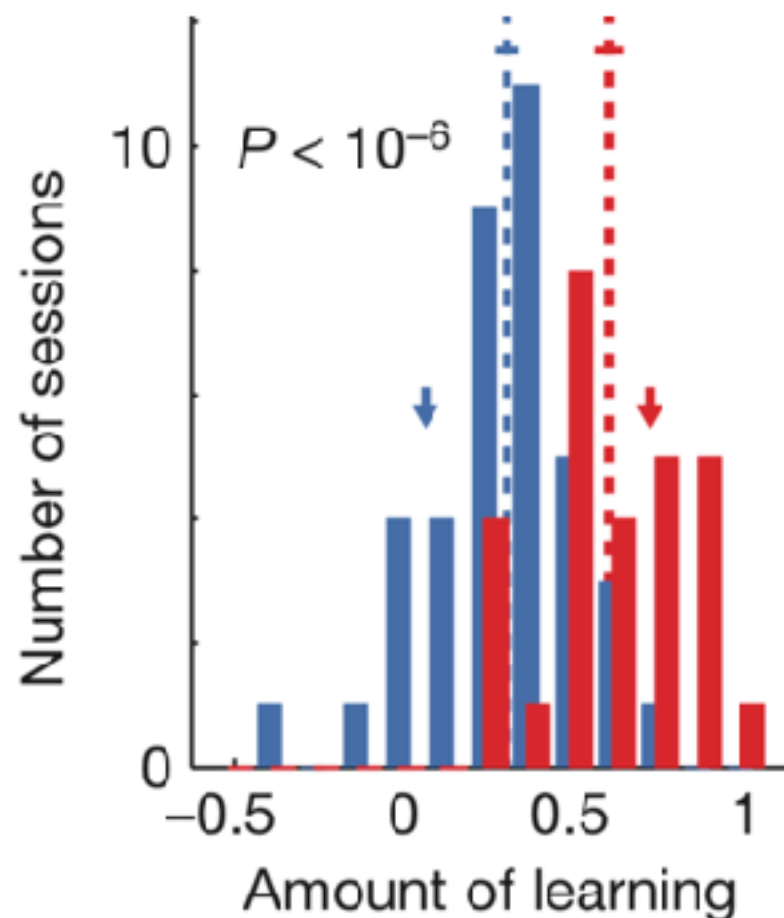
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

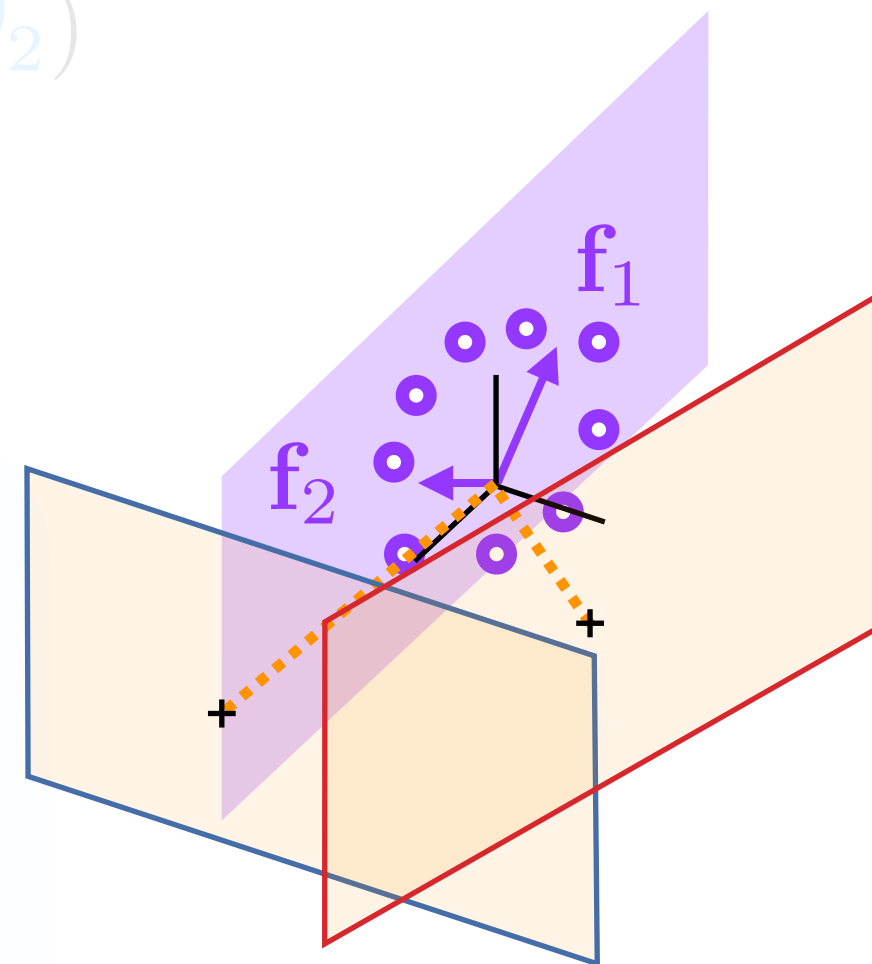
Sadtler et al. '14



$$\min_{\|\theta\| < C} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



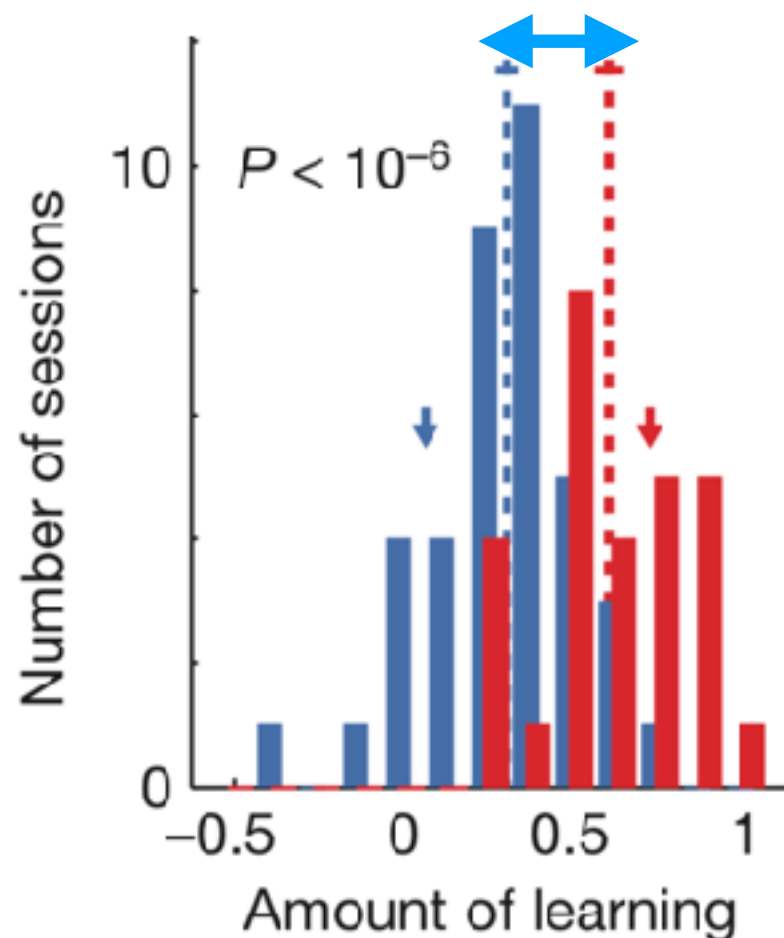
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

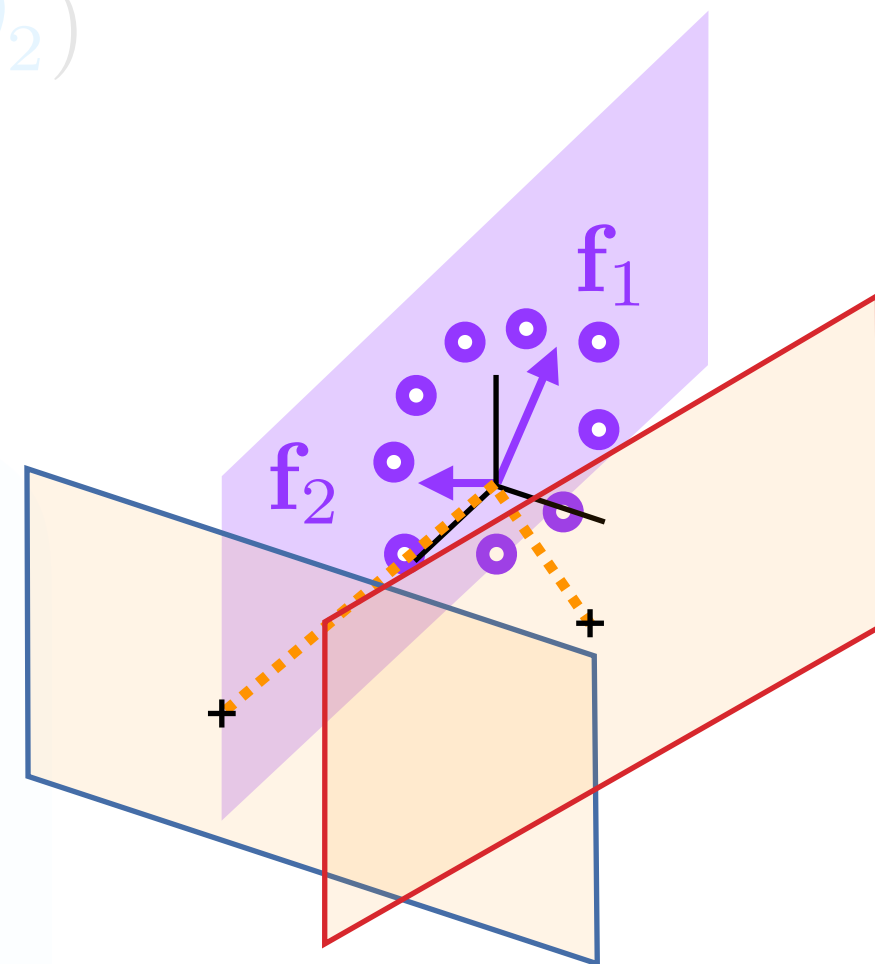
Sadtler et al. '14



$$\min_{\|\theta\| < C} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

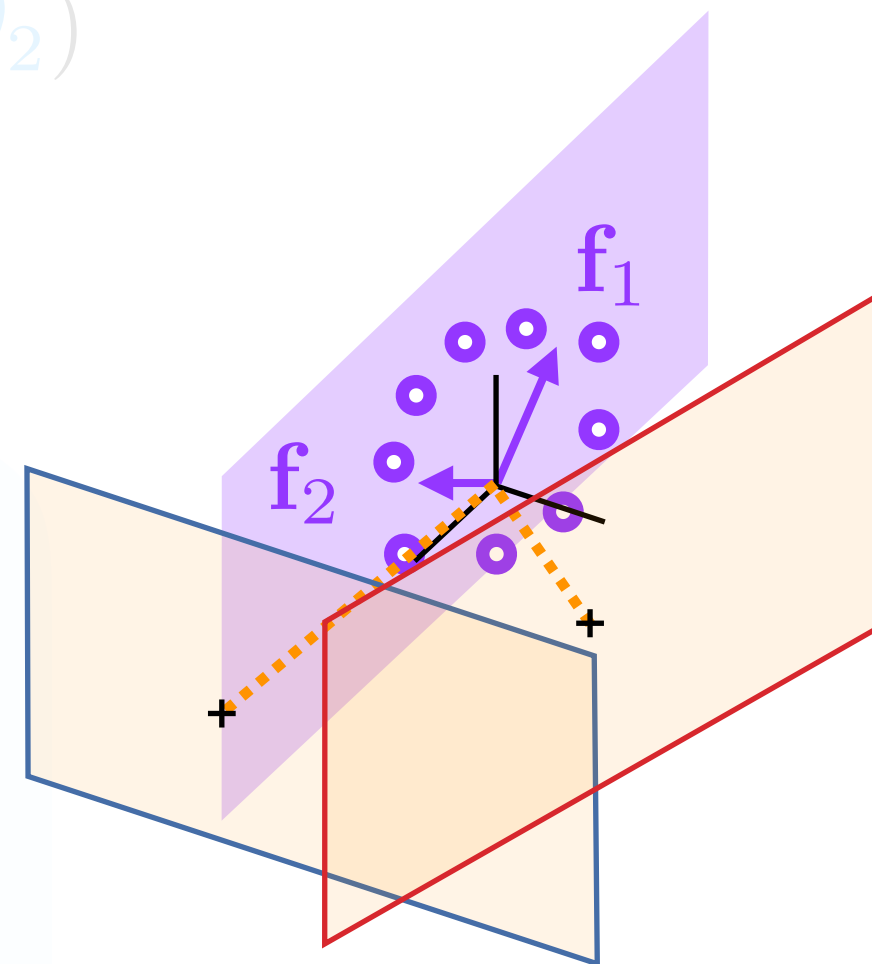
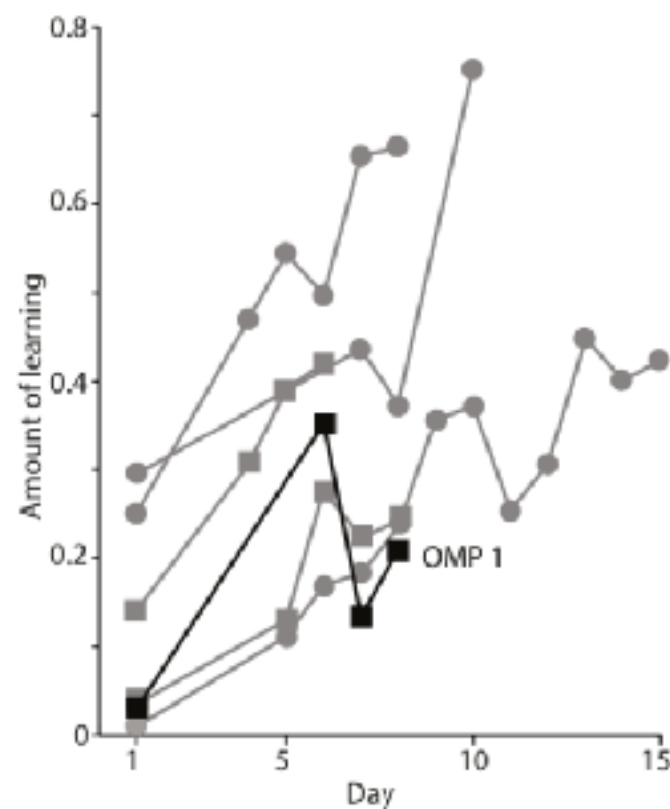
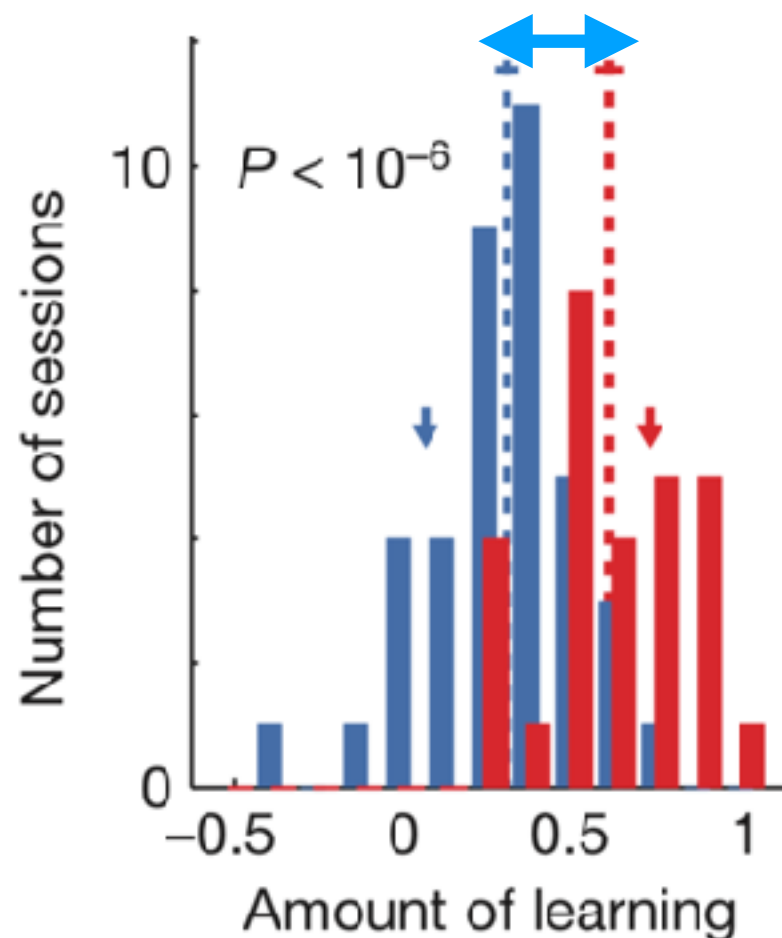
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

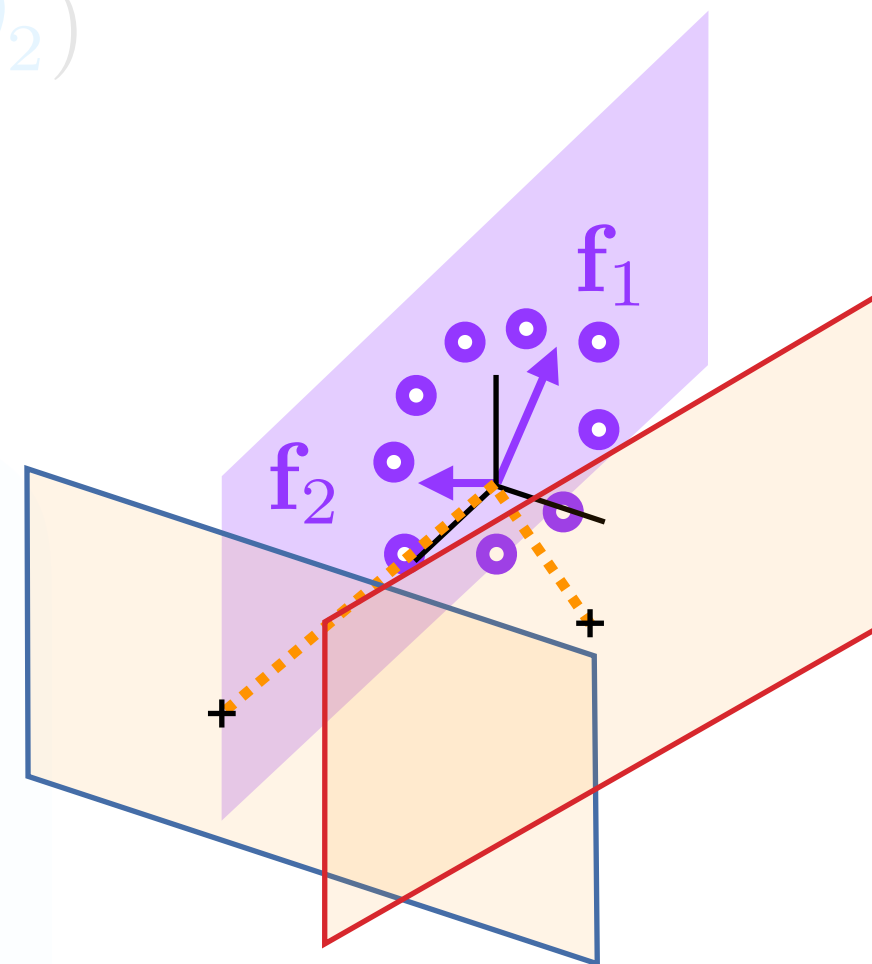
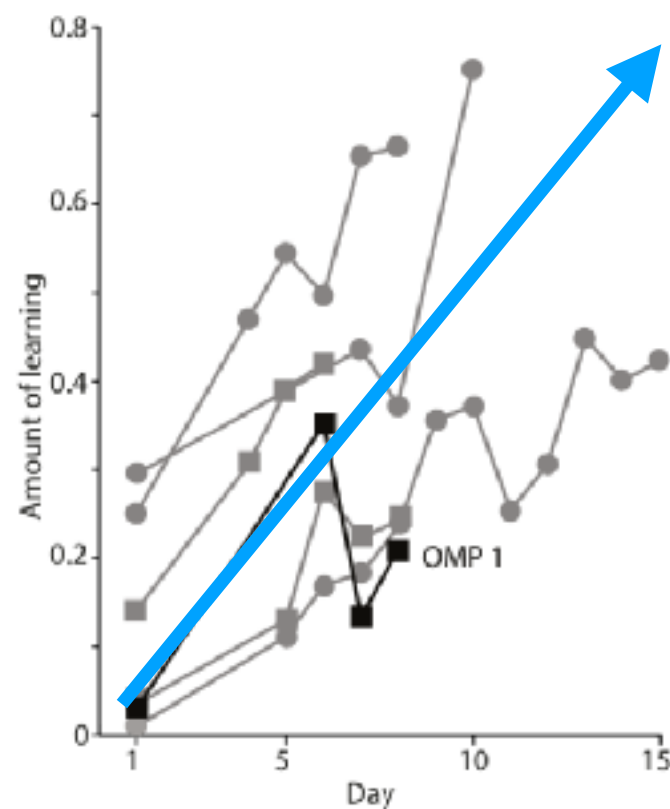
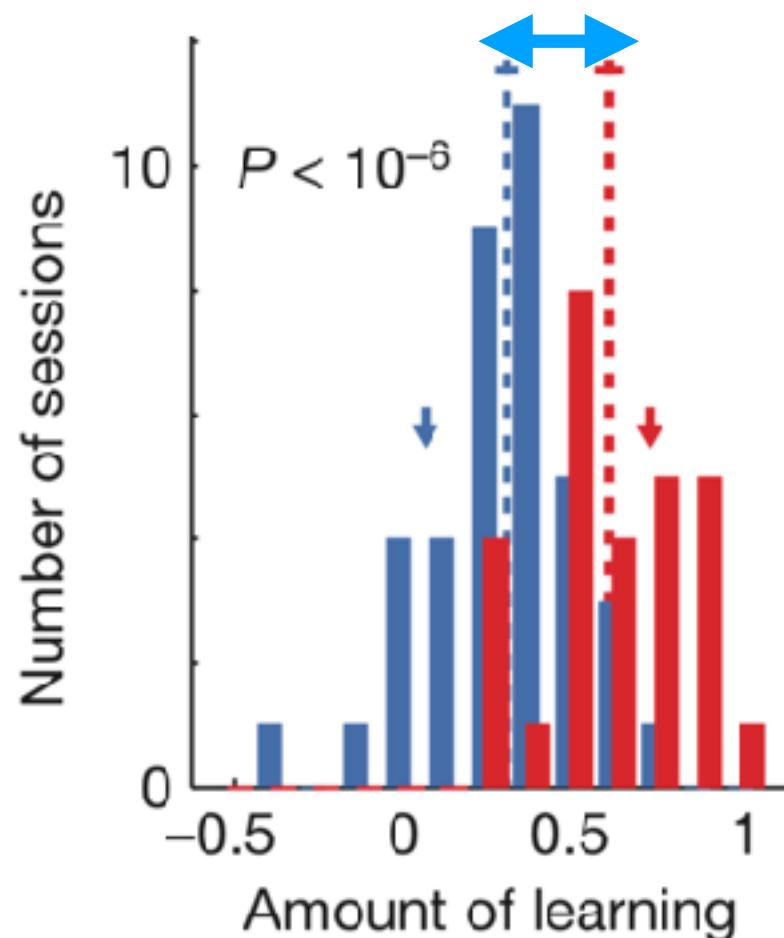
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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Oby et al. '19



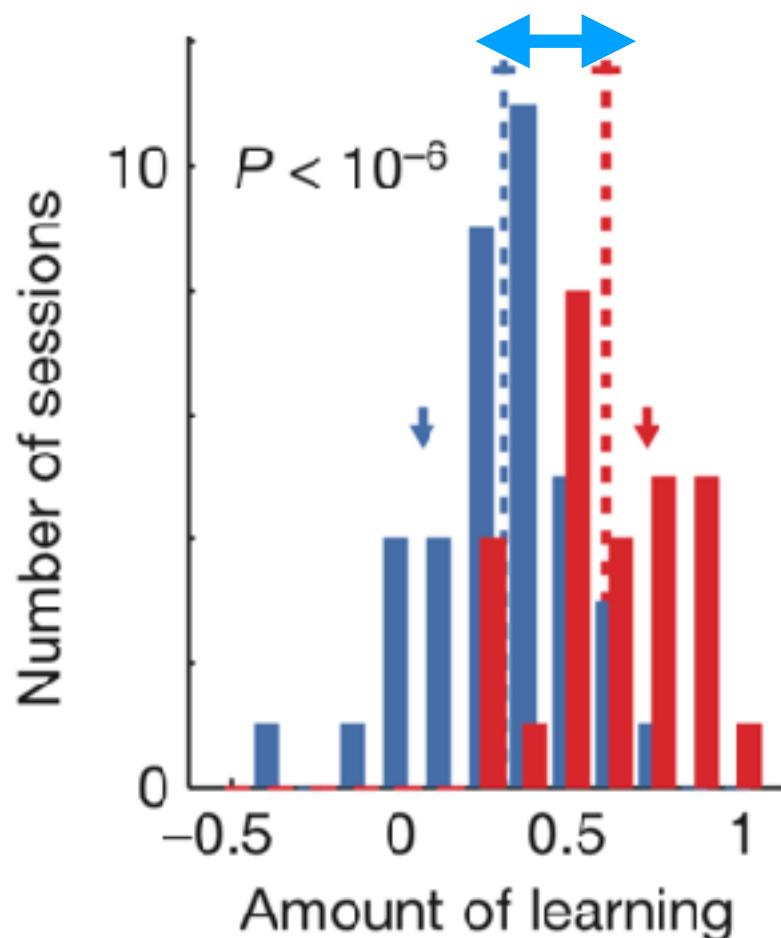
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

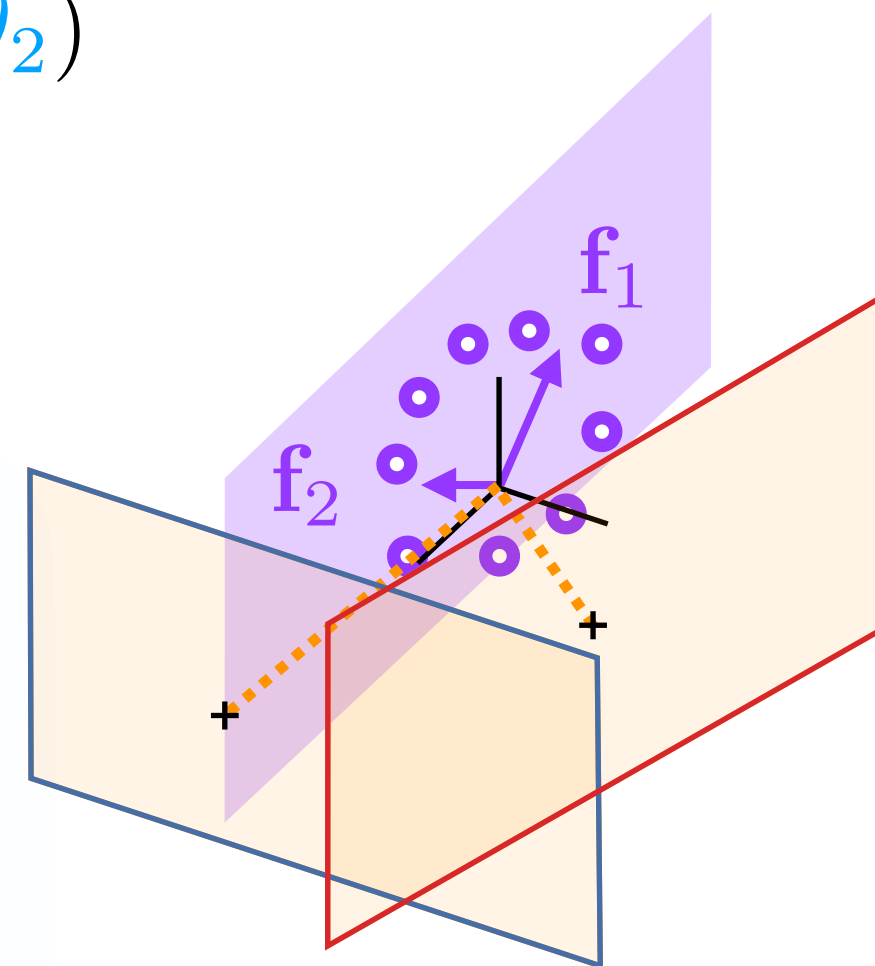
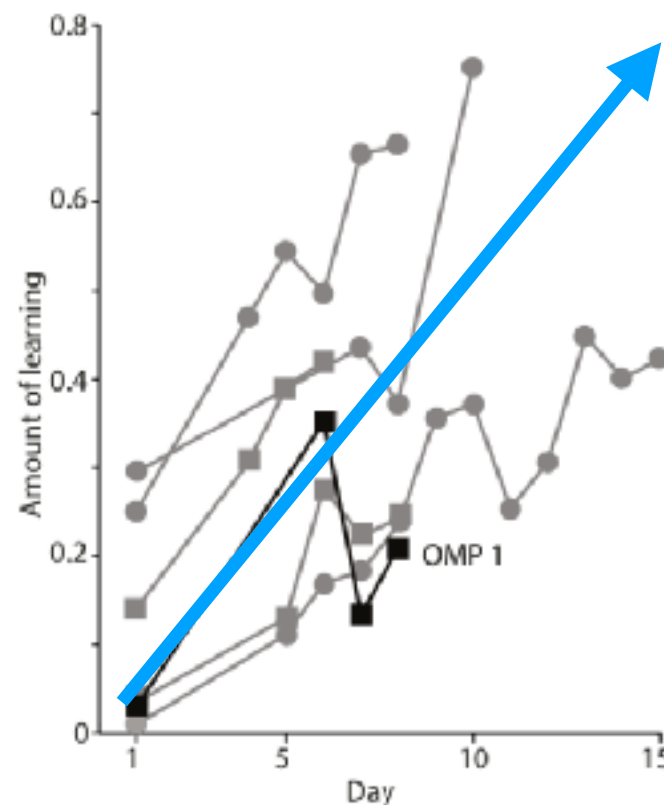
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

Sadtler et al. '14



Oby et al. '19



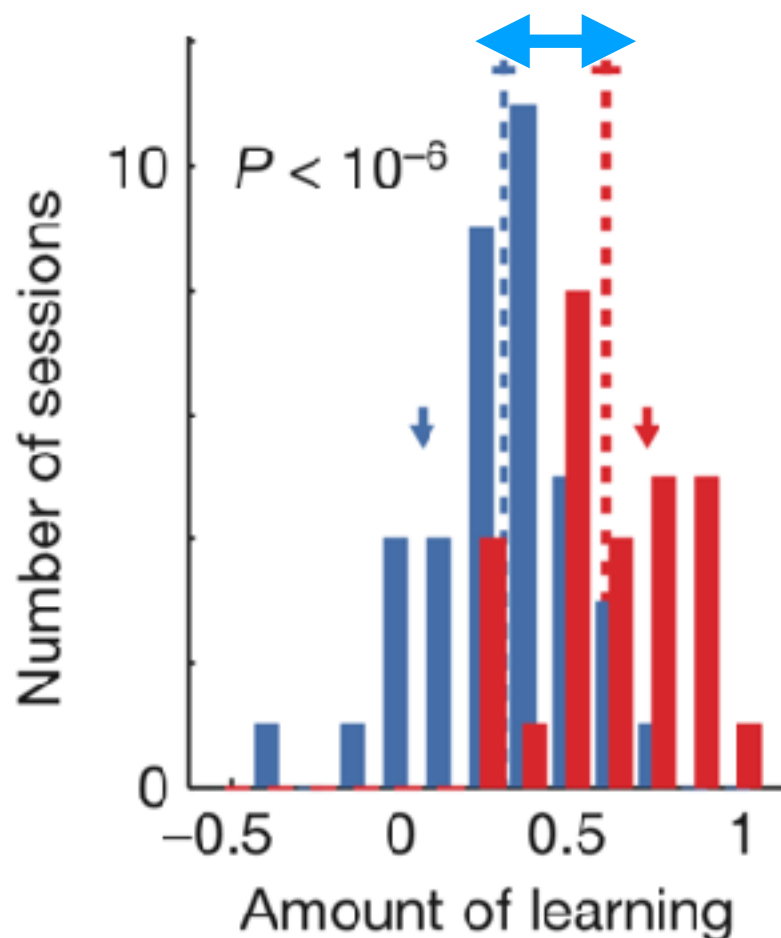
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

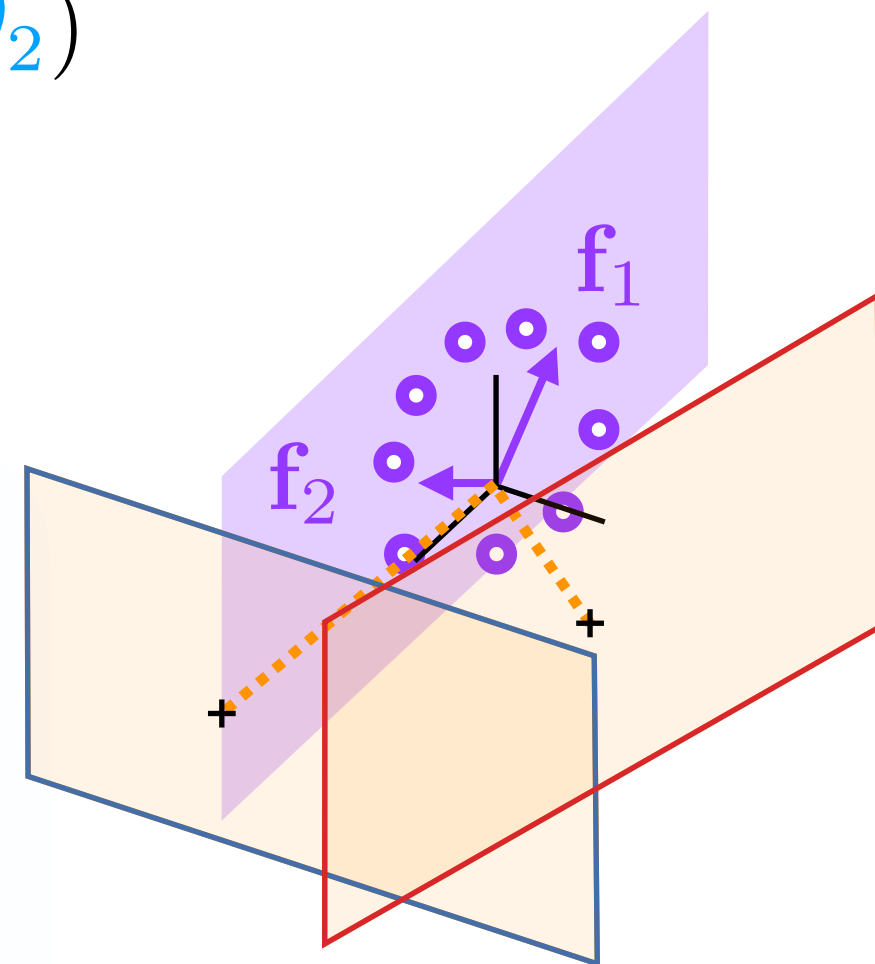
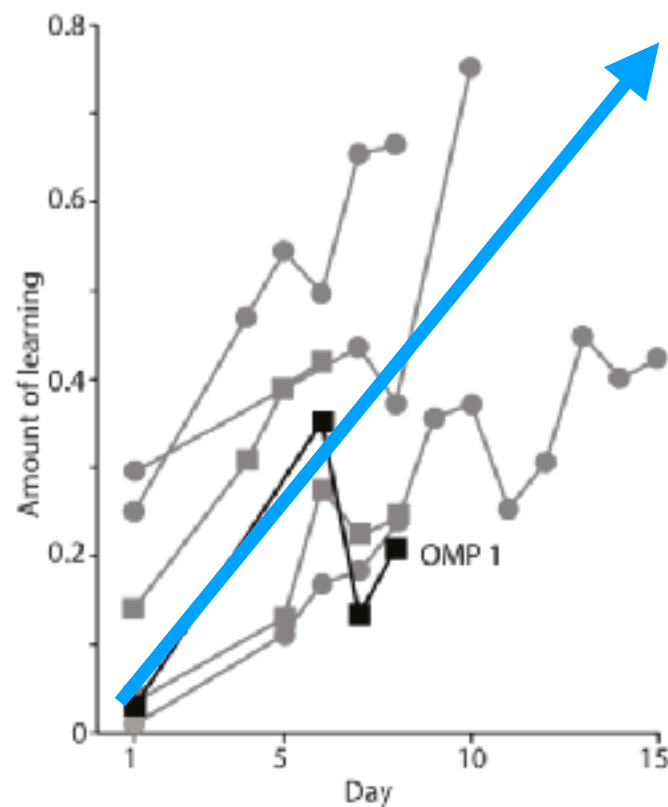
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 +$

$$\tau\dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in}(\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

Sadtler et al. '14



Oby et al. '19



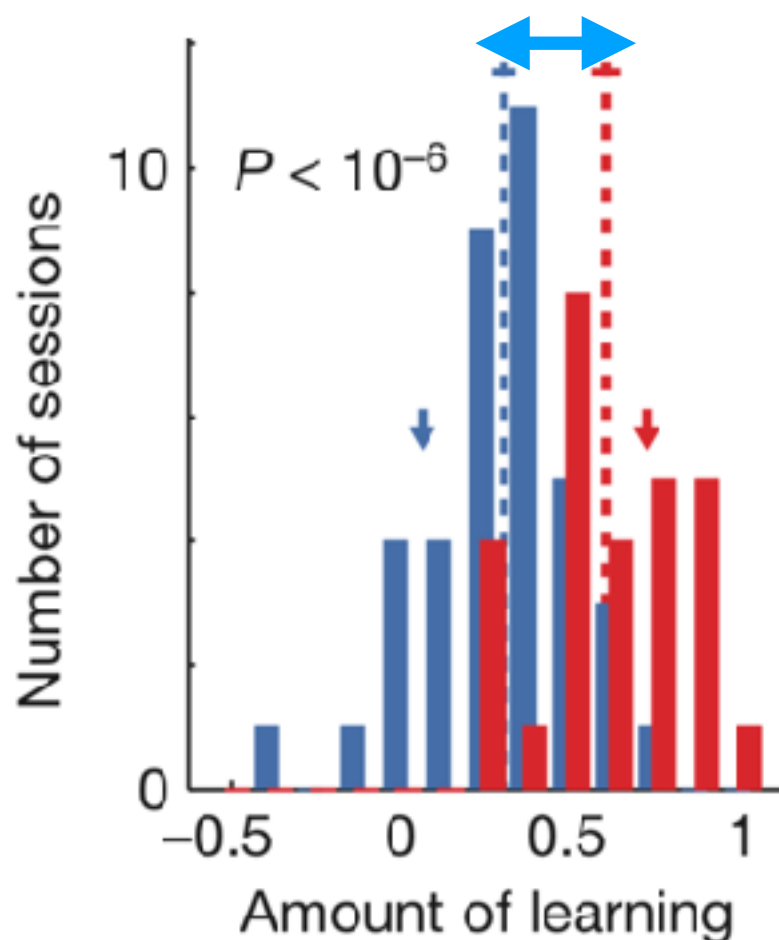
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

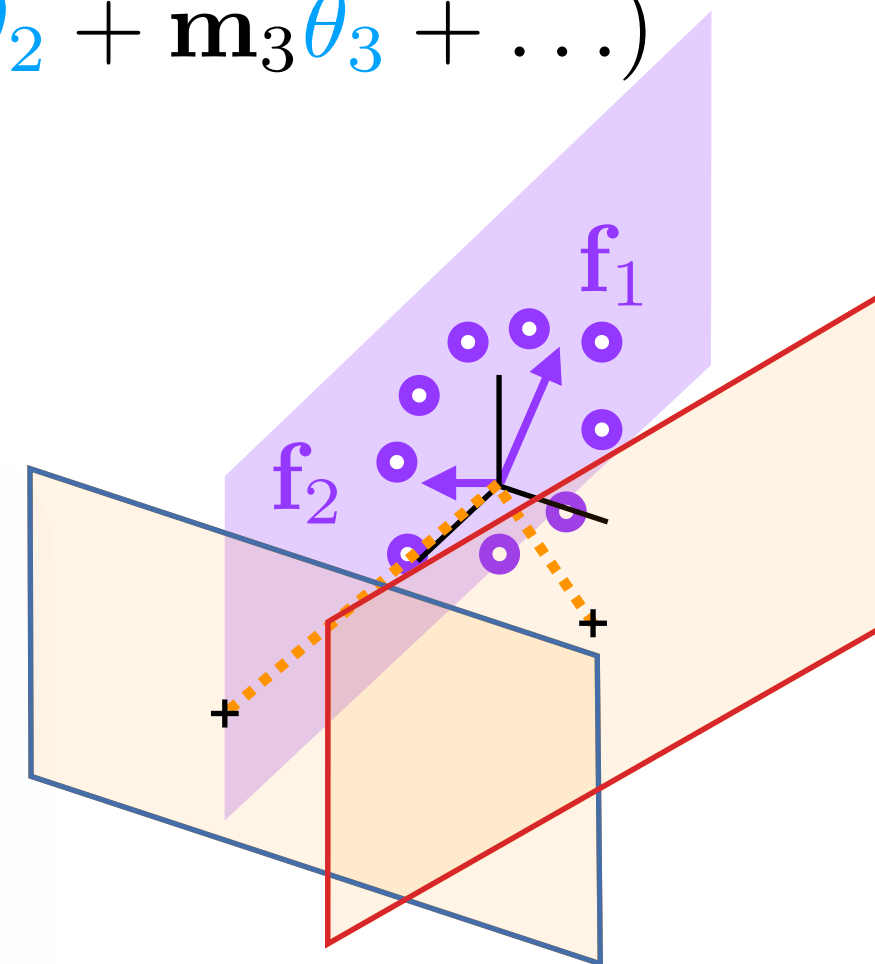
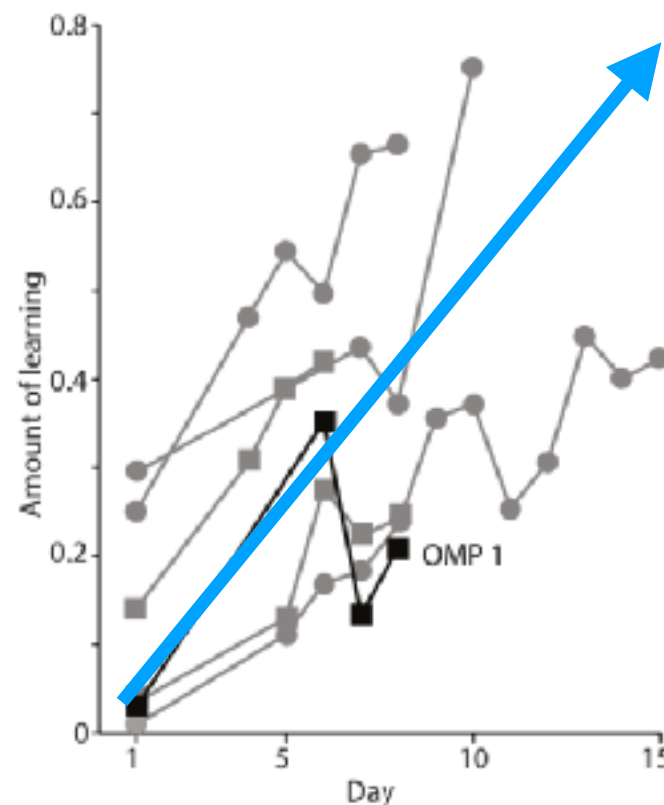
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 + \dots$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 + \dots)$$

Sadtler et al. '14



Oby et al. '19



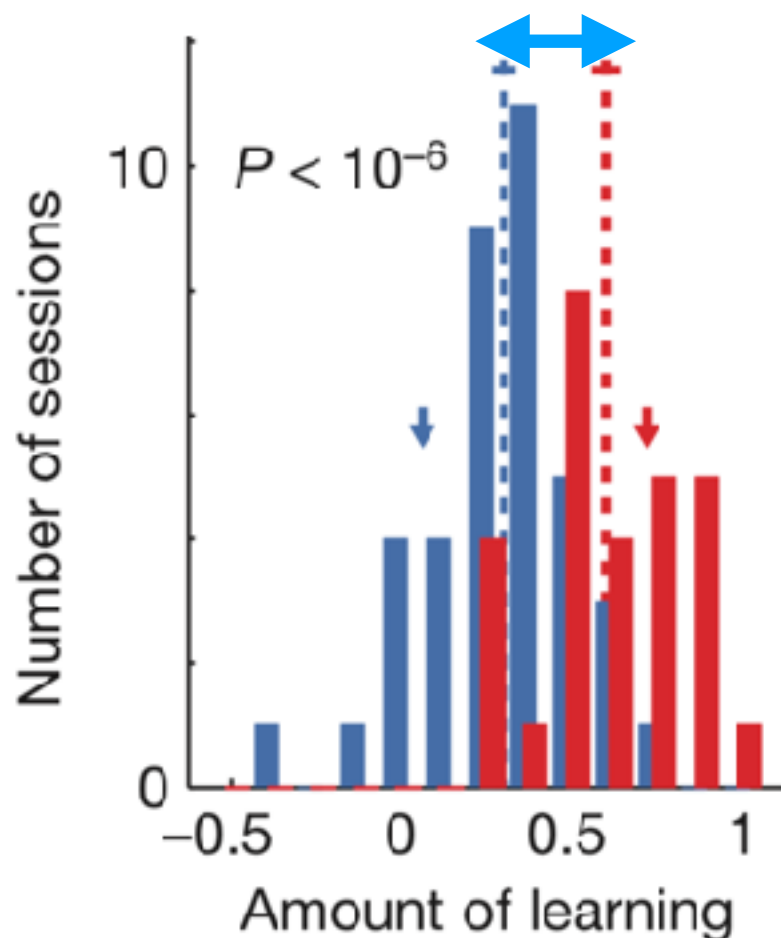
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

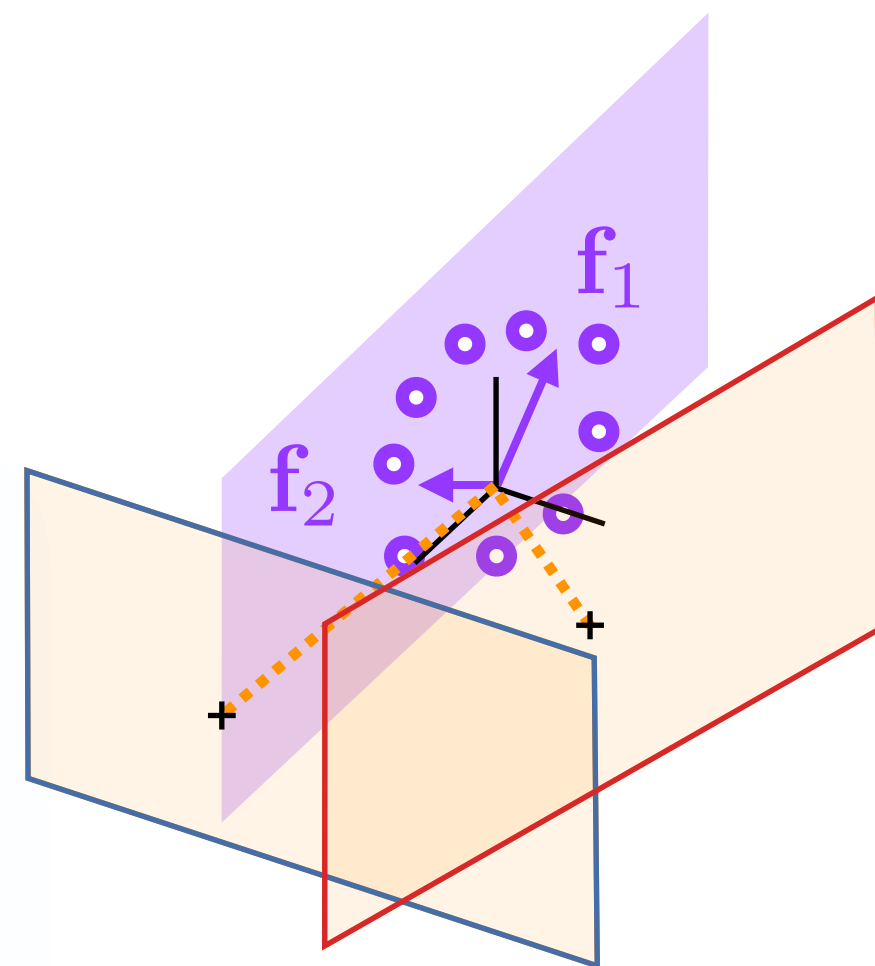
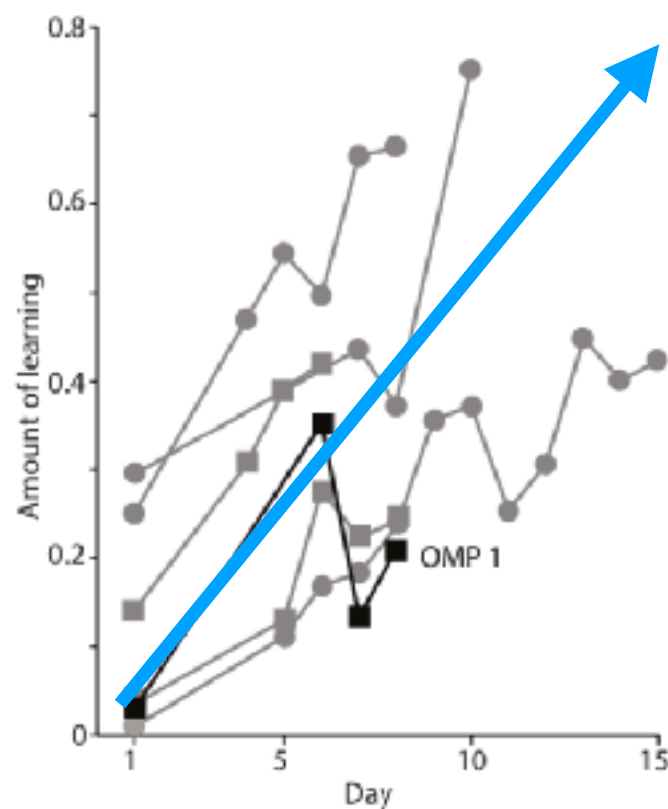
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 + \dots$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2 + \dots + \mathbf{f}_K\theta_K$$

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Oby et al. '19



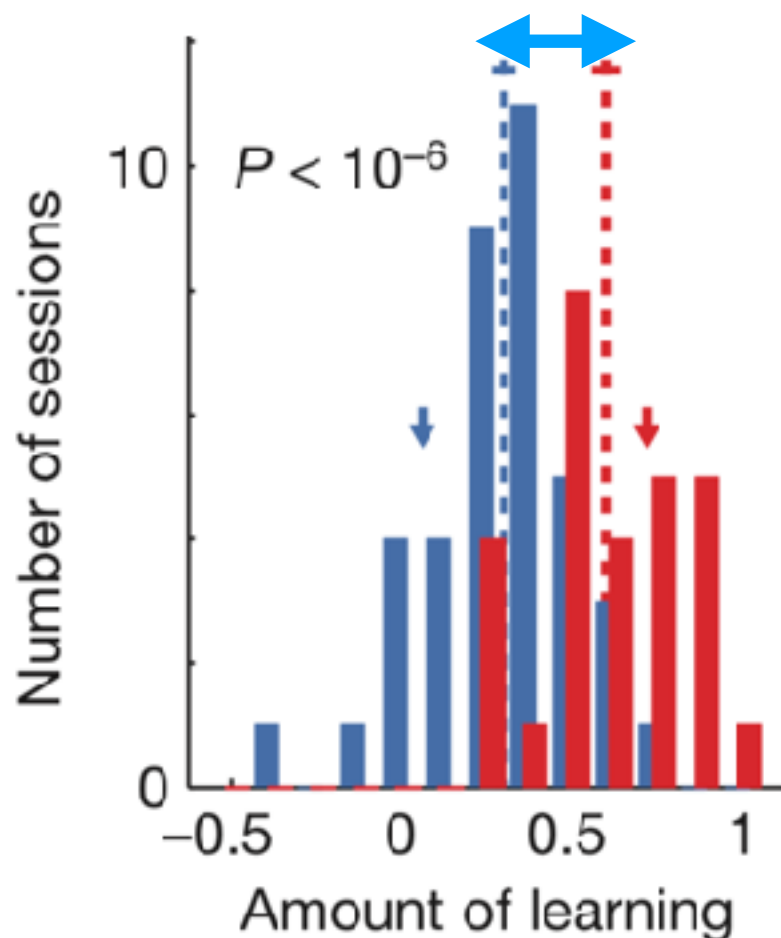
(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

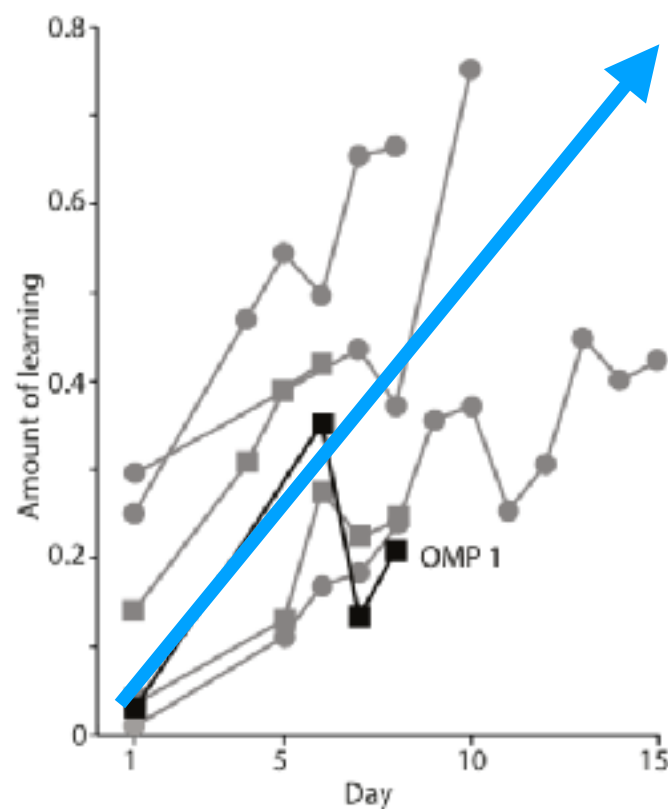
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 + \dots$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2 + \dots + \mathbf{f}_K\theta_K$$

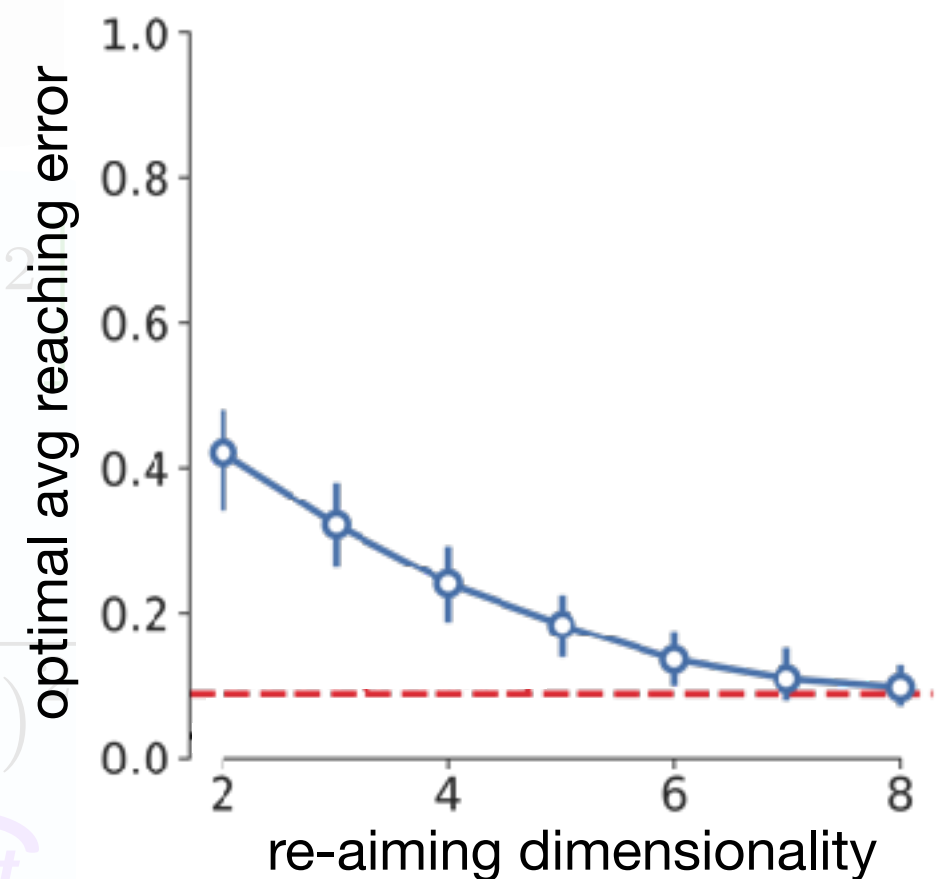
Sadtler et al. '14



Oby et al. '19



Menendez et al. '20



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment



“re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

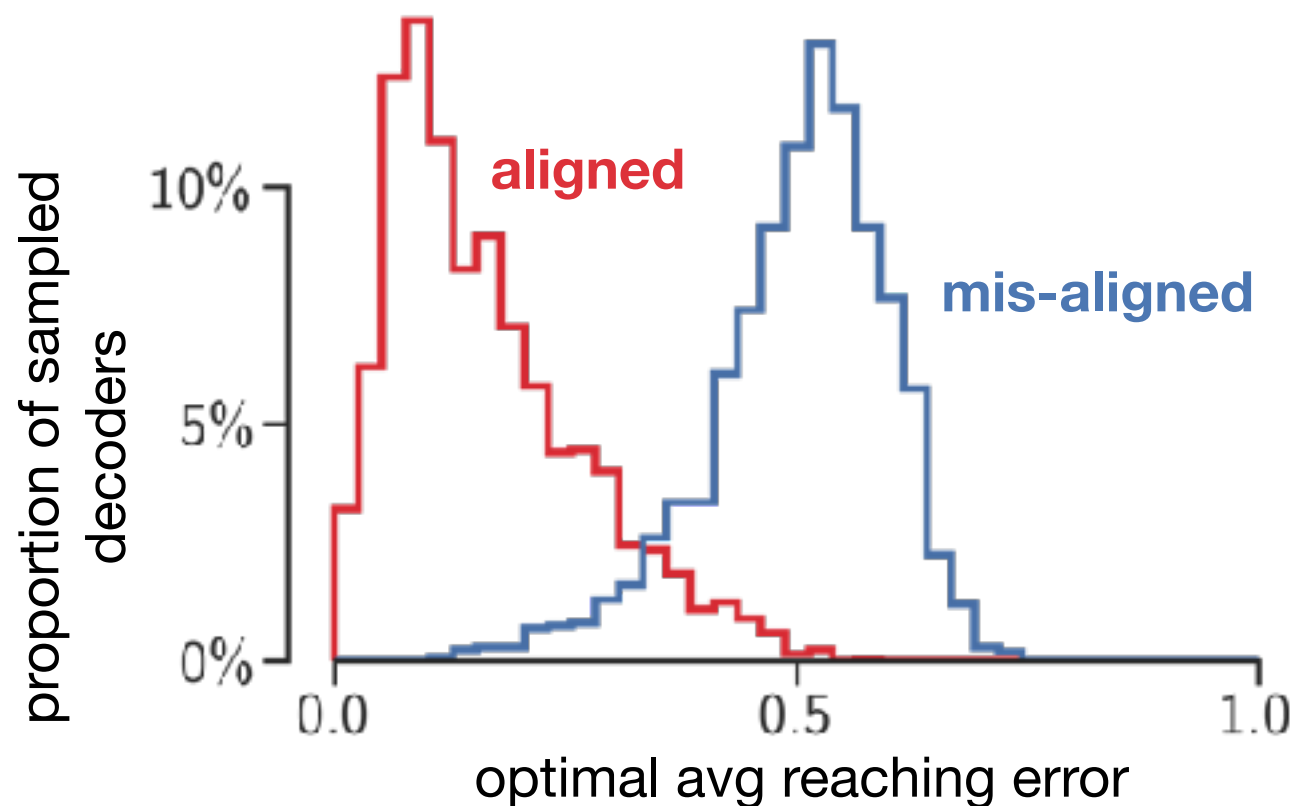
$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_{\theta} = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

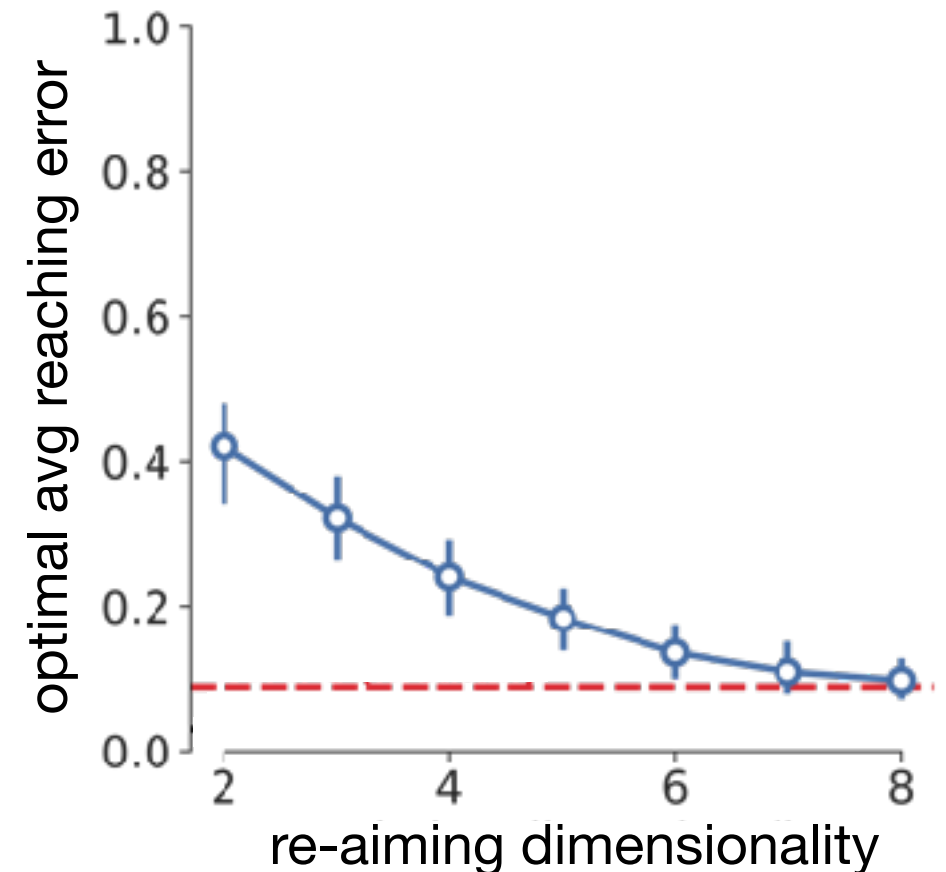
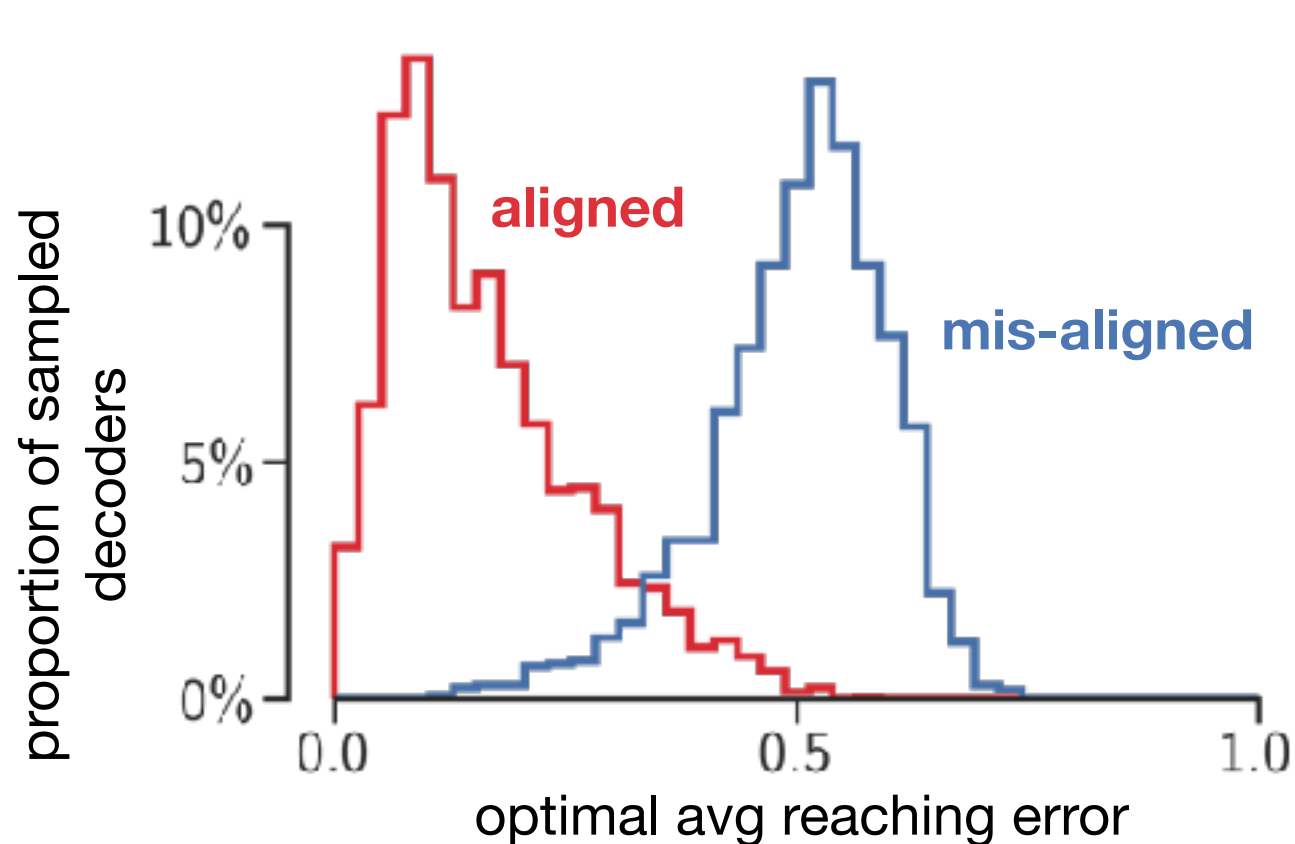


(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

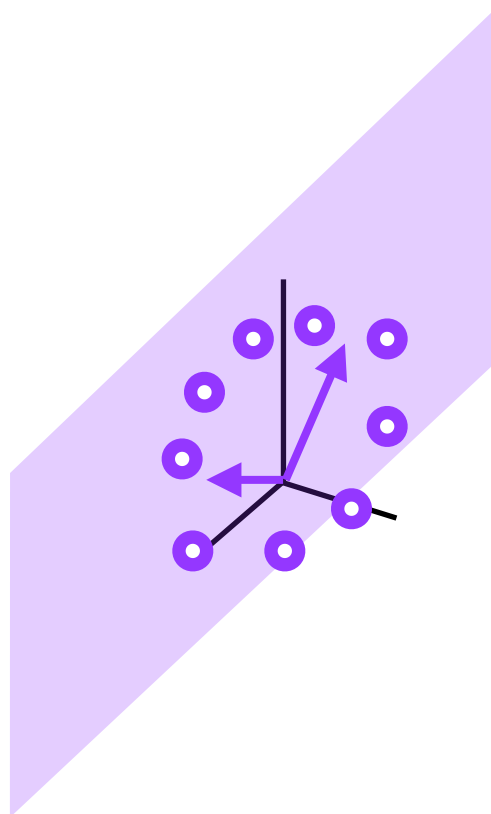


(1) low-dimensional activity
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_{\theta} = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

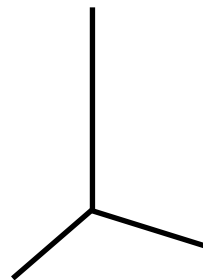


- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_{\theta} = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$



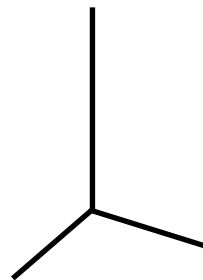
- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_{\theta} = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

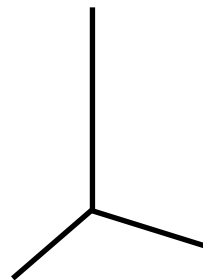
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

► angle



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

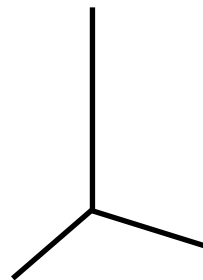
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

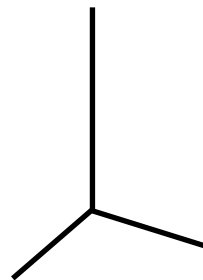
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

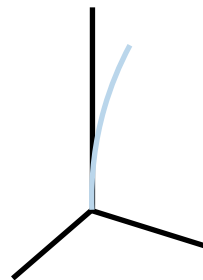
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- angle
- magnitude



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

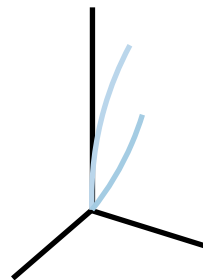
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- angle
- magnitude



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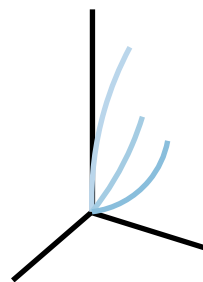
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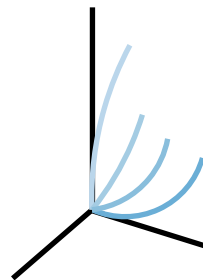
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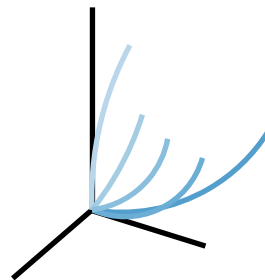
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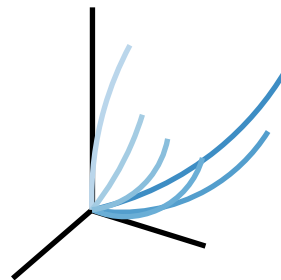
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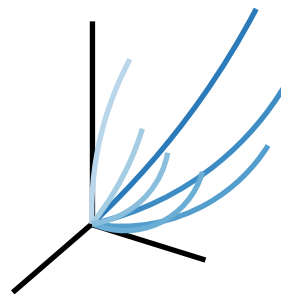
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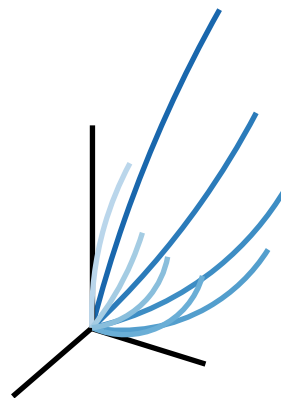
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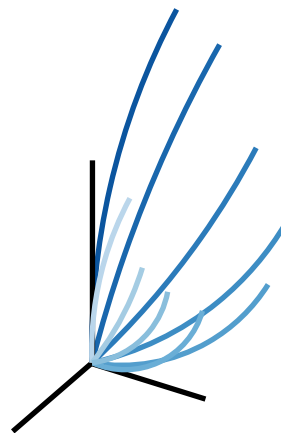
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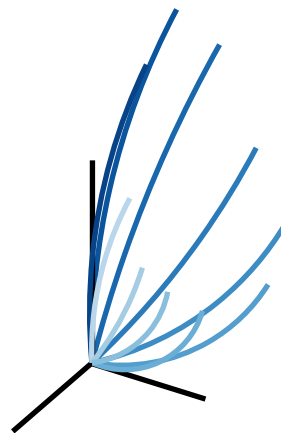
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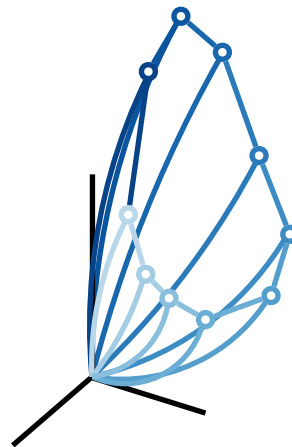
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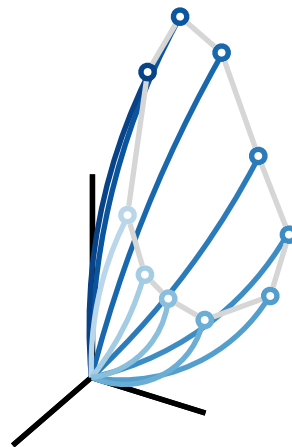
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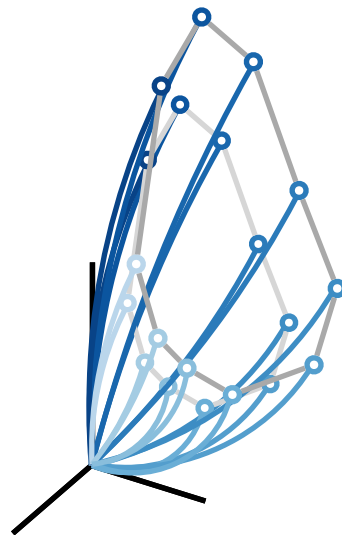
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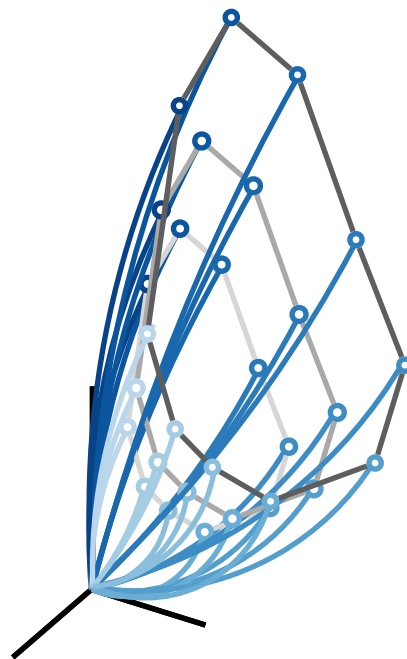
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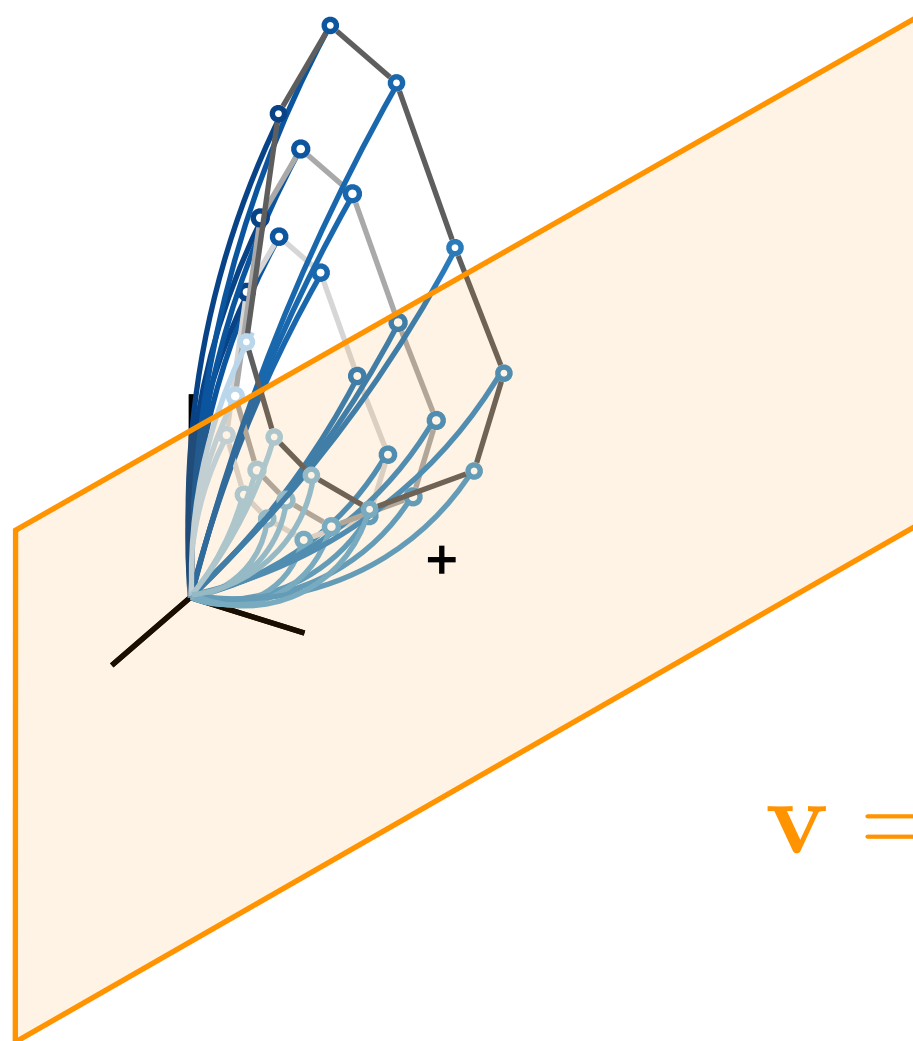
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$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{D}\phi(\mathbf{x})$$

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- (2) learning ~ alignment

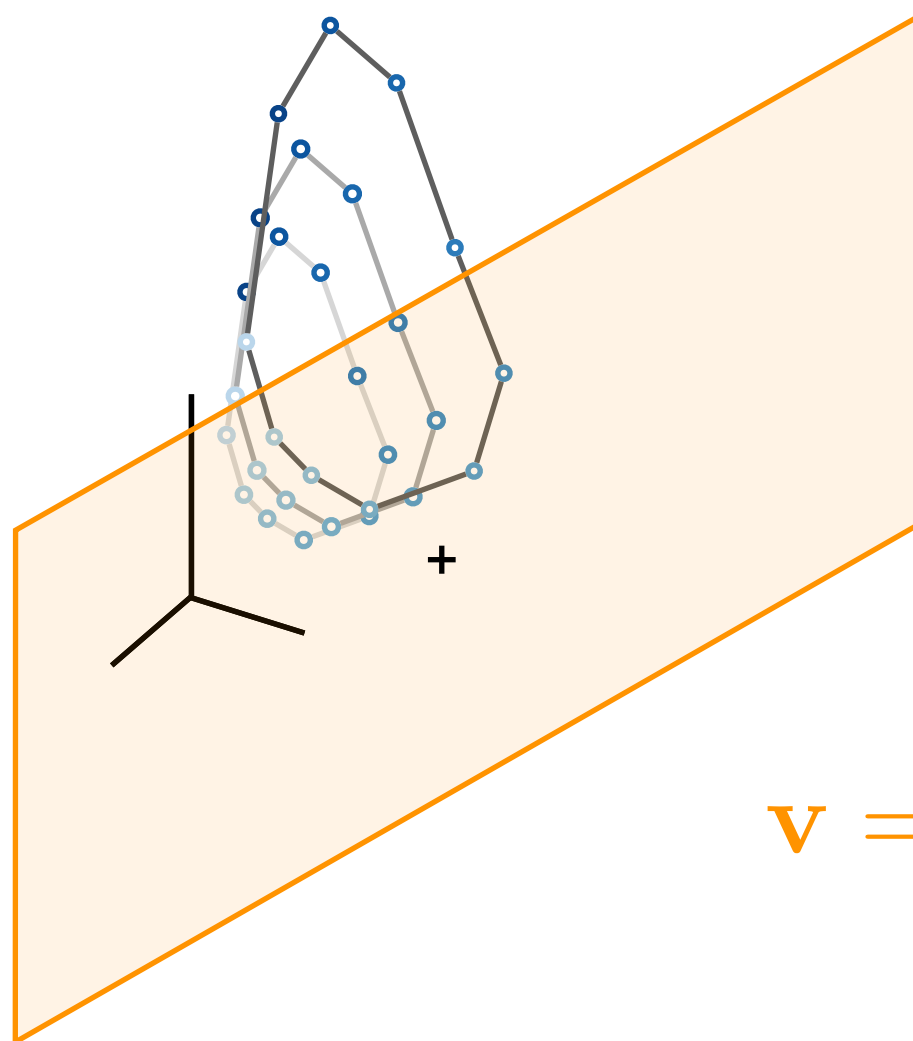
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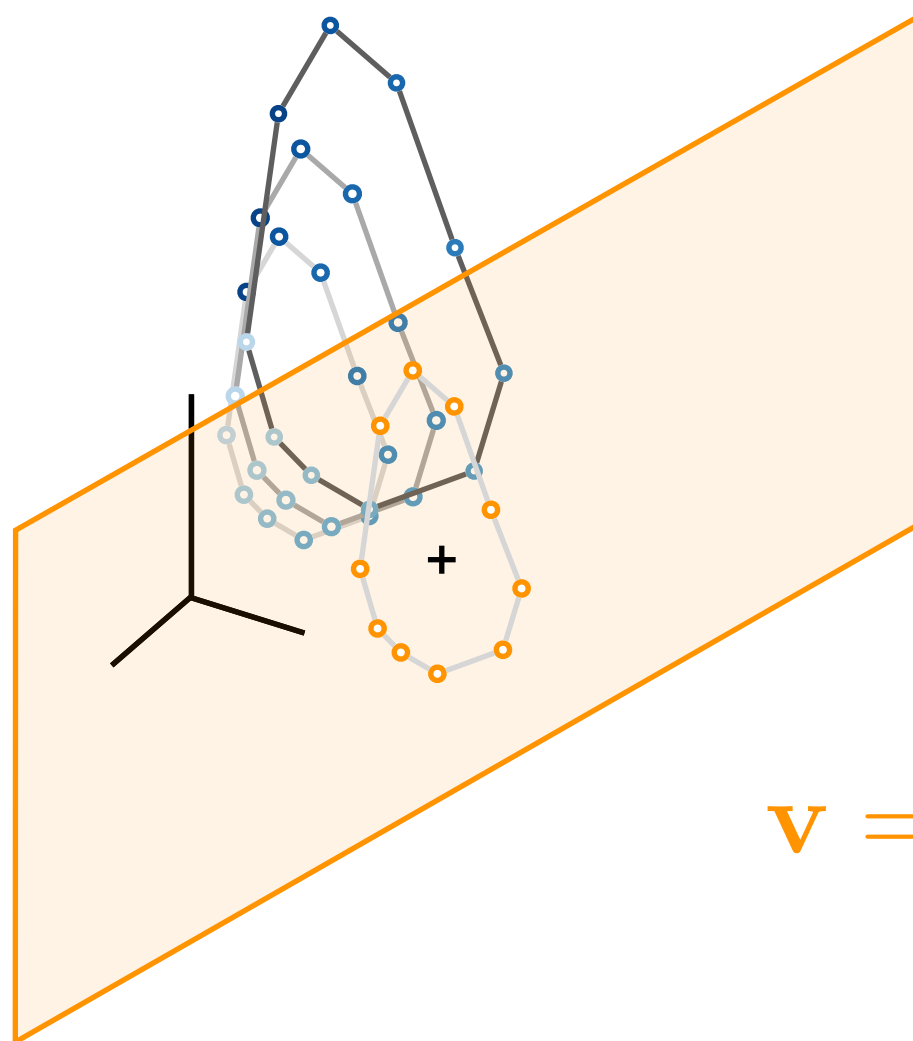
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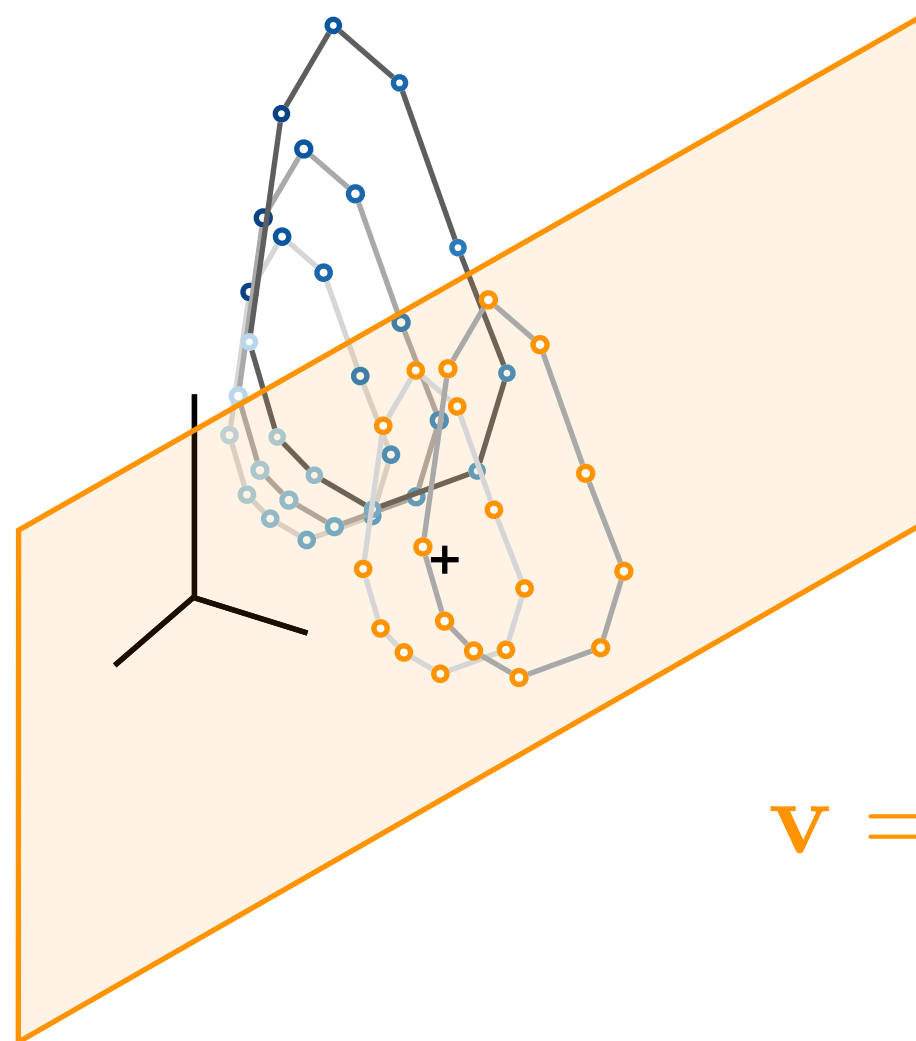
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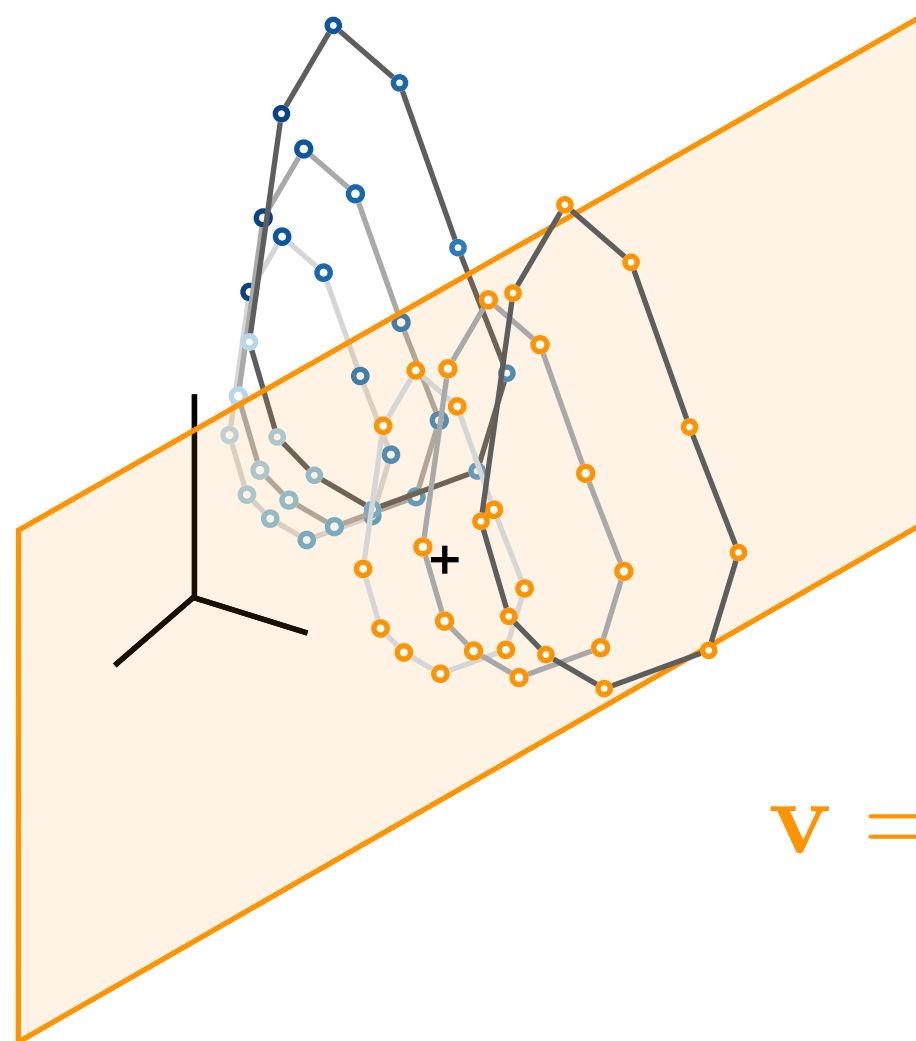
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- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

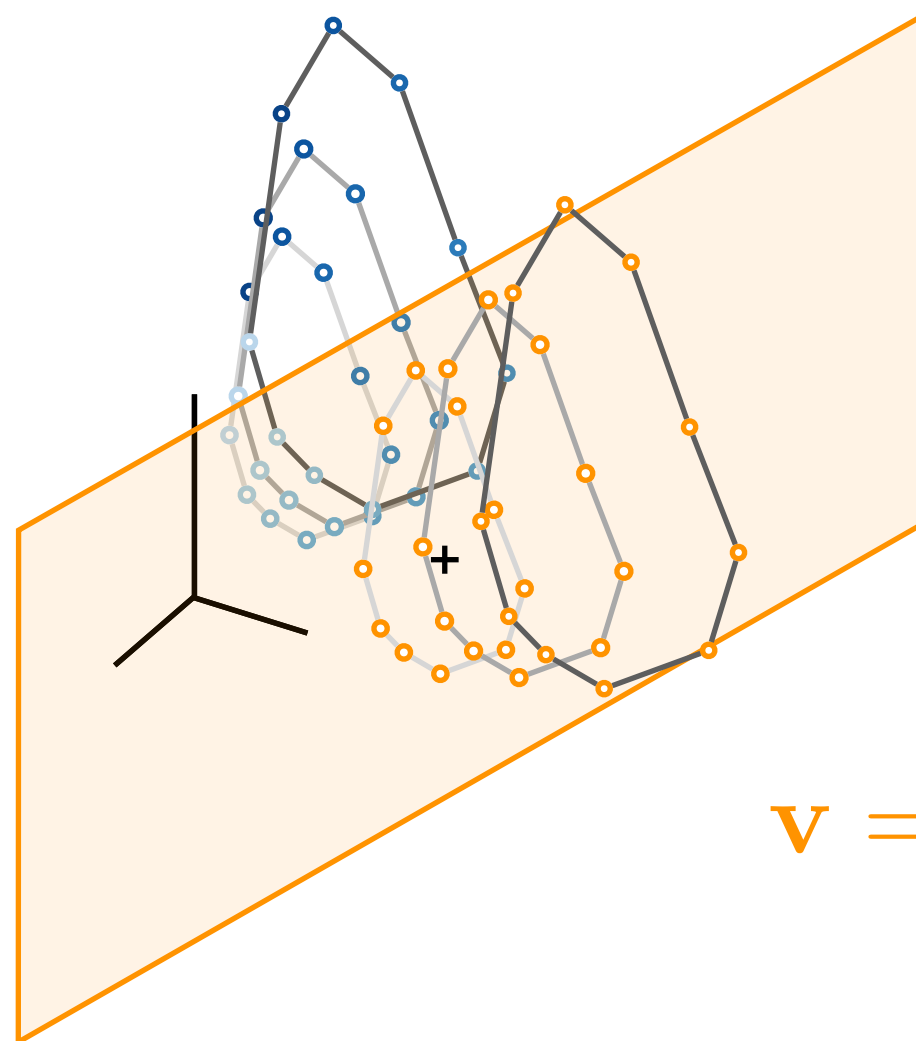
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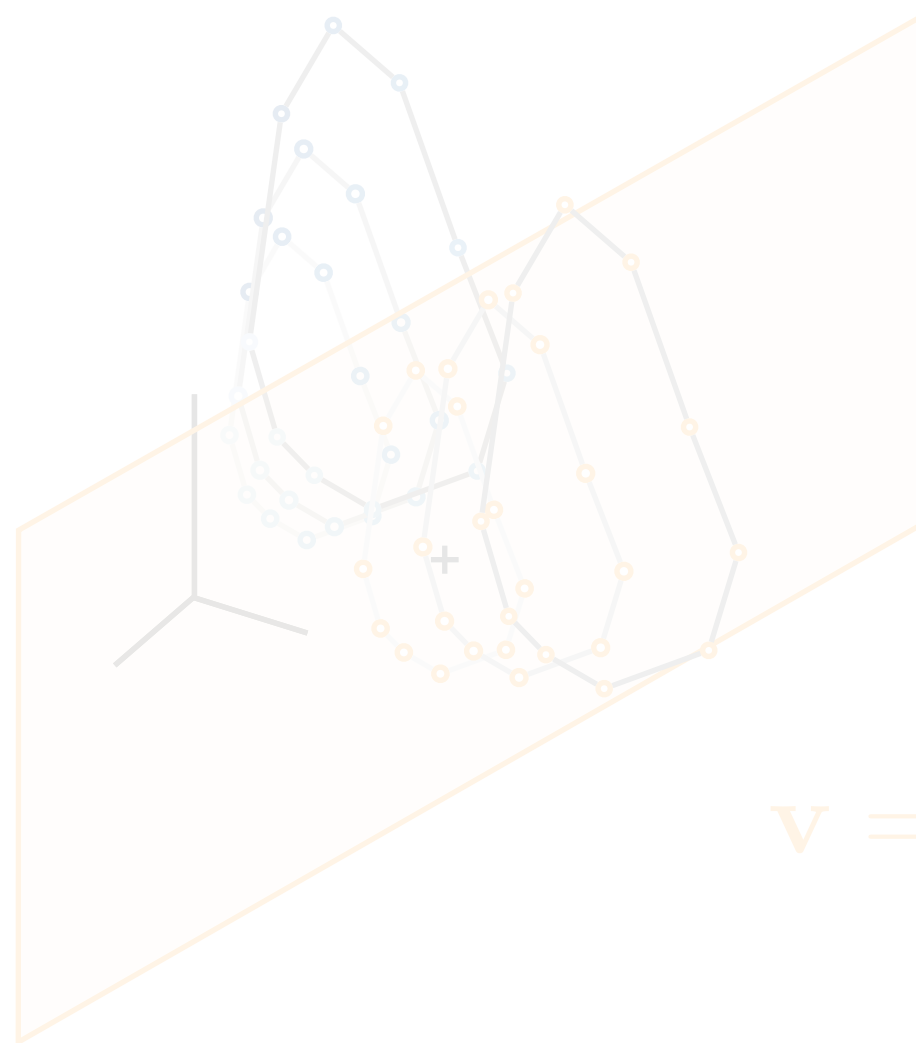
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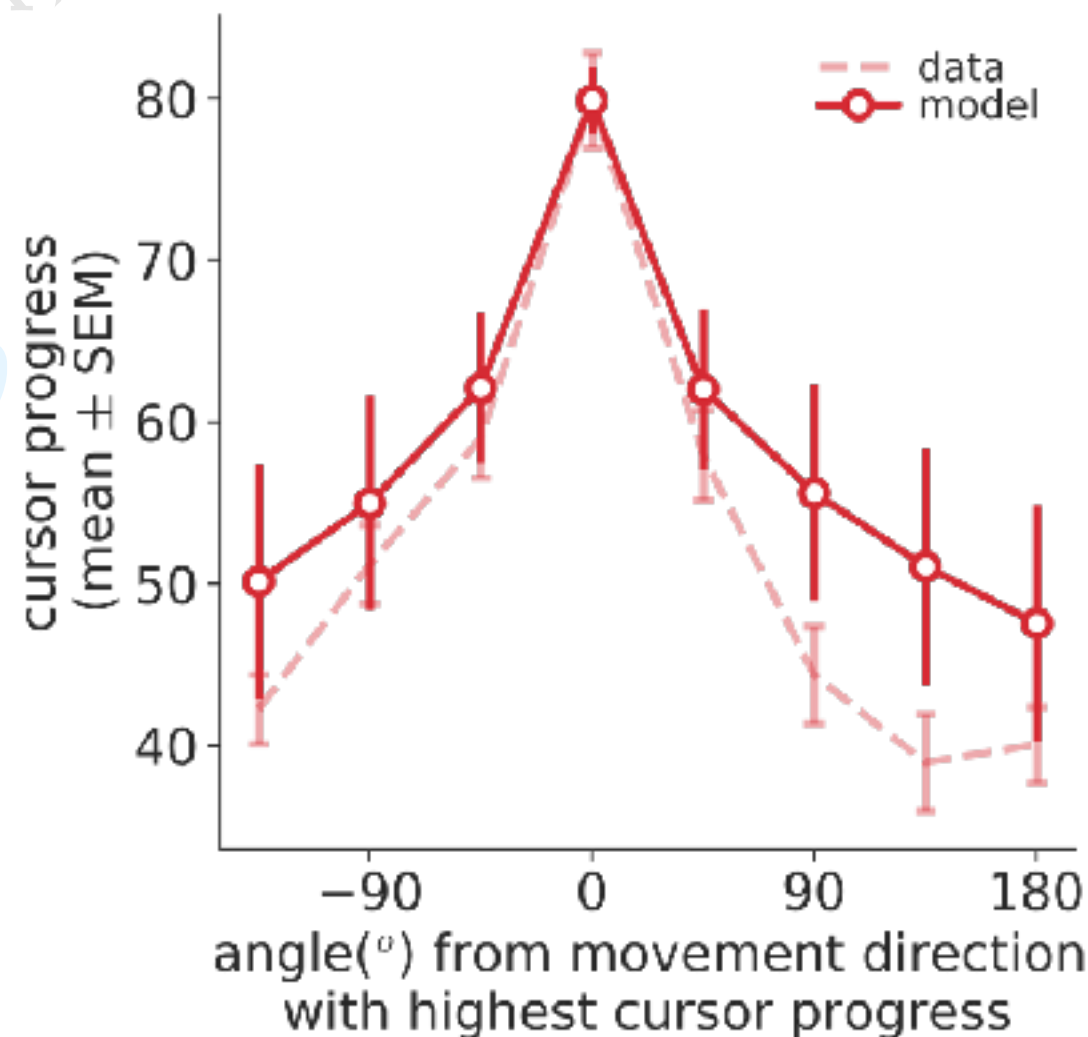
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Non-linear dynamics?

Menendez, Hennig, Golub, Oby, Batista,
Chase, Yu & Latham (Cosyne, 2020)

$\phi(\mathbf{x})$



2D re-aiming: θ

- angle
- magnitude

$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{D}\phi(\mathbf{x})$

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

} “re-aiming”

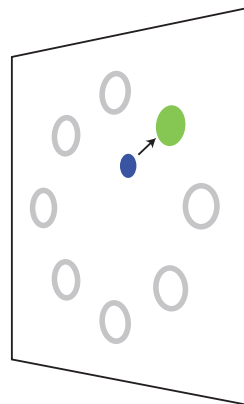
Future directions

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

} “re-aiming”

Future directions

closed-loop control

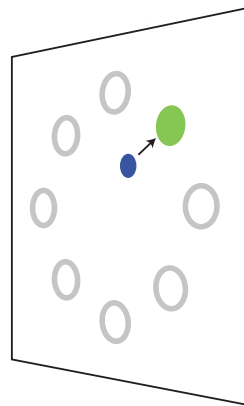


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Future directions

closed-loop control



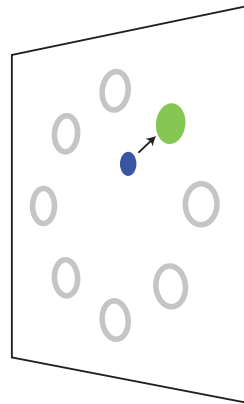
$$\theta^*(t) = \arg \min_{\theta(t)} \int_t^T \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}(\tau) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 d\tau$$

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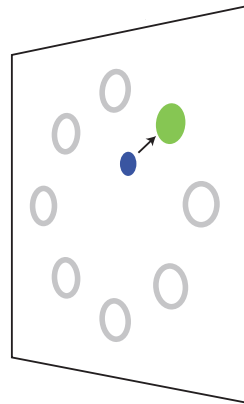
what is learned vs. **how** it is learned

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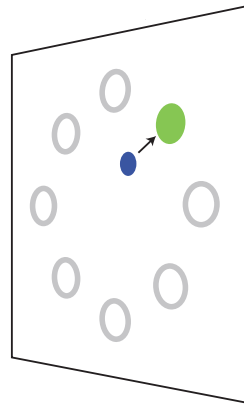
what does this tell us about **motor learning**?

- (1) low-dimensional activity
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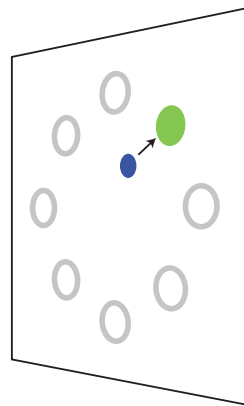
re-aiming = learning a **sensorimotor map**

(1) low-dimensional activity
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re-aiming = learning a **sensorimotor map**

low-dimensional **learning strategies**

Acknowledgements

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Thank you!